



**LASER PRINTER  
SERVICE MANUAL**

**MODEL:HL-720/730/730Plus**

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# PREFACE

This service manual contains basic information required for after-sales service of the laser printer (here-after referred to as "this machine" or "the printer"). This information is vital to the service technical in maintaining the high print quality and performance of the printer.

This service manual covers both HL-720 and HL-730/730Plus.

This manual consists of the following chapters:

**CHAPTER I:       FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS**

Features, specifications, etc.

**CHAPTER II:      THEORY OF OPERATION**

Basic operation of the mechanical system, the electrical system and the electrical circuit, and their timing.

**CHAPTER III:     DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY**

Procedures of disassembling and reassembling the mechanical system.

**CHAPTER IV:     TROUBLESHOOTING**

Reference values and adjustments, troubleshooting for image defects, troubleshooting for malfunctions, etc.

**APPENDICES:     Connection diagrams, PCB circuit diagrams.**

*Note:       There are each captions for HL-720 and HL-730/730Plus to divide this manual according to the contents. You can find the captions under the headings. Please pay attention to them. On the other hand, the headings have no captions that means the contents are common to HL-720 and HL-730/730Plus.*

Information in this manual is subject to change due to improvement or re-design of the product. All relevant information in such cases will be supplied in service information bulletins (Technical Information).

A thorough understanding of this printer, based on information in this service manual and service information bulletins, is required for maintaining its quality performance and for fostering the practical ability to find the cause of problems.

# CONTENTS

## CHAPTER I FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS..... I-1

1. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS .....	I-1
2. FEATURES .....	I-1
3. SPECIFICATIONS .....	I-4
3.1 Printing.....	I-4
3.2 Functions .....	I-5
3.3 Electrical and Mechanical .....	I-6
3.4 Paper Specification .....	I-7
3.5 Print Delivery.....	I-7
3.6 Paper .....	I-7
3.7 Effective Printing Area .....	I-8
4. SAFETY INFORMATION .....	I-10
4.1 Laser Safety (110 - 120V Model only) .....	I-10
4.2 CDRH Regulations (110 -120V Model only) .....	I-10
4.3 Caution for Laser Product.....	I-11

## CHAPTER II THEORY OF OPERATION ..... II-1

1. ELECTRONICS.....	II-1
1.1 General Block Diagram.....	II-1
1.2 Main PCB Block Diagram .....	II-3
1.3 Main PCB.....	II-5
1.3.1 CPU Core .....	II-5
1.3.2 ASIC .....	II-7
1.3.3 ROM .....	II-13
1.3.4 DRAM.....	II-13
1.3.5 Optional RAM .....	II-15
1.3.6 Optional Serial I/O .....	II-16
1.3.7 EEPROM.....	II-16
1.3.8 Reset Circuit.....	II-17
1.3.9 CDCC I/O .....	II-18
1.3.10 Engine I/O .....	II-19
1.3.11 Paper Feed Motor Drive Circuit.....	II-21
1.4 Panel Sensor PCB .....	II-22
1.5 Power Supply.....	II-23
2. MECHANICS.....	II-24
2.1 Overview of printing mechanism.....	II-24
2.2 Paper Transfer.....	II-25
2.2.1 Paper Supply .....	II-25
2.2.2 Paper Registration.....	II-25
2.2.3 Paper Eject.....	II-26
2.3 Sensors.....	II-27
2.3.1 Cover Sensor .....	II-27
2.3.2 Toner Empty Sensor .....	II-27
2.4 Drum Unit.....	II-28
2.4.1 Photosensitive Drum .....	II-28
2.4.2 Primary Charger .....	II-28
2.4.3 Developer Roller.....	II-28
2.4.4 Transfer Roller.....	II-28
2.4.5 Cleaner Roller .....	II-28

2.4.6	Erase lamp .....	II-28
2.5	Print Process .....	II-28
2.5.1	Charging.....	II-28
2.5.2	Exposure stage .....	II-29
2.5.3	Developing .....	II-30
2.5.4	Transfer .....	II-30
2.5.5	Drum Cleaning Stage .....	II-31
2.5.6	Erasing Stage .....	II-31
<b>CHAPTER III DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY .....</b>		<b>III-1</b>
1.	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.....	III-1
2.	DISASSEMBLING FLOW.....	III-2
3.	DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE .....	III-3
3.1	Drum Unit.....	III-3
3.2	Top Cover .....	III-3
3.3	Multi-purpose Paper Tray Assy .....	III-4
3.4	Fixing Unit .....	III-5
3.5	Scanner Unit .....	III-7
3.6	Main PCB Assy .....	III-7
3.7	Base Plate Assy.....	III-8
3.8	Panel sensor PCB Assy.....	III-8
3.9	Low-voltage Power Supply PCB Assy .....	III-9
3.10	High-voltage Power Supply PCB Assy .....	III-9
3.11	Fan Motor.....	III-10
3.12	Drive Unit .....	III-10
3.13	Main Motor Assy and Motor Heat Sink .....	III-11
3.14	Gears and Solenoid .....	III-11
3.15	Tray Extension.....	III-12
3.16	Paper Eject Tray Assy .....	III-12
4.	PACKING.....	III-13
<b>CHAPTER IV TROUBLESHOOTING.....</b>		<b>IV-1</b>
1.	INTRODUCTION.....	IV-1
1.1	Initial Check .....	IV-1
1.2	Basic Procedure .....	IV-2
2.	IMAGE DEFECTS .....	IV-3
2.1	Image Defect Examples.....	IV-3
2.2	Troubleshooting Image Defects.....	IV-4
3.	TROUBLESHOOTING OF MALFUNCTIONS .....	IV-12
4.	INSPECTION MODE.....	IV-17
4.1	Incorporated Inspection Modes .....	IV-17
4.2	Error codes .....	IV-19
<b>APPENDICES .....</b>		<b>V-1</b>
1.	Connection Diagram, HL-720 .....	V-1
2.	Connection Diagram, HL-730/730Plus .....	V-2
3a.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (1/2), HL-720.....	V-3
3b.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (2/2), HL-720.....	V-4
4.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (1/2), HL-730/730Plus.....	V-5
5.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (2/2), HL-730/730Plus.....	V-6
6.	Panel/Sensor PCB Circuit Diagram .....	V-7

7.	Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram 230V .....	V-8
8.	Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram 115V .....	V-9
9.	High-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram .....	V-10
10.	Serial No. Descriptions .....	V-11

# CHAPTER I FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS

## 1. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

### <<HL-720 ONLY>>

Check the following system requirements to setup and operate the printer:

- IBM PC or compatible with 80486 SX or higher microprocessor
- Parallel interface (or printer port)
- 4 Mbytes or more of memory
- 10 Mbytes of space available on your hard disk for the printer driver and all fonts
- Microsoft Windows 3.1/3.11 or Windows 95

**Caution:** *This printer has been designed specially for Windows 3.1/3.11 and Windows 95. It cannot work in a DOS environment such as MS-DOS.*

## 2. FEATURES

### <<HL-720>>

This printer has the following features:

#### **600 dpi Resolution and 6 ppm Printing Speed**

600 dots per inch (dpi) with microfine toner and six pages per minute (ppm) printing speed (A4 or Letter size paper).

#### **User-Friendly Operation for Windows**

The dedicated printer driver and TrueType™-compatible fonts for Microsoft® Windows 3.1 and Windows 95 are available on the floppy disk supplied with your printer. You can easily install them into your Windows system using our installer program. The driver supports our unique compression mode to enhance printing speed in Windows applications and allows you to set various printer settings including toner saving mode, custom paper size, sleep mode settings, gray scale adjustment, resolution, and so forth. You can easily set these print options through the Printer Setup Menu within the Windows Control Panel.

#### **Printer Status Monitor with Bi-directional Parallel Interface**

The printer driver can monitor your printer's status using bi-directional parallel communications.

The printer status monitor program can show the current status of your printer. When printing, the animated dialog box appears on your computer screen to show the current printing process. If an error occurs, a dialog box will appear to let you know what to correct. For example: when your printer is out of paper, the dialog box will display "Paper Empty" and instructions for the proper corrective action.

#### **Versatile Paper Handling**

The printer has a multi-purpose sheet feeder and straight paper path mechanism. Using this mechanism, you can load A4, letter, legal, B5, A5, and executive sizes of paper, and various types of paper including envelopes, postcards, organizer paper, or a custom paper size. The multi-purpose sheet feeder also allows manual paper loading, so you can use labels and transparencies.

### **Auto Resolution Reduction**

When printing in 600 dpi, mode with the standard memory, the printer may not be able to print due to insufficient memory. To prevent this memory error, the printer driver automatically reduces the resolution to 300 dpi or less and for successful printing

### **Environment-Friendly**

#### **Economy Printing Mode**

This feature will save your printing cost by saving toner. It is useful to obtain draft copies for proof-reading. You can select from two economy modes, 25% toner saving and 50% toner saving, through the Windows printer driver supplied with your printer.

#### **Sleep Mode**

Sleep mode automatically reduces power consumption when the printer is not in use. The printer consumes less than 7W when in sleep mode. The time-out for auto sleep mode can be set through the Windows printer driver.

#### **Low Running Cost**

Since the toner cartridge is separate from the Drum Unit, you need to replace only the toner cartridge after around 2,200 pages printed, which is cost effective and ecologically friendly.

### **Enhanced Memory Management**

The printer provides its own data compression technology on its printer hardware and the supplied printer driver software, which can automatically compress graphic data and font data efficiently into the printer's memory. You can avoid memory errors and print most full page 600 dpi graphic and text data, including large fonts, with the printer's standard memory.

## **<<HL-730/730Plus>>**

This printer has the following features:

### **600 dpi Resolution and 6 ppm Printing Speed**

600 dots per inch (dpi) with microfine toner and six pages per minute (ppm) printing speed (A4 or Letter size paper).

### **User-Friendly Operation for Windows**

The dedicated printer driver and TrueType™-compatible fonts for Microsoft® Windows 3.1 and Windows 95 are available on the floppy disk supplied with your printer. You can easily install them into your Windows system using our installer program. The driver supports our unique compression mode to enhance printing speed in Windows applications and allows you to set various printer settings including toner saving mode, custom paper size, sleep mode settings, gray scale adjustment, resolution, and so forth. You can easily set these print options through the Printer Setup Menu within the Windows Control Panel.

### **Printer Status Monitor with Bi-directional Parallel Interface**

The printer driver can monitor your printer's status using bi-directional parallel communications.

The printer status monitor program can show the current status of your printer. When printing, the animated dialog box appears on your computer screen to show the current printing process. If an error occurs, a dialog box will appear to let you know what to correct. For example: when your printer is out of paper, the dialog box will display "Paper Empty" and instructions for the proper corrective action.



### **Versatile Paper Handling**

The printer has a multi-purpose sheet feeder and straight paper path mechanism. Using this mechanism, you can load A4, letter, legal, B5, A5, and executive sizes of paper, and various types of paper including envelopes, postcards, organizer paper, or a custom paper size. The multi-purpose sheet feeder also allows manual paper loading, so you can use labels and transparencies.

### **Environment-Friendly**

#### **Economy Printing Mode**

This feature will save your printing cost by saving toner. It is useful to obtain draft copies for proof-reading. You can select from two economy modes, 25% toner saving and 50% toner saving, through the Windows printer driver supplied with your printer.

#### **Sleep Mode**

Sleep mode automatically reduces power consumption when the printer is not in use. The printer consumes less than 7W when in sleep mode. The time-out for auto sleep mode can be set through the Windows printer driver.

#### **Low Running Cost**

Since the toner cartridge is separate from the Drum Unit, you need to replace only the toner cartridge after around 2,200 pages printed, which is cost effective and ecologically friendly.

### **Remote Printer Console Program for DOS**

The utility program, Remote Printer Console (RPC), is available on the floppy disk supplied with your printer. When you operate your computer in the DOS (Disk Operating System) environment, this program allows you to easily change the default settings of the printer such as fonts, page setup, emulations and so on.

This program also provides a status monitor program, which is a Terminate-and-Stay Resident (TSR) program. It can monitor the printer status while running in the background and report the current status or errors on your computer screen.

### **Popular Printer Emulation Support**

This printer supports three printer emulation modes, HP LaserJet IIP, Epson FX-850, and IBM Proprinter XL. When you use DOS application software or Windows™ version 3.0 or earlier, you can use any of these emulations to operate the printer in the 300 dpi resolution mode. The printer also supports Auto-emulation switching between HP and Epson or HP and IBM. If you want to set the printer emulation, you can do it using the Remote Printer Console Program.

### **Optional Apple Macintosh Interface**

The optional Apple Macintosh serial interface kit is available, which allows your printer to be connected to Apple Macintosh computers. With this option, you can use your printer with both an IBM PC, or compatible and an Apple Macintosh at the same time. This optional interface board can be used as an RS-422A interface for Macintosh or an RS-232C serial interface for IBM PC or compatible.

### **Enhanced Memory Management**

The printer provides its own data compression technology on its printer hardware and the supplied printer driver software, which can automatically compress graphic data and font data efficiently into the printer's memory. You can avoid memory errors and print most full page 600 dpi graphic and text data, including large fonts, with the printer's standard memory.

### **3. SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **3.1 Printing**

##### **<HL-720>**

Print method	Electrophotography by semiconductor laser beam scanning
Resolution	600 dots/inch (under Brother Printing Solution for Windows)
Print speed	6 page/minute (when loading A4 or letter-size paper from the multi-purpose sheet feeder)
Warm-up	Max. 20 seconds at 23°C (73.4°F)
First print	20 seconds (when loading A4 or letter-size paper from the multi-purpose sheet feeder)
Print media	Toner in a cartridge Life Expectancy: 2,200 pages/cartridge (when printing A4 or letter-size paper at 5% print coverage)
Developer	Drum unit, separated from toner cartridge

##### **<HL-730/730Plus>**

Print method	Electrophotography by semiconductor laser beam scanning
Resolution	600 dots/inch (under Brother Printing Solution for Windows) 300 dots/inch (under DOS, Apple Macintosh and other operating system)
Print speed	6 page/minute (when loading A4 or letter-size paper from the multi-purpose sheet feeder)
Warm-up	Max. 20 seconds at 23°C (73.4°F)
First print	20 seconds (when loading A4 or letter-size paper from the multi-purpose sheet feeder)
Print media	Toner in a cartridge Life Expectancy: 2,200 pages/cartridge (when printing A4 or letter-size paper at 5% print coverage)
Developer	Drum unit, separated from toner cartridge

## 3.2 Functions

### <HL-720>

CPU	Z80 12.5 MHZ
Emulation	Windows 3.1 GDI
Printer driver	Windows™ 3.1/3.11 and Windows 95 driver, supporting Brother Native Compression mode and bi-directional capability
Interface	Bi-directional Centronics parallel interface.
Memory	0.5Mbytes Expandable up to 2.0 Mbytes with an optional memory board. MB-215W - 1.5 MB
Control panel	1 switch and 4 lamps
Diagnostics	Self-diagnostic program

### <HL-730/730Plus>

CPU	MC68EC000 16 MHz
Emulation	Automatic emulation selection among HP LaserJet IIP, EPSON FX-850, and IBM Proprinter XL
Printer driver	Windows™ 3.1/3.11 and Windows 95 driver, supporting Brother Native Compression mode and bi-directional capability. Optional Macintosh® QuickDraw driver (Standard in some countries.)
Interface	Bi-directional Centronics parallel interface. RS-422A/RS-232C serial interface is optionally available.(The serial interface is a standard in some countries.)
Memory	0.5 Mbytes (HL-730) or 1.0 Mbytes (HL-730Plus) only with Data Compression Technology. Expandable up to 2.0 Mbytes with an optional memory board. MB110 - 1.0 MB (for HL-730/730Plus) MB115 - 1.5 MB (for HL-730 only)
Control panel	1 switch and 4 lamps
Diagnostics	Self-diagnostic program

### 3.3 Electrical and Mechanical

#### <HL-720>

Power source	U.S.A. and Canada: AC 110 to 120V, 50/60Hz Europe and Australia: AC 220 to 240V, 50Hz
Power consumption	Printing: 150 W or less Standing by: 35 W or less Sleep: 7 W or less
Noise	Printing: 48 dB A or less Standing by: 35 dB A or less
Temperature	Operating: 10 to 32.5°C (59 to 90.5°F) Storage: 0 to 40°C (38 to 104°F)
Humidity	Operating: 20 to 80% (without condensation) Storage: 20 to 80% (without condensation)
Dimensions (W x D x H)	366 (W) x 353 (D) x 250 (H) (when the output tray is closed and the Multi-purpose sheet feeder is removed.)
Weight	Approx. 6.5 kg (14.3 lb.) including the drum unit

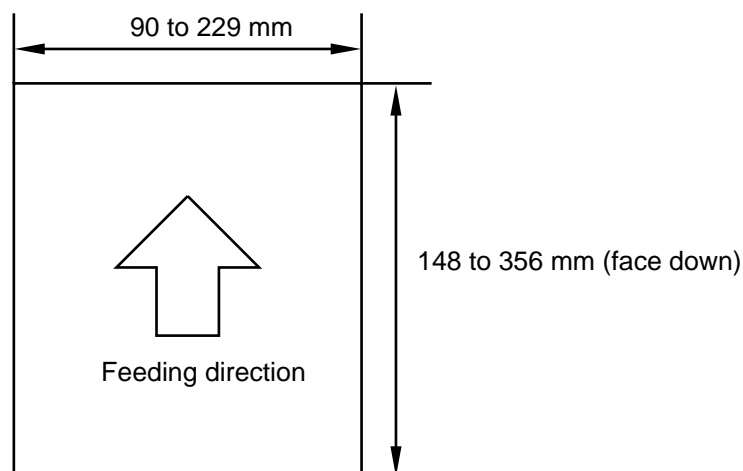
#### <HL-730/730Plus>

Power source	U.S.A. and Canada: AC 110 to 120 V, 50/60Hz Europe and Australia: AC 220 to 240 V, 50Hz
Power consumption	Printing: 150 W or less Standing by: 35 W or less Sleep: 7 W or less
Noise	Printing: 48 dB A or less Standing by: 35 dB A or less
Temperature	Operating: 10 to 32.5°C (59 to 90.5°F) Storage: 0 to 40° C (38 to 104°F)
Humidity	Operating: 20 to 80% (without condensation) Storage: 20 to 80% (without condensation)
Dimensions (W x D x H)	366 (W) x 353 (D) x 250 (H) (when the output tray is closed and the Multi-purpose sheet feeder is removed.)
Weight	Approx. 6.5 kg (14.3 lb.) including the drum unit

### 3.4 Paper Specification

(1) Multi-purpose tray loading

Paper size: A4, Letter, Legal, B5, A5, and Executive, and other sizes of paper that can be handled by the feed mechanism, can be loaded.



Feedable paper type:	60 (16 lb.) to 157 (42 lb.) g/m <sup>2</sup> (long-grained paper)
Maximum load height:	22 mm (200 sheets of 75 g/m <sup>2</sup> paper) letter size
Envelopes:	10 envelopes
Setting method:	Pull the manual paper tray toward you, insert the sheet of paper into the tray, aligning the top edge of the sheets, then push the tray back to its original position.

(2) Manual paper loading

The manual paper loading takes priority of feeding and a single sheet of paper can be fed into the printer. The applicable sizes and types of paper are the same as the multi-purpose tray loading above in specification.

### 3.5 Print Delivery

(1) At the print delivery tray opened

Tray capacity : Maximum 100 sheets (75g/m<sup>2</sup>), face-down only

(2) At the print delivery tray closed

Tray capacity : 1 sheet (75 g/m<sup>2</sup>), face-down only

Note) Face down: Deliver the printed face of the paper downward.  
Environment : 23°C

### 3.6 Paper

(1) Types of paper

(a) Normal paper (60 to 157 g/m<sup>2</sup>, specified types of high-quality paper)

- A4 size
- Letter size
- Legal size
- B5 size
- A5 size
- Executive size
- 9" envelop size (printing face is Letter size)

\*The specified types of plain paper are as follows:

Letter	:	Xerox 4200 (75 g/m <sup>2</sup> )
A4	:	Xerox 80 Premier Paper

(b) Special paper (specified types)

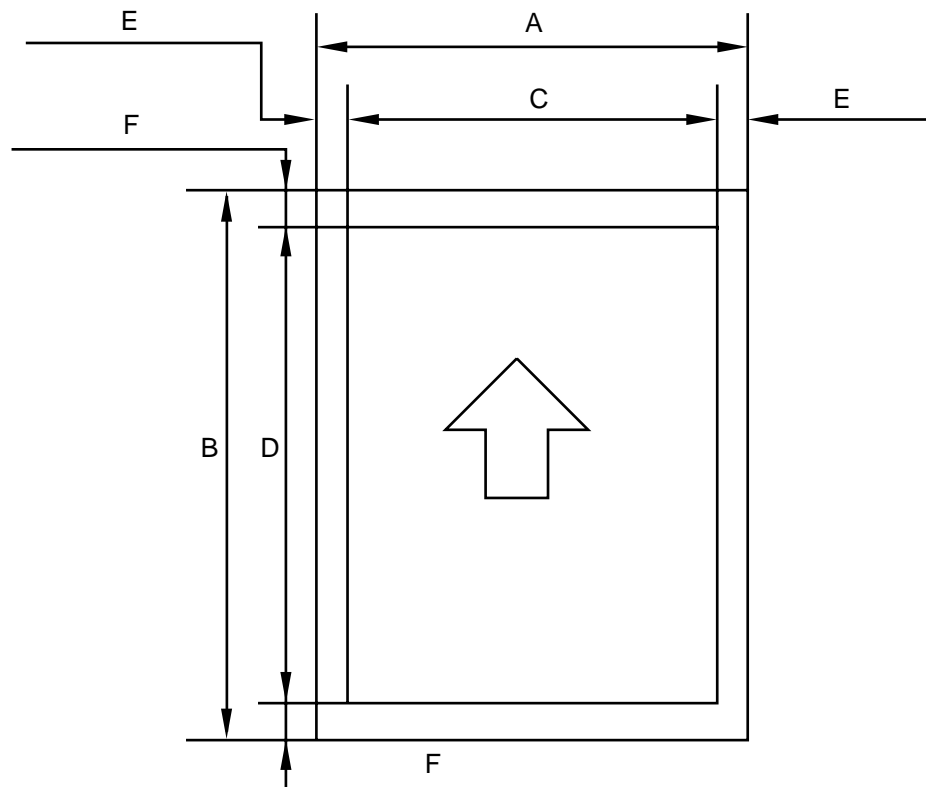
- Labels
- Envelopes (DL,C5, COM10)
- Postcards
- Organizers (K, L, and J sizes of DAY-TIMERS)

(2) Paper feed conditions

Types	Name	Tray feed	Manual feed
Normal paper (cut sheet)	60 to 157 g/m <sup>2</sup> paper	○	○
Special paper (cut sheet)	Labels	○	○
	Envelopes	○	○
	Postcards	○	○
	Organizers	○	○

### 3.7 Effective Printing Area

Printable area



The effective printing area means the area within which the printing of all the data received without any omissions can be guaranteed.

The table below shows the effective printing areas.

Size	A	B	C	D	E	F
A 4	210.0mm 8.27" (2,480 dots)	297.0mm 11.69" (3,507 dots)	203.2mm 8.0" (2,400 dots)	288.5mm 11.36" (3,407 dots)	3.4mm 0.13" (40 dots)	4.23mm 0.17" (50 dots)
Letter	215.9mm 8.5" (2,550 dots)	279.4mm 11.0" (3,300 dots)	203.2mm 8.0" (2,400 dots)	271.0mm 10.67" (3,200 dots)	6.35mm 0.25" (75 dots)	↑
Legal	215.9mm 8.5" (2,550 dots)	355.6mm 14.0" (4,200 dots)	203.2mm 8.0" (2,400 dots)	347.1mm 13.67" (4,100 dots)	↑	↑
B 5 (JIS)	182.0mm 7.16" (2,149 dots)	257.0mm 10.12" (3,035 dots)	170.0mm 6.69" (2,007 dots)	248.5mm 9.78" (2,935 dots)	6.01mm 0.24" (71 dots)	↑
B 5 (ISO)	176.0mm 6.93" (2,078 dots)	250.0mm 9.84" (2,952 dots)	164.0mm 6.46" (1,936 dots)	241.5mm 9.5" (2,852 dots)	↑	↑
Executive	184.15mm 7.25" (2,175 dots)	266.7mm 10.5" (3,150 dots)	175.7mm 6.92" (2,075 dots)	258.3mm 10.17" (3,050 dots)	6.35mm 0.25" (75 dots)	↑
A 5	148.5mm 5.85" (1,754 dots)	210.0mm 8.27" (2,480 dots)	135.8mm 5.35" (1,604 dots)	201.5mm 7.93" (2,380 dots)	6.01mm 0.24" (71 dots)	↑
Organizer (J size)	69.85mm 2.75" (825 dots)	127.0mm 5.0" (1,500 dots)	56.2mm 2.21" (663 dots)	118.5mm 4.66" (1,400 dots)	6.35mm 0.25" (75 dots)	↑
Organizer (K size)	95.25mm 3.75" (1,125 dots)	171.45mm 6.75" (2,025 dots)	86.78mm 3.42" (1,024 dots)	163.0mm 6.42" (1,925 dots)	↑	↑
Organizer (L size)	139.7mm 5.5" (1,650 dots)	215.9mm 8.5" (2,550 dots)	131.23mm 5.17" (1,550 dots)	207.43mm 8.17" (2,450 dots)	↑	↑
COM-10	104.78mm 4.125" (1,237 dots)	241.3mm 9.5" (2,850 dots)	92.11mm 3.63" (1,087 dots)	232.8mm 9.16" (2,750 dots)	↑	↑
MONARCH	98.43mm 3.875" (1,162 dots)	190.5mm 7.5" (2,250 dots)	85.7mm 3.37" (1,012 dots)	182.0mm 7.16" (2,150 dots)	↑	↑
C 5	162mm 6.38" (1,913 dots)	229mm 9.01" (2,704 dots)	150.0mm 5.9" (1,771 dots)	220.5mm 8.68" (2,604 dots)	6.01mm 0.24" (71 dots)	↑
DL	110mm 4.33" (1,299 dots)	220mm 8.66" (2,598 dots)	98.0mm 3.86" (1,157 dots)	211.5mm 8.33" (2,498 dots)	↑	↑

(Note that the paper sizes indicated here should conform to the nominal dimensions specified by JIS.)

A4 paper must accommodate 80 characters printed in pica pitch (203.2 mm).

The dot size is based on 300 dpi resolution.

## **4. SAFETY INFORMATION**

### **4.1 Laser Safety (110 - 120V Model only)**

This printer is certified as a Class 1 laser product under the US Department of Health and Human

Services (DHHS) Radiation Performance Standard according to the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968. This means that the printer does not produce hazardous laser radiation.

Since radiation emitted inside the printer is completely confined within the protective housings and external covers, the laser beam cannot escape from the machine during any phase of user operation.

### **4.2 CDRH Regulations (110 -120V Model only)**

The Center for Device and Radiological Health (CDRH) of the US Food and Drug Administration implemented regulations for laser products on August 2, 1976. These regulations apply to laser products manufactured from August 1, 1976. Compliance is mandatory for products marketed in the United States. The label shown below indicates compliance with the CDRH regulations and must be attached to laser products marketed in the United States.

The label for Japanese products

MANUFACTURED :	K
BROTHER INDUSTRIES, LTD.	
15-1, Naeshiro-cho, Mizuho-ku, Nagoya 467, Japan.	
This product complies with FDA radiation performance standards, 21 CFR Subchapter J.	

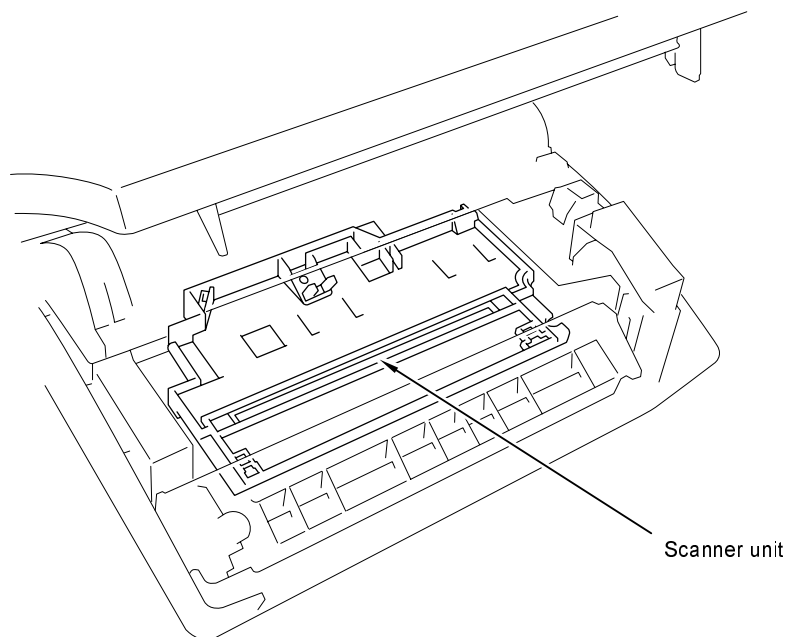
The label for Chinese products

MANUFACTURED :	C
Brother Corporation (Asia) Ltd., Shenzhen Buji Nan Ling Factory	
Gold Garden Ind., Nan Ling Village, Buji, Rong Gang, Shenzhen, CHINA.	
This product complies with FDA radiation performance standards, 21 CFR Subchapter J.	



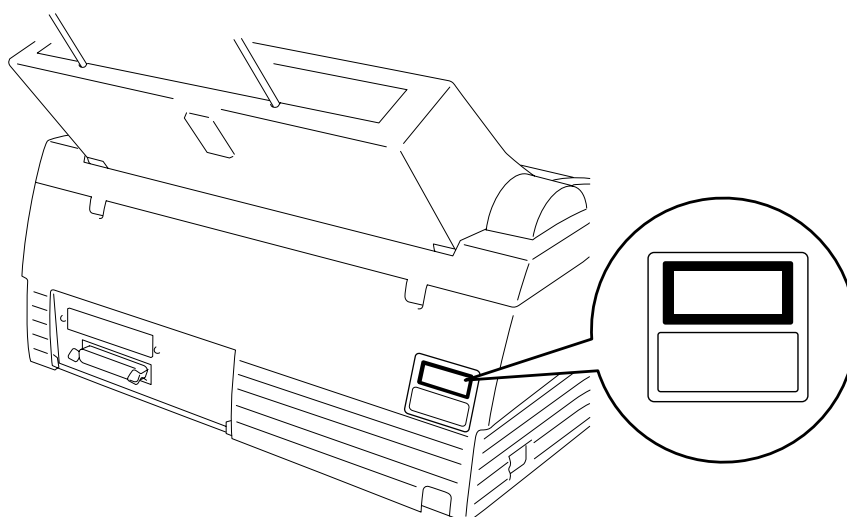
### 4.3 Caution for Laser Product

- (1) CAUTION: When the machine during serving is operated with open cover, the regulations of VBG 93 and the performance instructions for VBG 93 are valid.
- (2) CAUTION: In case of any trouble with the laser unit, please replace the laser unit itself. To prevent direct exposure to the laser beam, do not try to open the enclosure of laser unit.
- (3) Location of the Exit Opening of Laser Beam.



**Fig. 1.2**

- (4) Location of Caution Label for Laser Product.



**Fig. 1.3**

# CHAPTER II THEORY OF OPERATION

## 1. ELECTRONICS

### 1.1 General Block Diagram

<HL-720>

Fig. 2.1 shows a general block diagram of this printer.

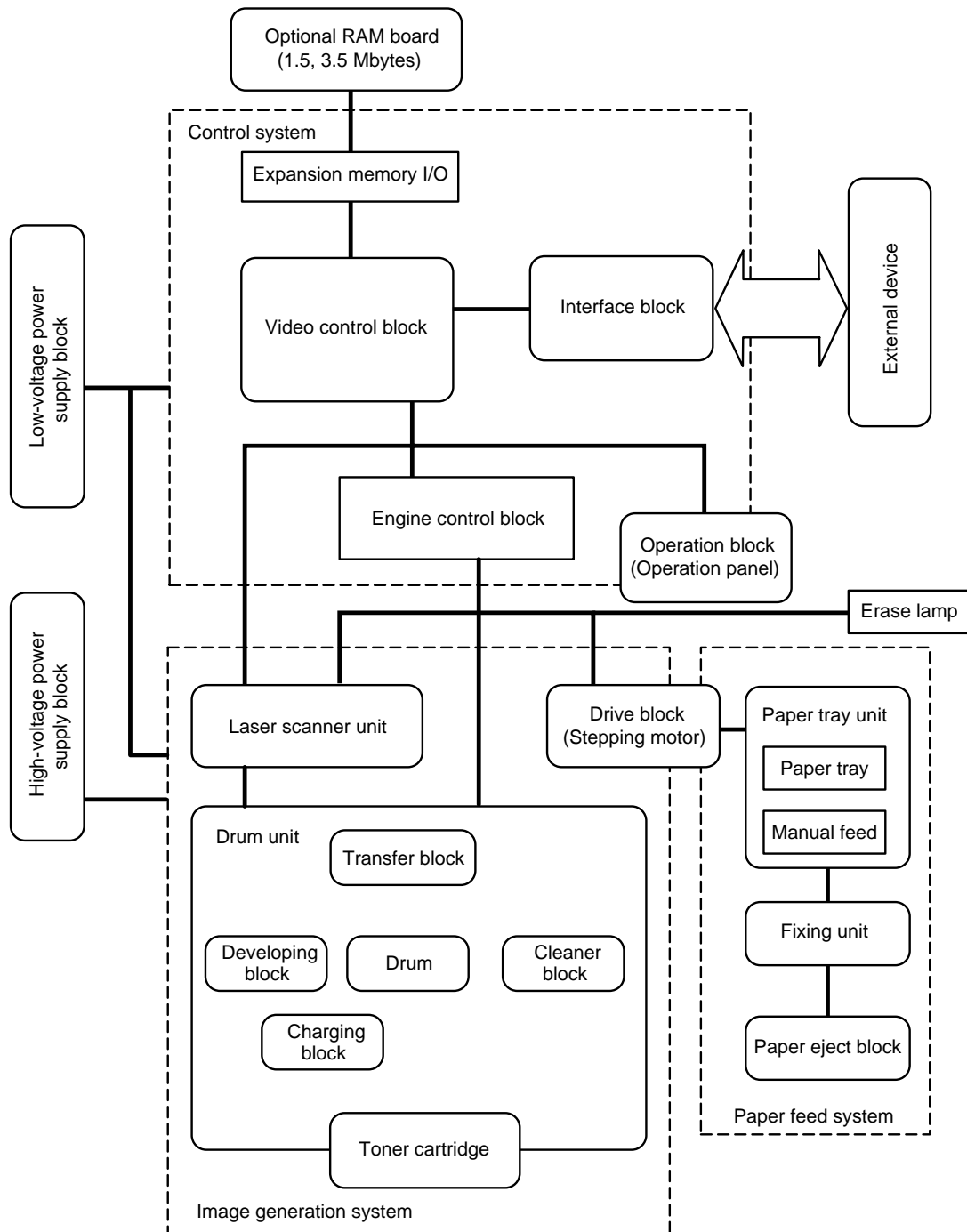


Fig. 2.1

<HL-730/730Plus>

Fig. 2.2 shows a general block diagram of this printer.

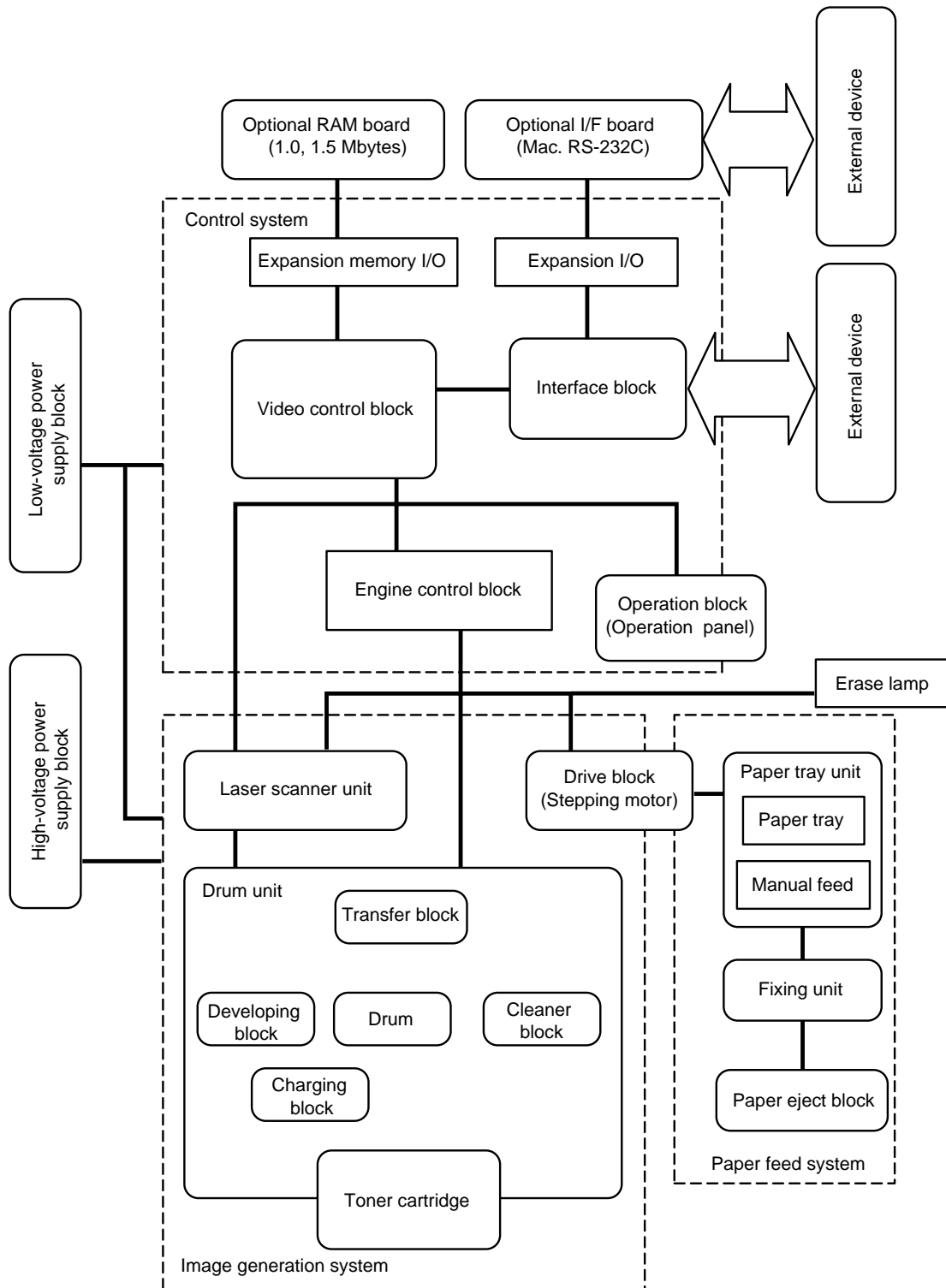


Fig. 2.2

## 1.2 Main PCB Block Diagram

<HL-720>

Fig. 2.3 shows a block diagram of the main PCB.

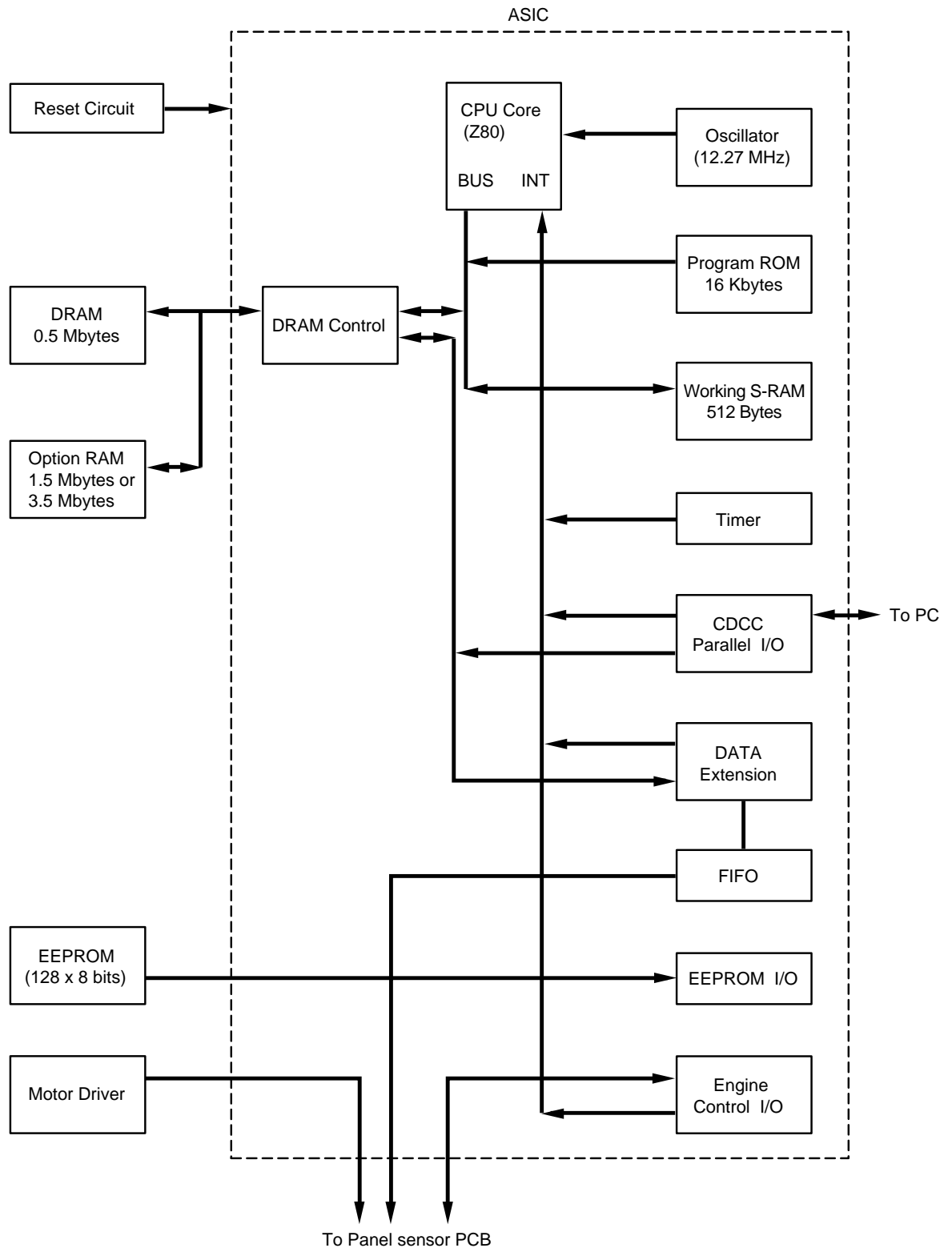


Fig. 2.3

<HL-730/730Plus>

Fig. 2.4 shows a block diagram of the main PCB.

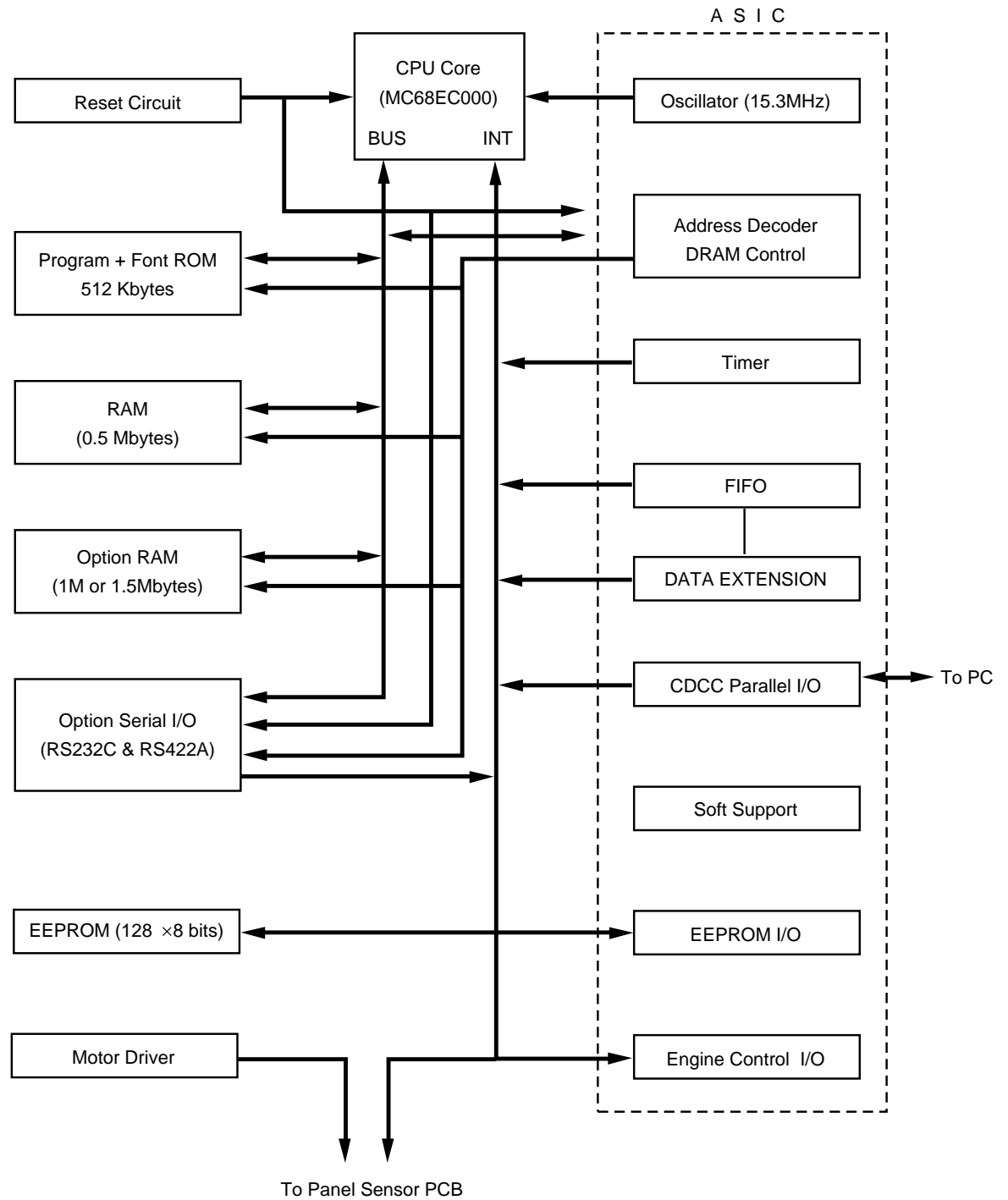


Fig. 2.4



## <HL-730/730Plus>

Fig. 2.6. shows the CPU circuit block on the main PCB.

The CPU is a Motorola MC68EC000FN16 which is driven with a clock frequency of 15.3 MHz. This clock frequency is made by dividing the source clock of 30.67 MHz into two. The address bus is 23 bits of A1 to A23, and the data bus is 16 bits. The total memory space is 16 Mbytes.

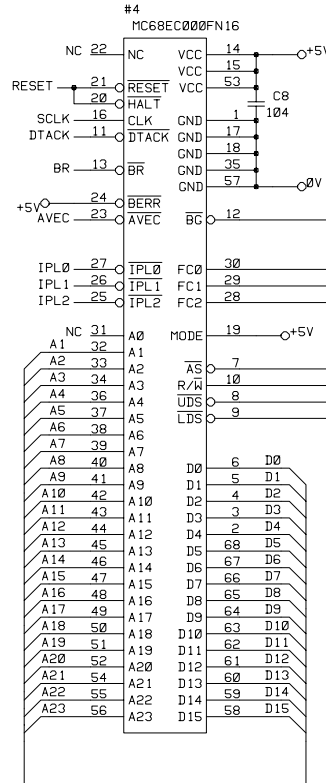


Fig. 2.6

### 1.3.2 ASIC

#### <HL-720>

The ASIC is composed of Cell Based IC and has the following function blocks.

(1) Oscillator circuit

Oscillator circuit drives the outside ceramic resonator, and generates the main clock for the CPU core by dividing the source clock frequency into two. It is also equipped with the several clocks for timer unit, engine control I/O unit, CDCC parallel I/O unit, data extension unit and FIFO.

(2) Program ROM

The program ROM of 16 Kbytes is contained in this ASIC.

(3) Working S-RAM

The working S-RAM of 512 Bytes is also contained in this ASIC as a work RAM for the CPU core.

(4) DRAM control circuit

This circuit generates the  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{MA}}$  signals for the DRAM and controls the refresh for the DRAM (CAS before RAS self-refreshing method). The CPU core, the CDCC parallel I/O unit and the data extension unit access the DRAM through the DRAM bus controlled by the DRAM control unit.

(5) Interrupt control

This circuit controls all the interrupts to the CPU core. The CPU core has no priority to each interrupt element. If the first interrupt is accepted, then the second waits until the first has been complete. The interrupt elements can be masked respectively.

(6) Timers

The following timers are incorporated:

Timer 1	16-bit timer
Timer 2	10-bit timer
Timer 3	Watch-dog timer

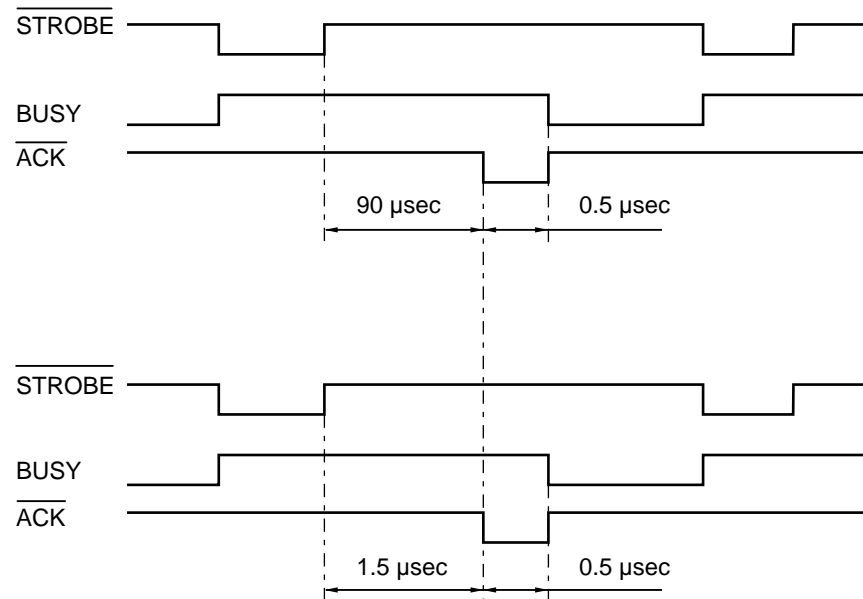


## (7) CDCC parallel I/O

### <Data receiving>

There are two modes in this unit. One is the CPU receiving mode and the other is the DMA receiving mode. In the CPU receiving mode the CPU receives the command data from the PC, and after the CPU is switched to the DMA mode, it receives the image data and writes to the DRAM directly.

#### CPU Receiving Mode



BUSY goes HIGH at the falling edge of STROBE. The data (8 bits) from the PC is latched in the data buffer at the rising edge of STROBE. The pulse width of ACK differs according to the speed MODE as shown above. BUSY goes LOW at the rising edge of ACK.

### <IEEE1284 support>

This supports the IEEE1284 data transfer with the following mode.

Nibble mode  
Byte mode

## (8) Data extension

This circuit extends the compressed image data which are received from the PC, and writes the bit map data to the FIFO.

## (9) FIFO

A 5,120-bit FIFO is incorporated. Data for one raster is transferred from DRAM to the FIFO through the data extension unit and exported as the serial video data. The data cycle is 6.13 MHz.

## (10)EEPROM I/O

One output port and one I/O port are assigned.

(11) Engine control I/O

This I/O is used for the connection to the panel sensor PCB. It controls the main motor, solenoid, sensors, scanner, etc.

## <HL-730/730Plus>

The ASIC is composed of Cell Based IC and has the following function blocks.

(1) Oscillator circuit

Generates the main clock for the CPU by dividing the source clock frequency into two.

(2) Address decoder

Generates the CS for each device.

(3) DRAM control

Generates the  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  and MA signals for the DRAM and controls refresh recessing (CAS before RAS self-refreshing method).

(4) Interrupt control

Interrupt levels:

Priority	High	7	NMI
		6	FIFO
		5	EXINT(Optional Serial I/O)
		4	BD / Timer 1
		3	SCANINT
		2	CDCC / BOISE / DATA EXTENTION
	Low	1	Timer 2

(5) Timers

The following timers are incorporated:

Timer 1	16-bit timer
Timer 2	10-bit timer
Timer 3	Watch-dog timer

(6) FIFO

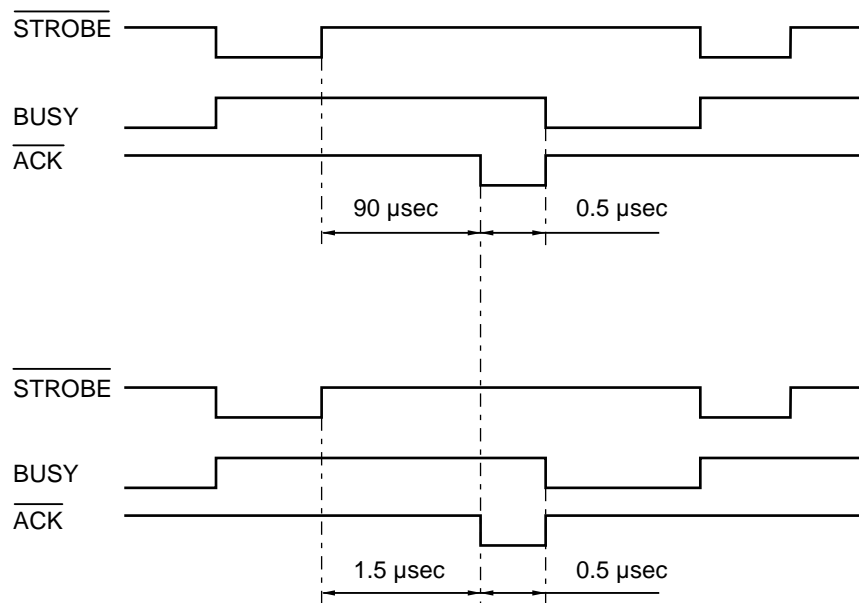
A 5,120-bit FIFO is incorporated. Data for one raster is transferred from the RAM to the FIFO by DMA transmission and is output as serial video data. The data cycle is 6.13 MHz.

(7) CDCC parallel I/O

<Data receiving>

There are two modes in this unit. One is the CPU receiving mode and the other is the DMA receiving mode. In the CPU receiving mode the CPU receives the command data from the PC, and after the CPU is switched to the DMA mode, it receives the image data and writes to the DRAM directly.

CPU Receiving Mode



$\text{BUSY}$  goes HIGH at the falling edge of  $\overline{\text{STROBE}}$ . The data (8 bits) from the PC is latched in the data buffer at the rising edge of  $\overline{\text{STROBE}}$ . The pulse width of  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$  differs according to the speed MODE as shown above.  $\text{BUSY}$  goes LOW at the rising edge of  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$ .

<IEEE1284 support>

This supports the IEEE1284 data transfer with the following mode.

- Nibble mode
- Byte mode

(8) Data extension

This circuit extends the compressed image data which are received from the PC, and writes the bit map data to the FIFO.

(9) Software support

Supports 16 x 16 rotation, bit expansion, and bit search.

(10) EEPROM I/O

One output port and one I/O port are assigned.

## (11)Engine control I/O

This I/O is used for the connection to the panel sensor PCB. It controls the main motor, solenoid, sensors, etc.

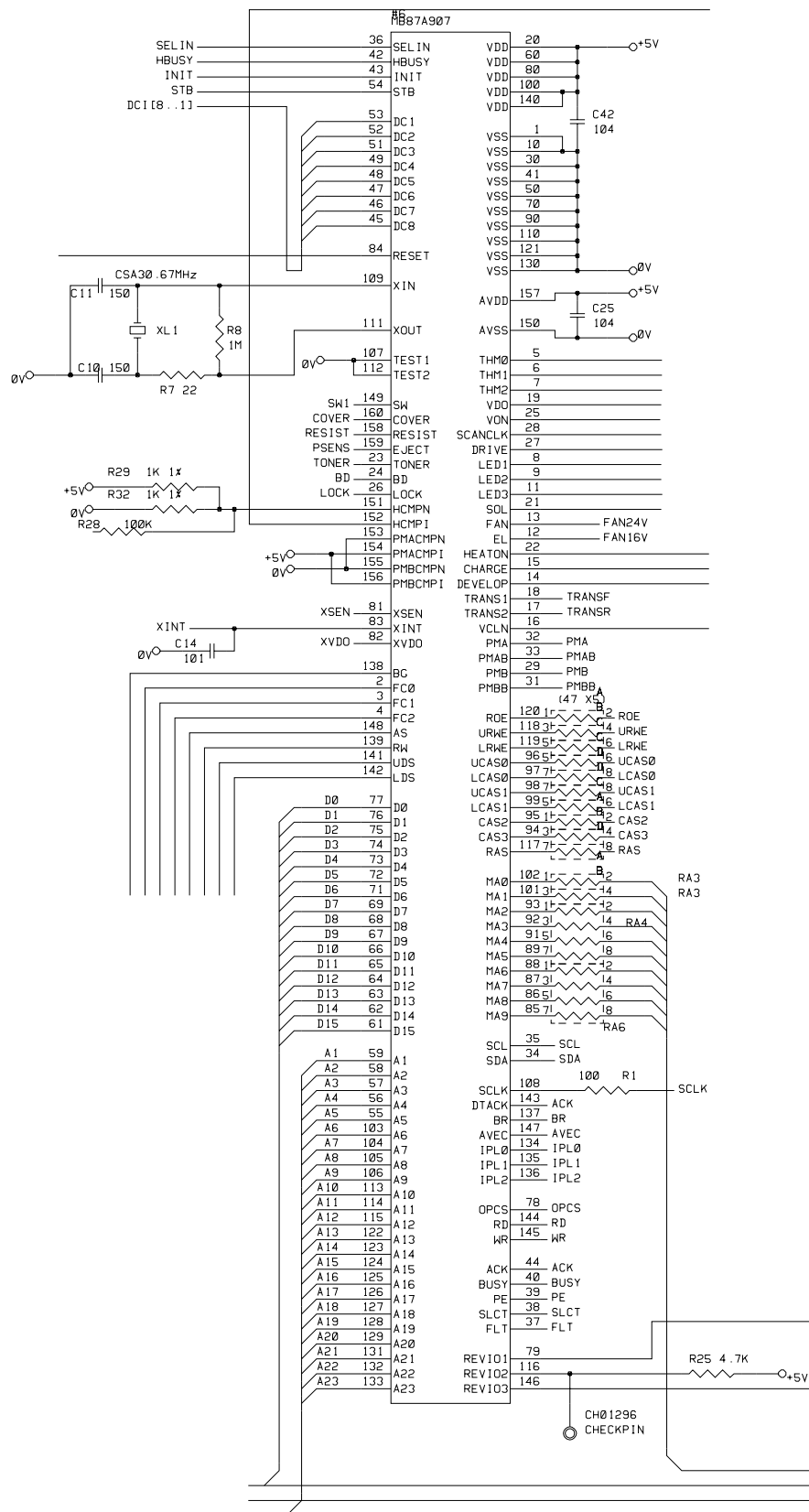


Fig. 2.8

### 1.3.3 ROM

#### <HL-730/730Plus ONLY>

A program of 512 Kbytes and the font data are stored in the ROM. A 42-pin IC socket is provided: an 8 Mbits ROM (42-pin) can be mounted to this socket normally, but a 4 Mbits ROM (40-pin) must be mounted to leave the 1st and 42nd pins of the socket opened.

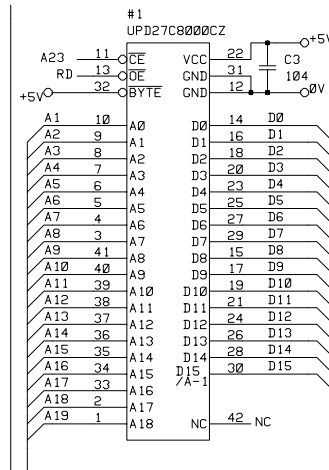


Fig. 2.9

### 1.3.4 DRAM

#### <HL-720>

A 4M-bit DRAM (x8 bits) is used as the RAM.

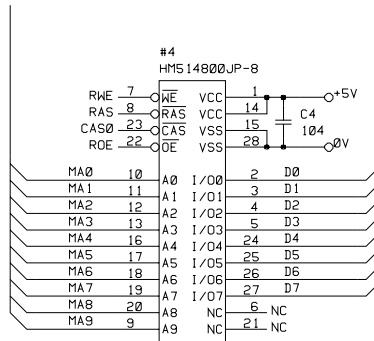


Fig. 2.10

<HL-730/730Plus>

A 4M-bit DRAM (x 16bits) is used as the RAM. Only one DRAM is installed in the 0.5 Mbyte model.

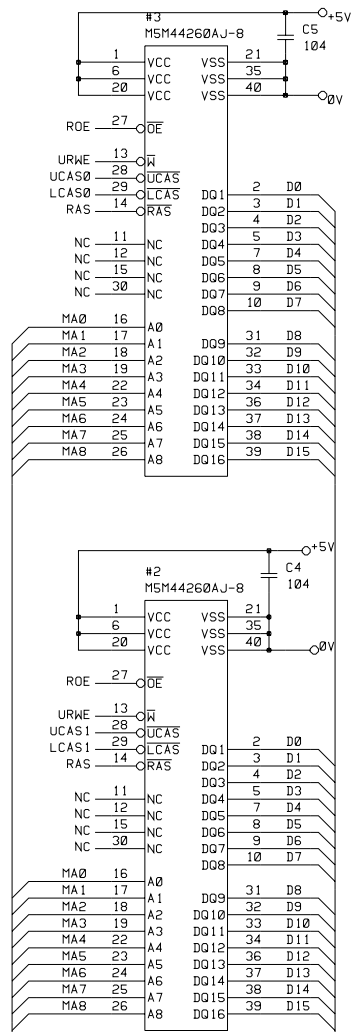


Fig. 2.11

### 1.3.5 Optional RAM

#### <HL-720>

Three 4M-bit DRAM (x 8 bits) and one 16M-bit DRAM (x 8 bits) are used as the optional RAM. The total memory area is expanded up to 4 Mbytes.

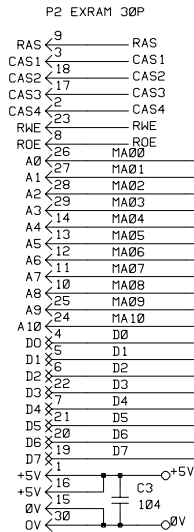


Fig. 2.12

#### <HL-730/730Plus>

There are two types of optional RAMs: the 1 Mbyte model and the 1.5 Mbytes model for HL-730, and one type of optional RAM: the 1Mbyte model for HL-730Plus. The memory capacity can be expanded up to 2 Mbytes for both HL-730 and HL-730Plus.

HL-730 (0.5 M model):

+ 1 M optional RAM = 1.5 Mbytes

+ 1.5 M optional RAM = 2 Mbytes

HL-730Plus (1 M model)

+ 1 M optional RAM = 2 Mbytes

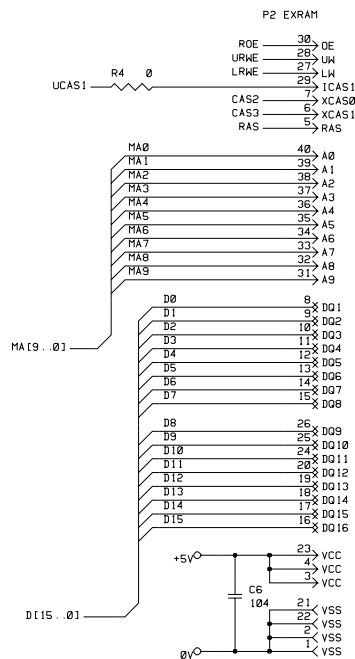


Fig. 2.13



### 1.3.6 Optional Serial I/O

#### <HL-730/730Plus ONLY>

The interrupt of serial I/O are input to the EXINT terminal of the ASIC, and are recognized by the CPU. A 32-byte space for register is provided for this I/O, which are read and written to by the CPU.

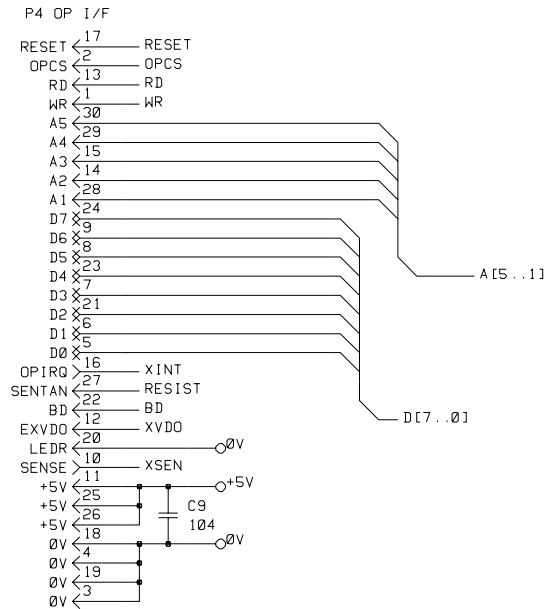


Fig. 2.14

### 1.3.7 EEPROM

#### <HL-720>

The EEPROM is XL24C01AF type of a two-wire method with a 128 x 8 bits configuration.

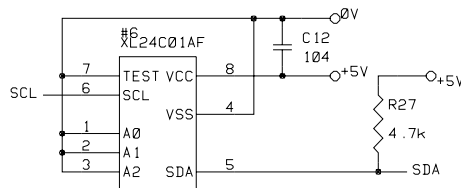


Fig. 2.15

#### <HL-730/730Plus>

The EEPROM is XL24C01AF type of a two-wire method with a 128 x 8 bits configuration.

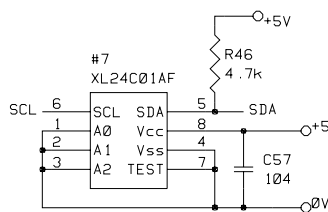


Fig. 2.16

### 1.3.8 Reset Circuit

#### <HL-720>

The reset IC is PST591DMT. The reset voltage is 4.2V (typ.) and the LOW period of reset is 50 ms (typ.).

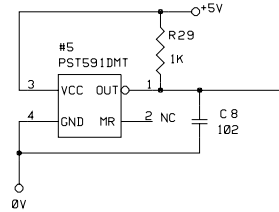


Fig. 2.17

#### <HL-730/730Plus>

The reset IC is PST593DMT. The reset voltage is 4.2V (typ.) and the LOW period of reset is 200 ms (typ.).

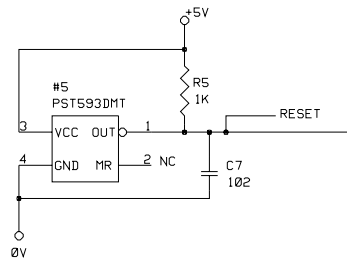
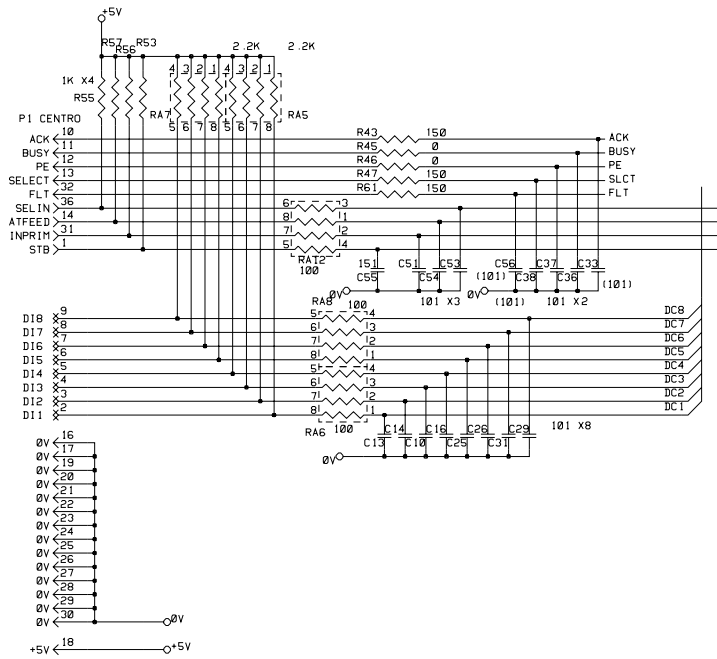


Fig. 2.18

**<HL-720>**

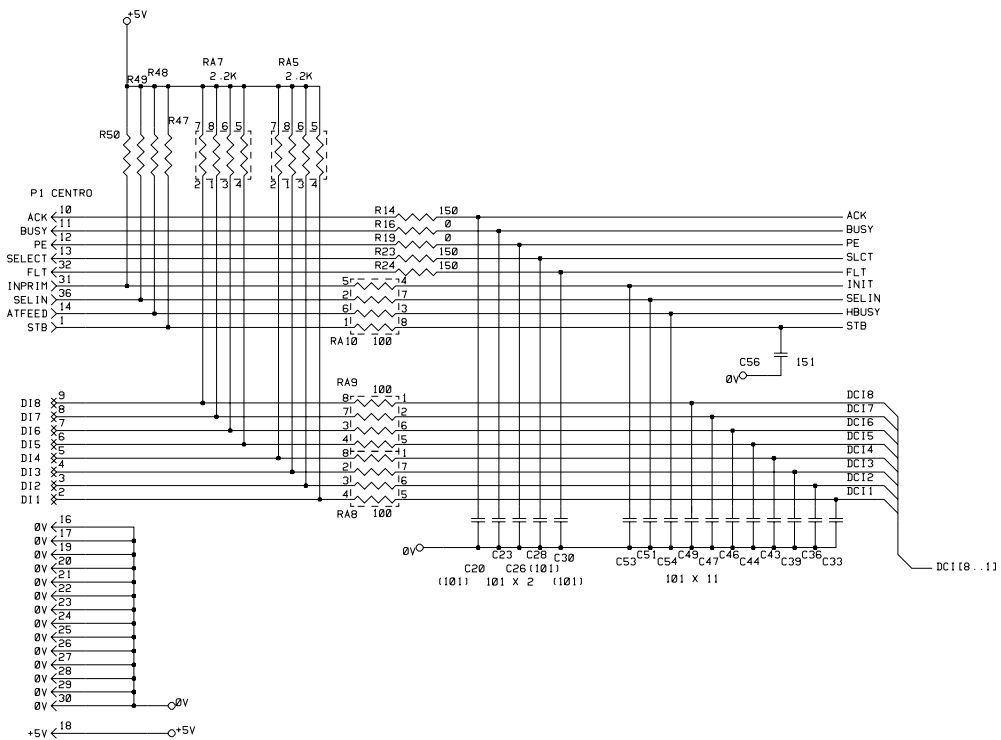
Fig. 2.19 shows the CDCC interface circuit.



**Fig. 2.19**

## <HL-730/730Plus>

Fig. 2.20 shows the CDCC interface circuit.



**Fig. 2.20**

### 1.3.10 Engine I/O

<HL-720>

Fig. 2.21 shows the engine interface circuit.

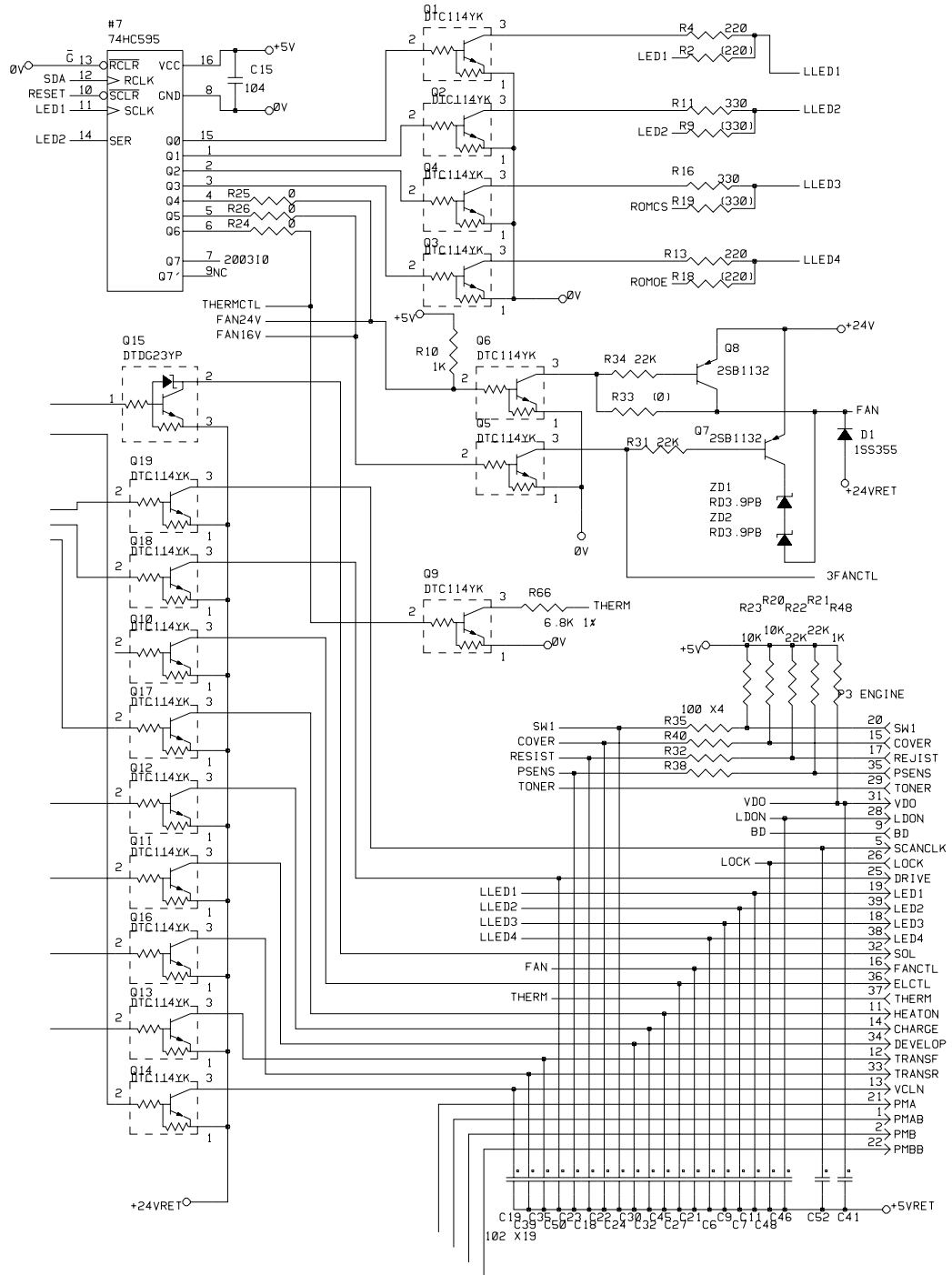
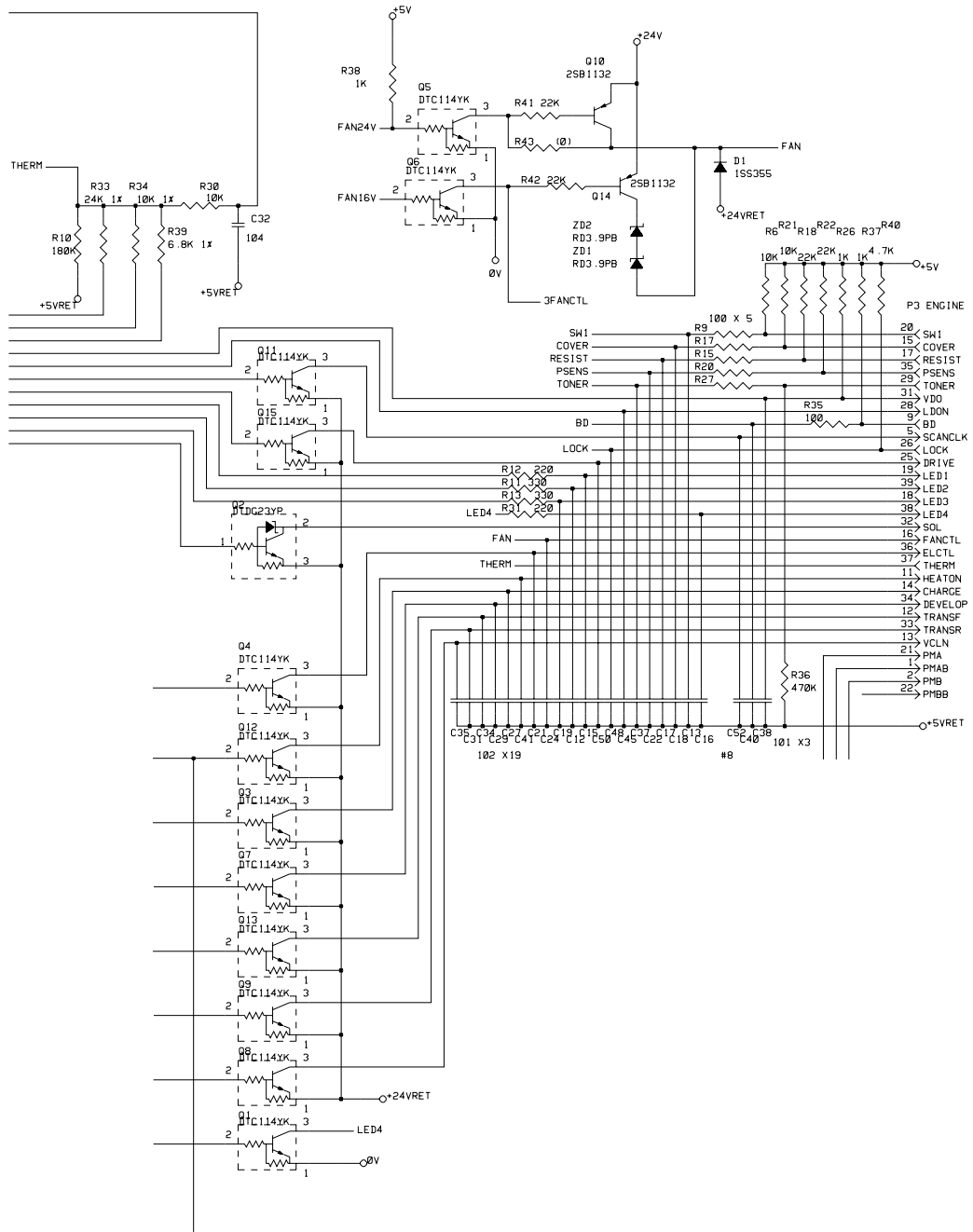


Fig. 2.21

## <HL-730/730Plus>

Fig. 2.22 shows the engine interface circuit.



**Fig. 2.22**

### 1.3.11 Paper Feed Motor Drive Circuit

#### <HL-720>

The motor driver consists of a TR array. The excitation method is 2-2 phase excitation with an bipolar drive.

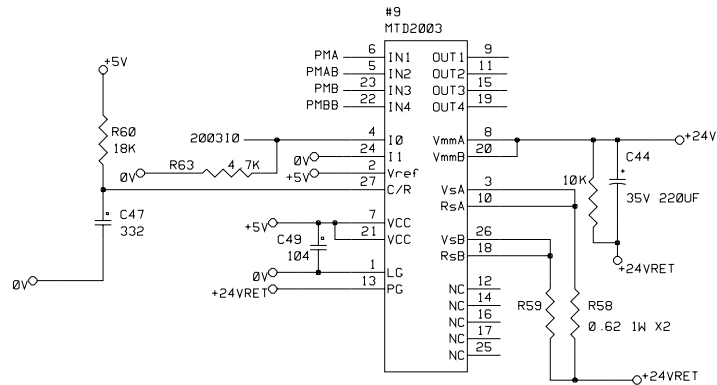


Fig. 2.23

#### <HL-730/730Plus>

The motor driver is a TR array, The excitation method is 2-2 phase excitation with an bipolar drive.

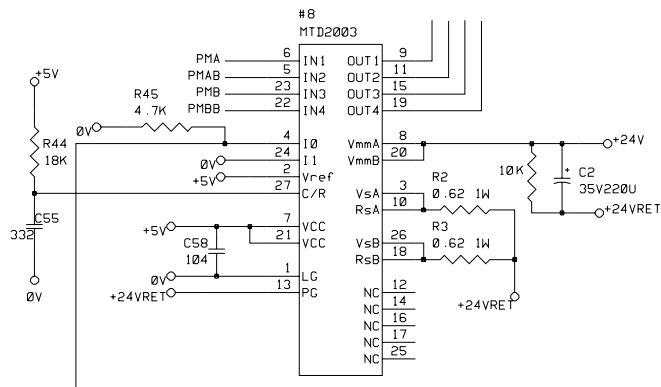


Fig. 2.24

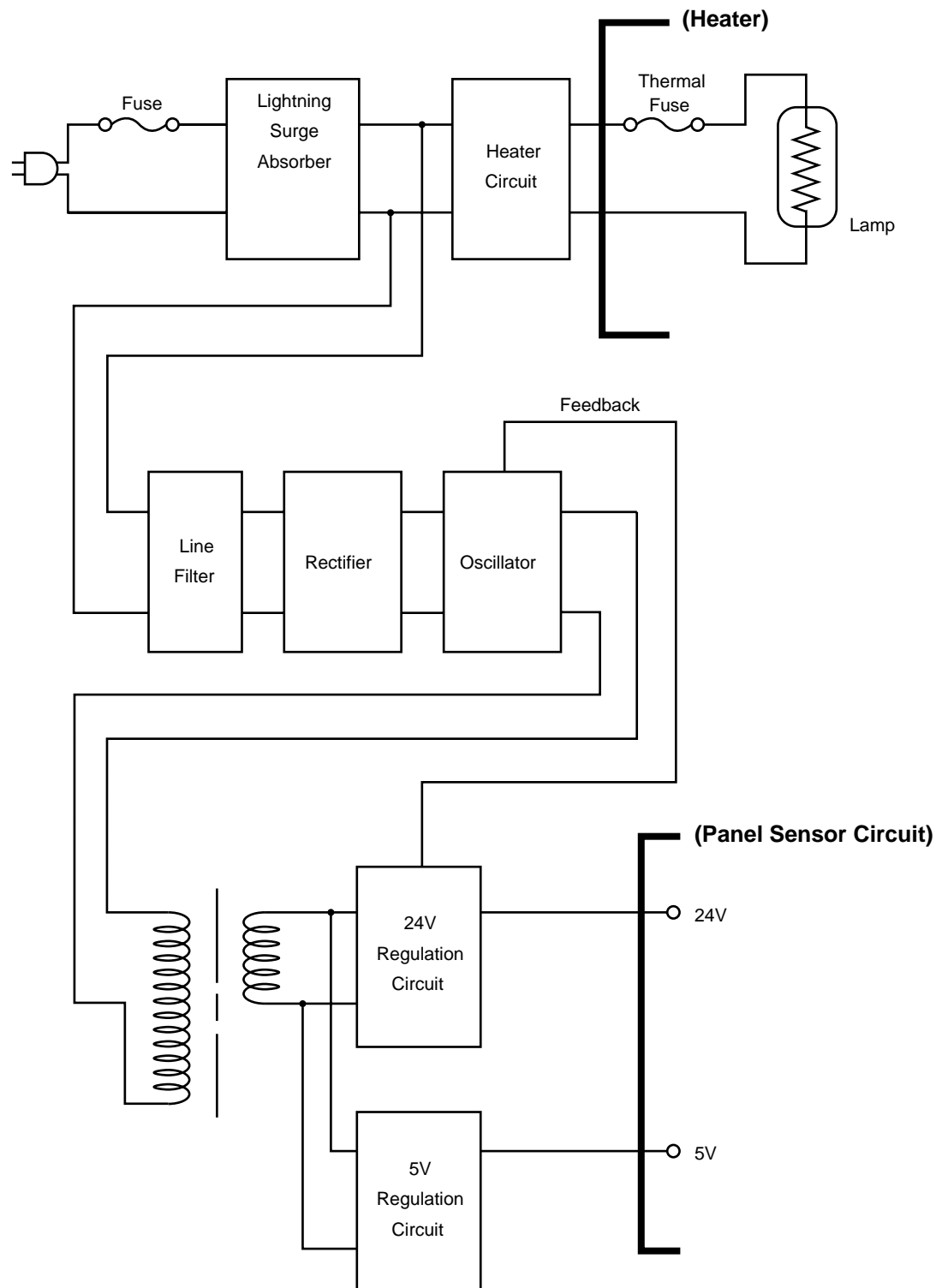
#### **1.4 Panel Sensor PCB**

The following parts are on the panel sensor.

- Operation Panel .....1Key, 4LEDs
- Connector.....Low-voltage, high-voltage, solenoid, main motor, toner sensor,  
laser, polygon motor, connector for main PCB
- Registration sensor

## 1.5 Power Supply

The power supply uses the switching regulation system to generate the regulated DC power (+5V and +24V), which are converted from the AC line.

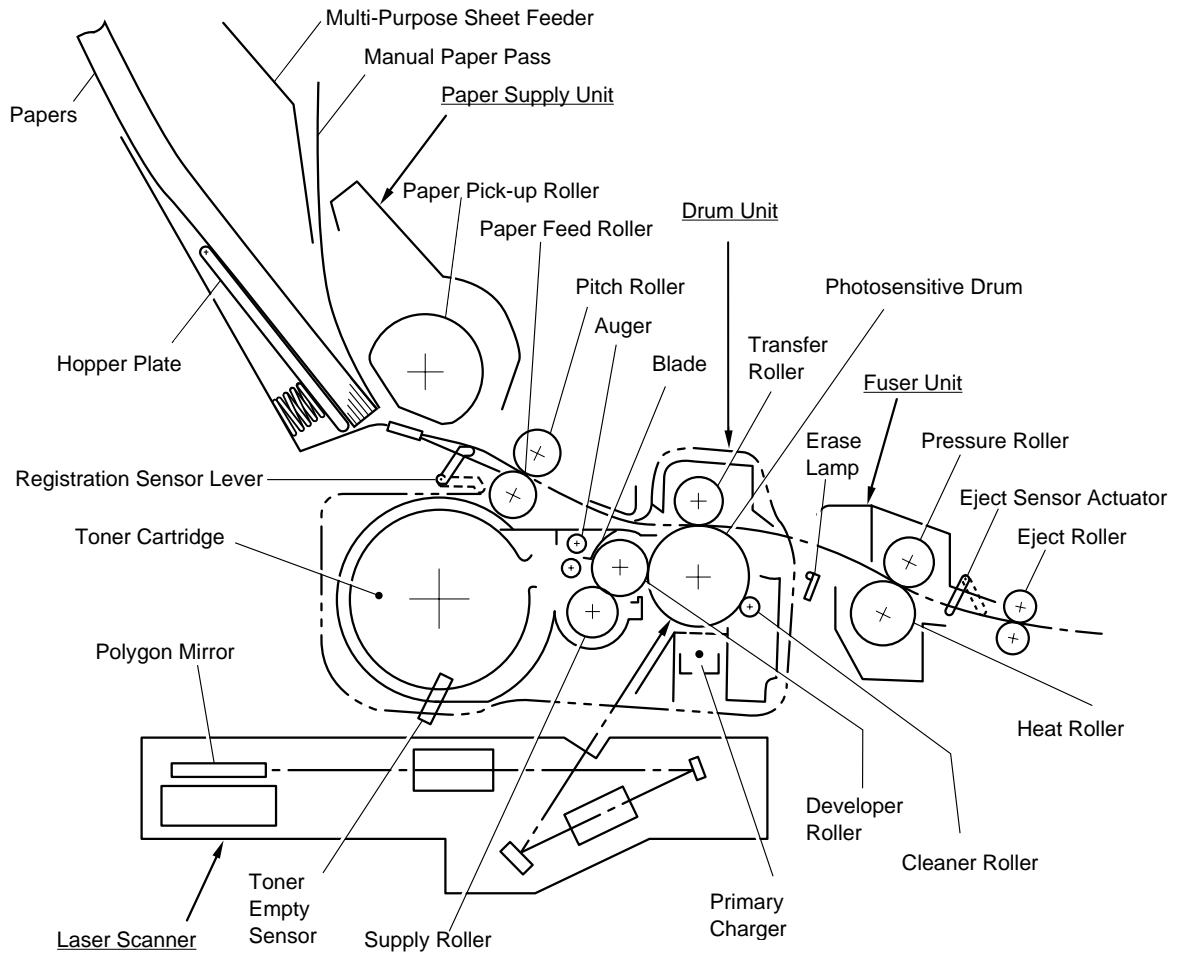


**Fig. 2.25**

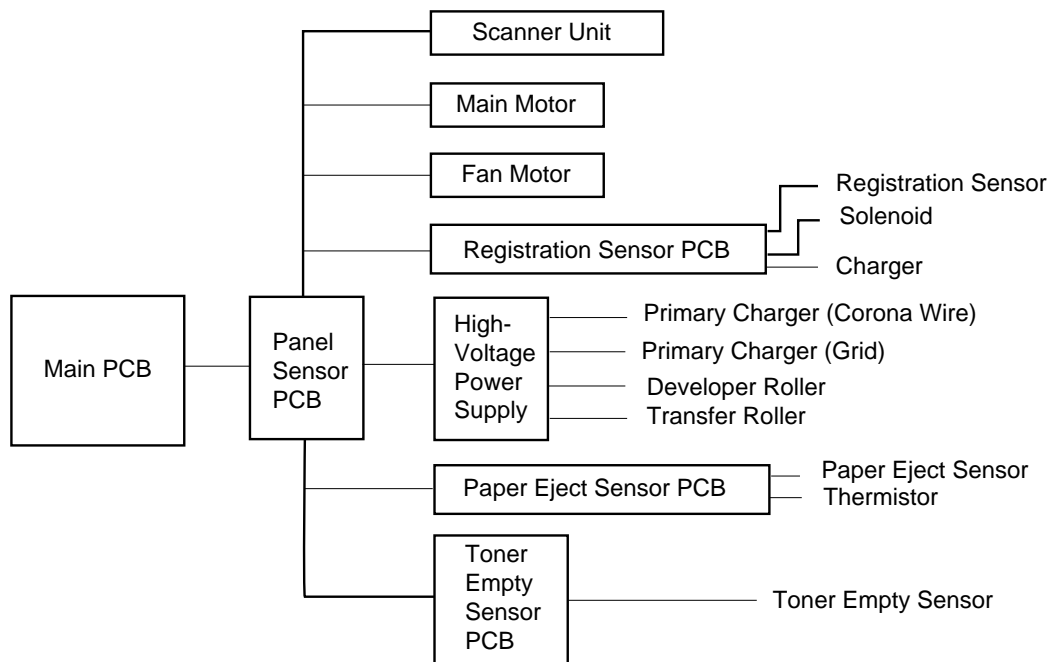


## 2. MECHANICS

### 2.1 Overview of printing mechanism



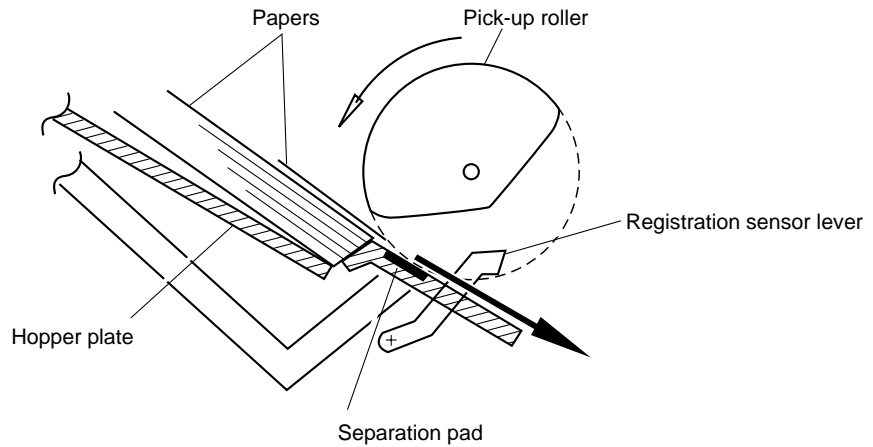
**Fig. 2.26**



## 2.2 Paper Transfer

### 2.2.1 Paper Supply

The pick-up roller picks up one sheet of paper from the paper tray at every one rotation and feeds it to the paper feed roller one by one.



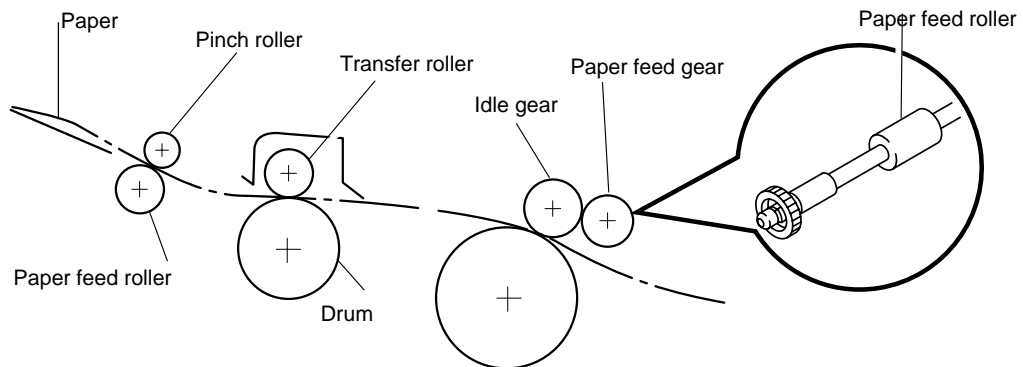
**Fig. 2.27**

The paper is gripped between the pick-up roller and the separation pad and separated into individual sheets.

The pick-up roller is directly connected to the sector gear, whose rotation is forcibly stopped by the gear stopper; when the pick-up solenoid is activated, the clutch mechanism is engaged by the solenoid ON/OFF and the sector gear is driven; when it has completed one full turn its rotation is stopped again by the gear stopper. The paper drawn out by the pick-up roller presses against the top of form sensor lever and the paper top position/absence of paper is detected by sensing the motion of the lever.

### 2.2.2 Paper Registration

When paper picked up from the multi-purpose paper tray (MPT) presses against the top of form sensor actuator, the registration sensor lever is caused to turn, and the photo sensor detects this motion. With this signal from the sensor the paper feed roller is stopped of its rotation temporarily by the clutch. Then paper is fed to the nip point between the paper feed roller and the pinch roller in the multi purpose paper tray, and the skew of the paper is corrected by the bump of the leading edge of paper against the nip point. When the paper feed roller starts to rotated again by the motion of clutch, paper, leading edge of which has been aligned, is fed by the paper feed roller and is transported to the transfer roller.



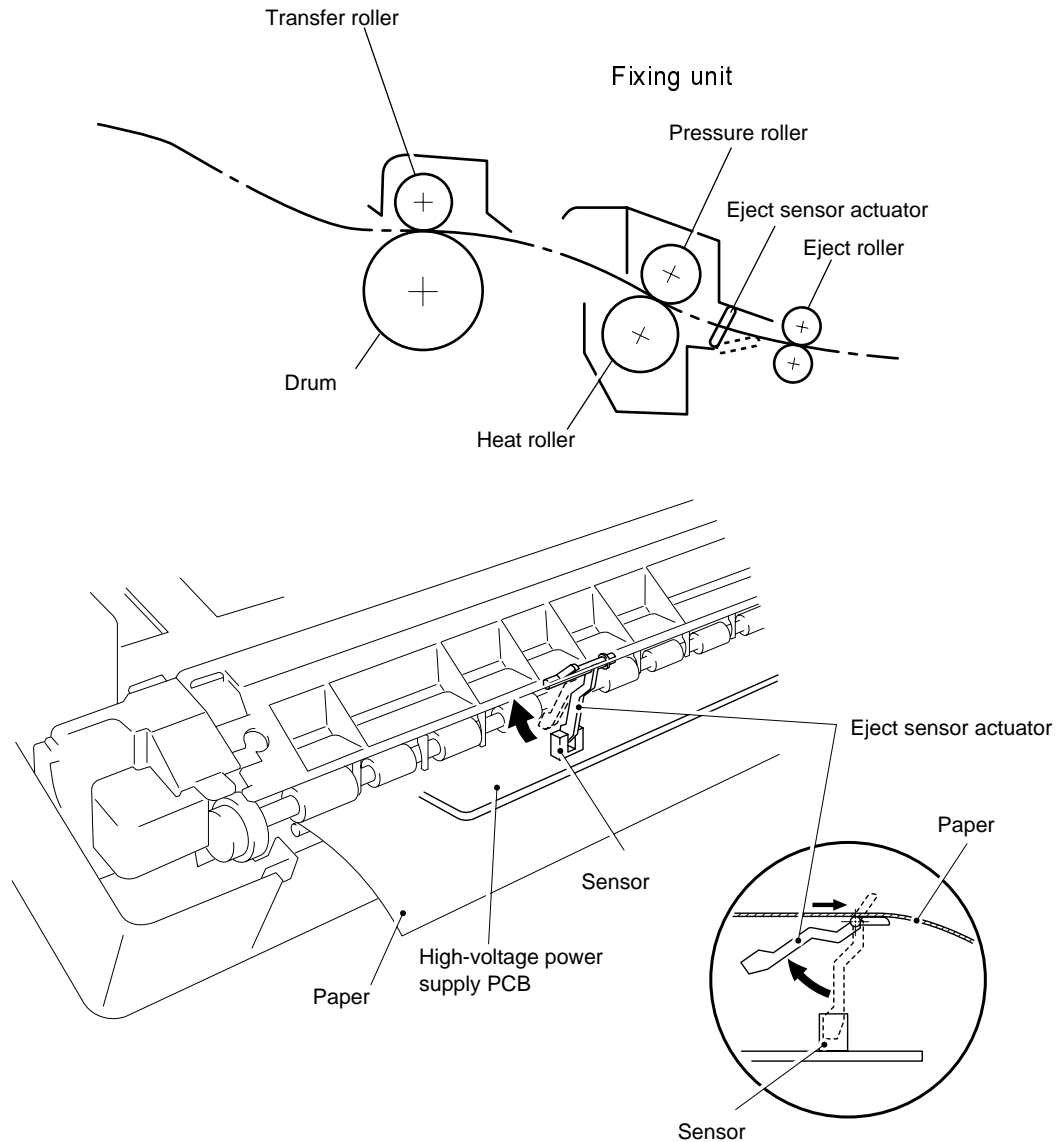
Clutch mechanism (engaged/released by the solenoid assembly)  
Released when the solenoid is ON and engaged when the solenoid is OFF.

**Fig. 2.28**

### 2.2.3 Paper Eject

The completion of paper eject is detected in the following manner:

- (a) When the leading edge of the paper push down the eject sensor actuator located in the fixing unit, the photo sensor (photo interrupter) is opened and detects the start of paper eject motion.
- (b) After that, when the bottom of the edge of paper has passed through the paper eject sensor actuator, the photo sensor is closed and the completion of paper eject motion is recognized.



**Fig. 2.29**

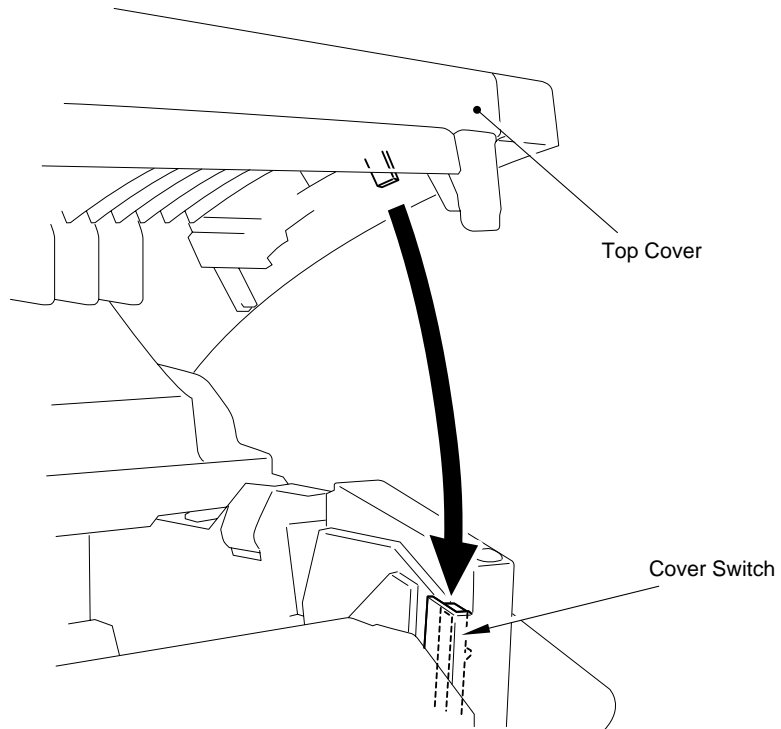
## 2.3 Sensors

### 2.3.1 Cover Sensor

Detects open or close of the top cover.

### 2.3.2 Toner Empty Sensor

Detects if there is toner in the toner cartridge. It also detects whether or not the drum unit is installed. (The toner cartridge is installed in the drum unit).



**Fig. 2.30**

## 2.4 Drum Unit

### 2.4.1 Photosensitive Drum

Generates the latent electrostatic image and develops the image on the drum surface.

### 2.4.2 Primary Charger

Forms a uniform charge on the drum surface.

- (1) Corona wire  
Generates ion on the drum.
- (2) Grid  
Spreads the ion evenly over the drum.

### 2.4.3 Developer Roller

Develops the latent electrostatic image on the drum surface by the toner.

### 2.4.4 Transfer Roller

Transfers the toner image to the paper from the drum surface.

### 2.4.5 Cleaner Roller

Removes and exhausts the toner remaining on the drum surface.

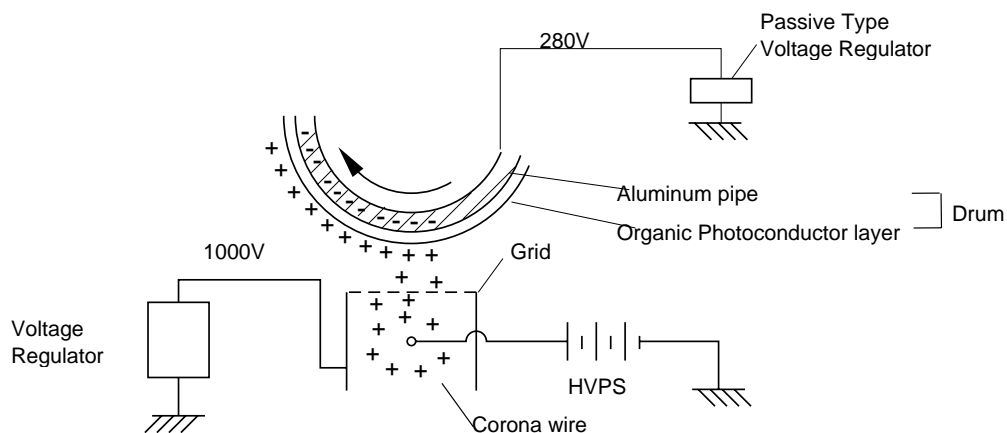
### 2.4.6 Erase lamp

Discharges the electrostatic latent image on the drum.

## 2.5 Print Process

### 2.5.1 Charging

The drum is charged to approx. +1000V by ion which is generated by the primary charger. Ion is generated by an ionization of the corona wire, which applied DC bias from High-voltage Power Supply. The flow of ion is controlled by the grid to be distributed evenly on the drum surface. The other end of the grid is generated to approx. 280V by the voltage regulator.

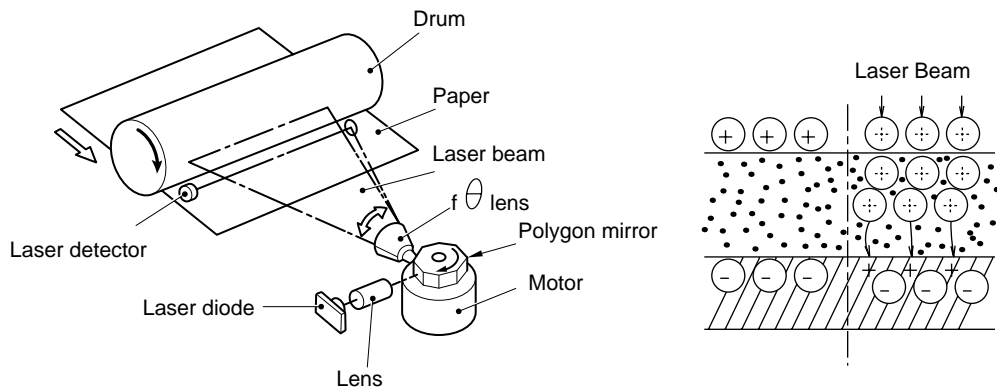


**Fig. 2.31**

The primary charge uses a corona wire, but since the charging terminal of the drum is a positive terminal, only less than 1/10 of the usual quantity of ozone is generated. The level of ozone expelled from the printer is therefore not harmful to the human body. Applicable safety standards have been complied with.

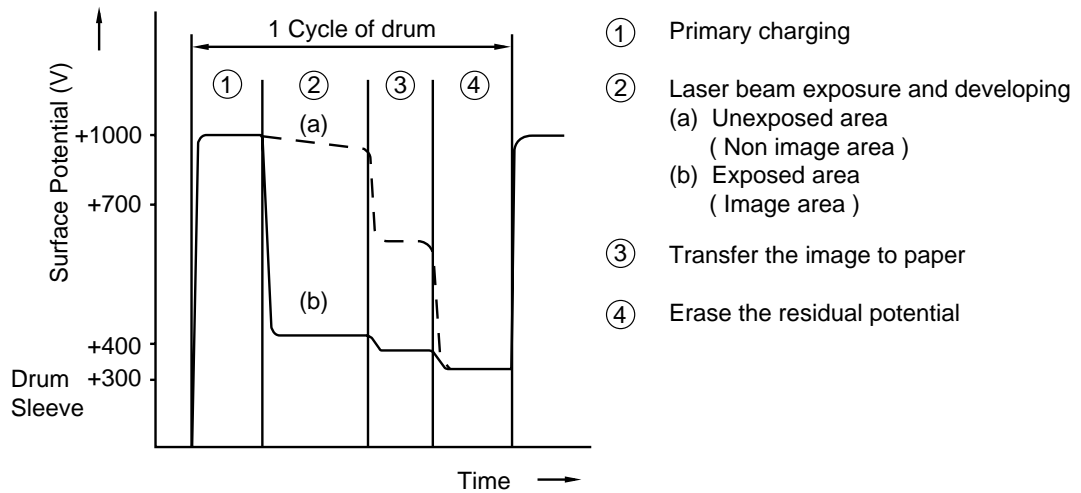
### 2.5.2 Exposure stage

After the drum is positively charged, it is exposed to the light emitted from the laser unit.



**Fig. 2.32**

The exposed area is the part to be printed. The surface potential of the exposed area is recreated forming an electrostatic image to be printed.



**Fig. 2.33**

### 2.5.3 Developing

Developing causes the toner to be attracted to the electrostatic image on the drum so as to transform it into a visible image.

The Developer Consists of the non-magnetic toner. The developer roller made of conductive rubber and the supply roller made of conductive sponge rotate on each other. The toner is charged and carried from the supply roller to the developer roller. Thus, the toner is adhered to the developer roller and conveyed to the drum with its thickness made even by the blade. The toner is nipped between the developer roller and the drum and developed on the latent image. Electrostatic field between the drum and the developer roller, which is DC-biased from the High-voltage power supply, makes electrostatic potential to attract toner particles from the developer roller to the drum.

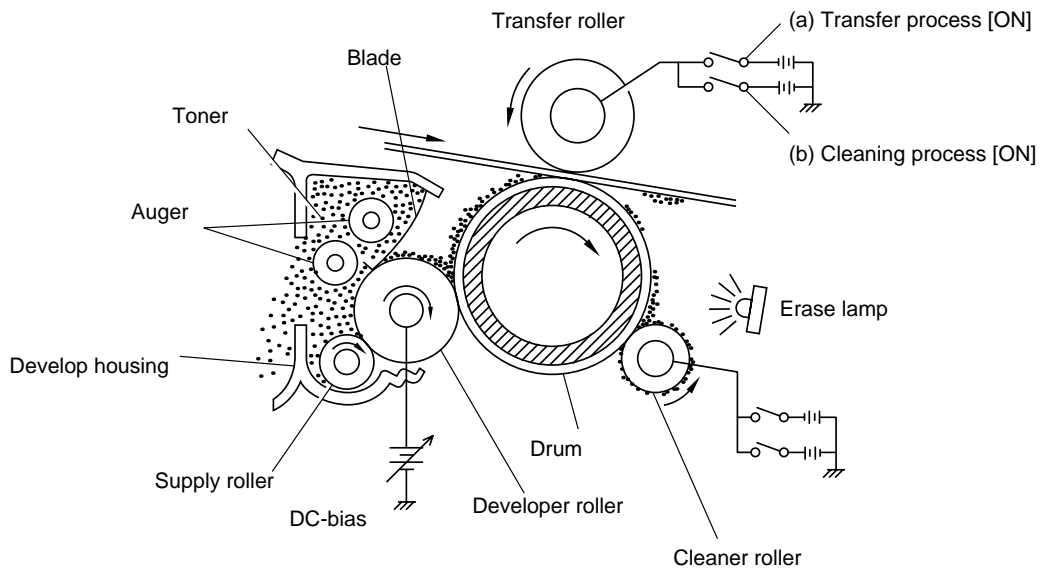


Fig. 2.34

### 2.5.4 Transfer

#### (a) Transfer process

After the drum has been charged and exposed, and has received a developed image, the toner formed image is transferred onto the paper, applying the negative charge from the backside of the paper. The negative charge to the paper causes the positive charged toner to leave the drum, and adhere to the paper. As a result, the image is visible on the paper.

#### (b) Cleaning process of transfer roller

If the toner is not transferred onto the paper perfectly due to jamming etc., it is possible that the toner adheres to the charge transfer roller. The transfer voltage charges to positive voltage during non transferring process. Therefore the transfer roller is cleaned by returning the positive charged toner adhered on the transfer roller onto the photo-conductive drum.

### **2.5.5 Drum Cleaning Stage**

In the image transfer stage, not all the toner on the photosensitive drum is transferred onto the paper but some of them remain on the drum. In the drum cleaning stage, the drum surface is cleaned by the cleaning roller, so that residual toner on the drum surface is removed away and collected in the cleaning roller itself. The residual toner in the cleaning roller will be discharged to the drum when starting or unprinting the toner will be collected by a developing roller and reused (for further developing).

### **2.5.6 Erasing Stage**

Before the cleaning stage, the drum surface is exposed by the light emitted from the erase lamp. (LED lamp) This stage prepares the drum to decrease its surface voltage uniformly, and to receive an uniform change in the primary charging stage.



## CHAPTER III DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

### 1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

To prevent the creation of secondary problems by mishandling, be careful about the following precautions during maintenance work.

- (1) Always turn off the power switch and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before accessing any parts inside the printer.
- (2) Be careful not to lose screws, washers, or other parts removed.
- (3) Be sure to apply grease to the gears and applicable positions specified in this chapter.
- (4) When using soldering irons or other heat-generating tools, take care not to damage the resin parts such as wires, PCBs, and covers.
- (5) Before handling the PCBs, touch a metal portion of the equipment to discharge the static electricity charged in your body, or the electronic parts or components may be damaged.
- (6) When transporting PCBs, be sure to wrap them in conductive sheet such as aluminum foil.
- (7) Be sure to replace self-tapping screws correctly, if removed. Unless otherwise specified, tighten screws to the following torque values.

TAPTITE, BIND or CUP B

M3 : 6kgf • cm

M4 : 9kgf • cm

TAPTITE, BIND S

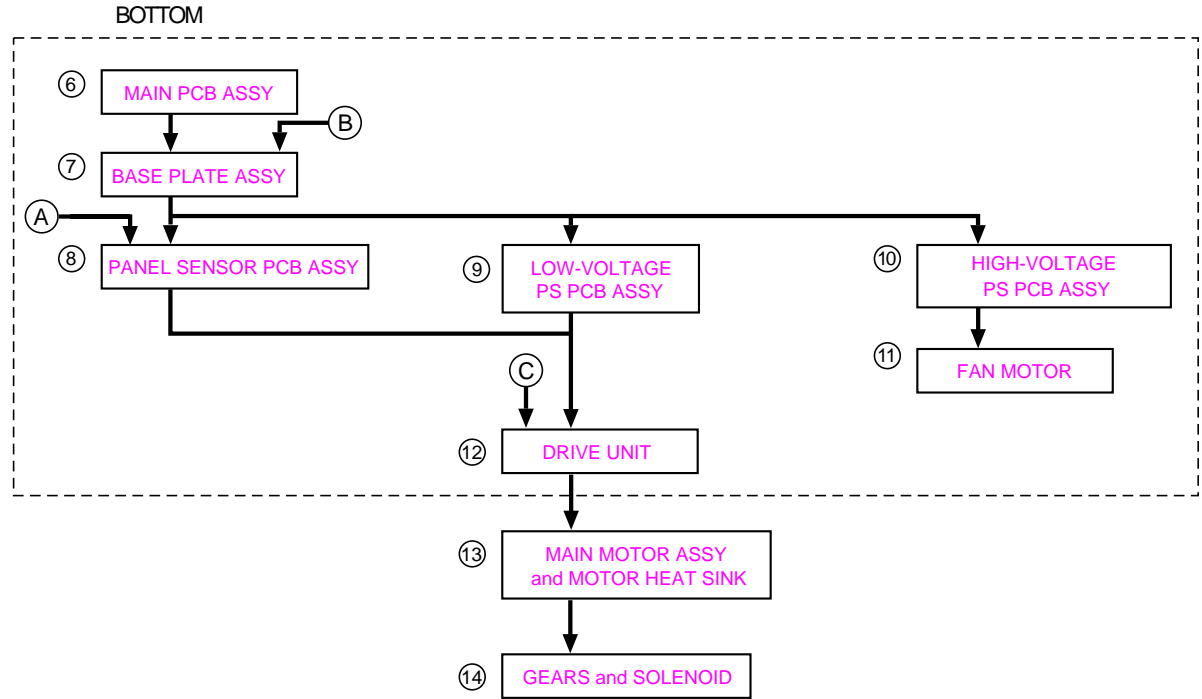
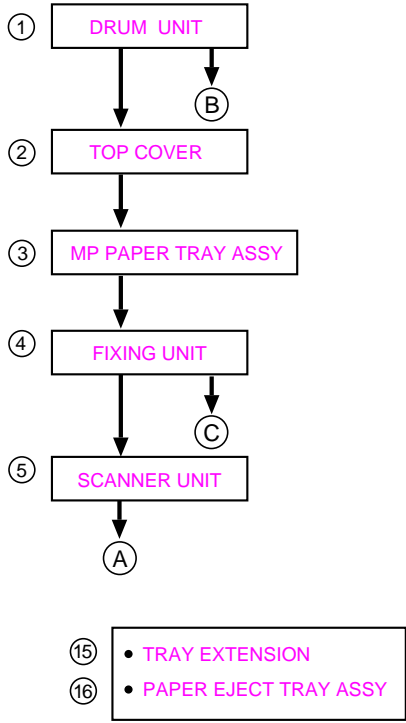
M3 : 9kgf • cm

SCREW

M3 : 7kgf • cm

M4 : 10kgf • cm

- (8) When connecting or disconnecting cable connectors, hold the connector bodies, but not the cables. If the connector has a lock, release the connector lock first to unlock it.
- (9) After a repair, check not only the repaired portion but also the connectors, or check if other related portions are functioning properly before doing operation checks.



2. DISASSEMBLING FLOW

### 3. DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE

#### 3.1 Drum Unit

- (1) Open the top cover.
- (2) Lift out the drum unit.

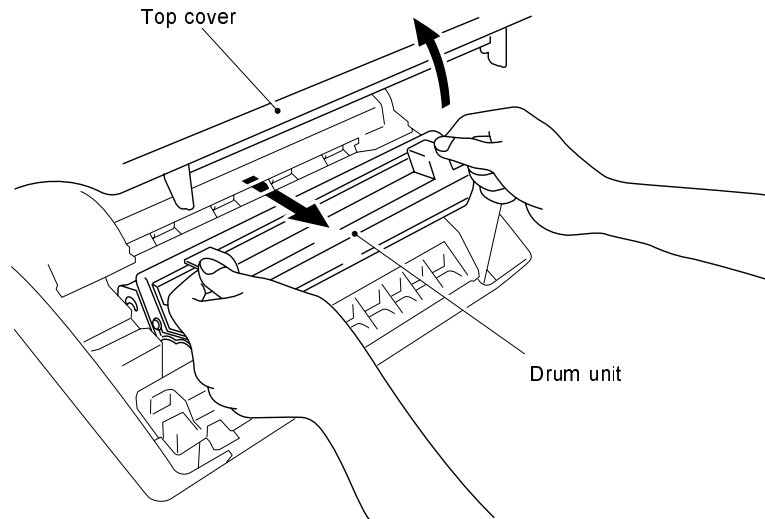


Fig. 3.1

#### 3.2 Top Cover

- (1) Open the top cover to the first lock position.
- (2) Prize up the top cover link and free it from the dowel on the top cover to release it inward.
- (3) Press the link downward.

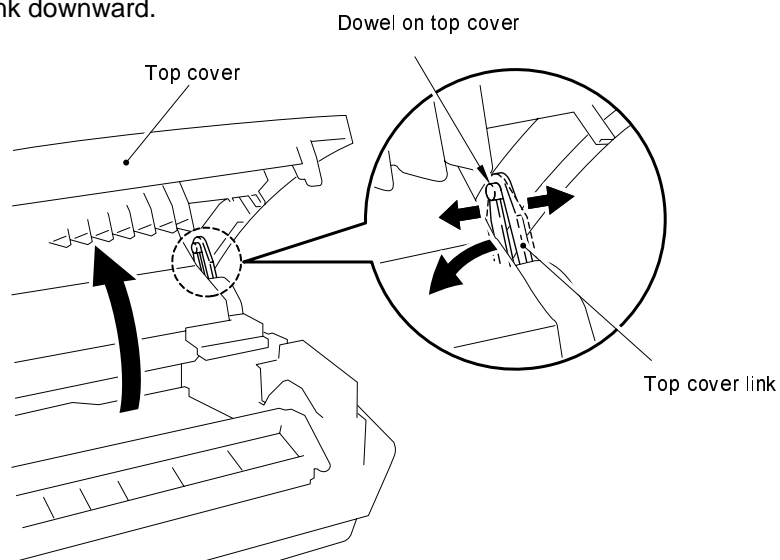
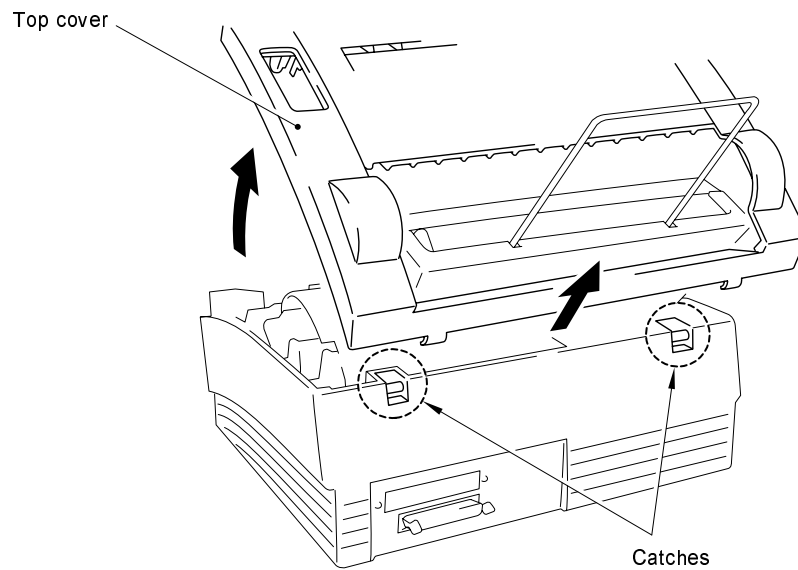


Fig. 3.2

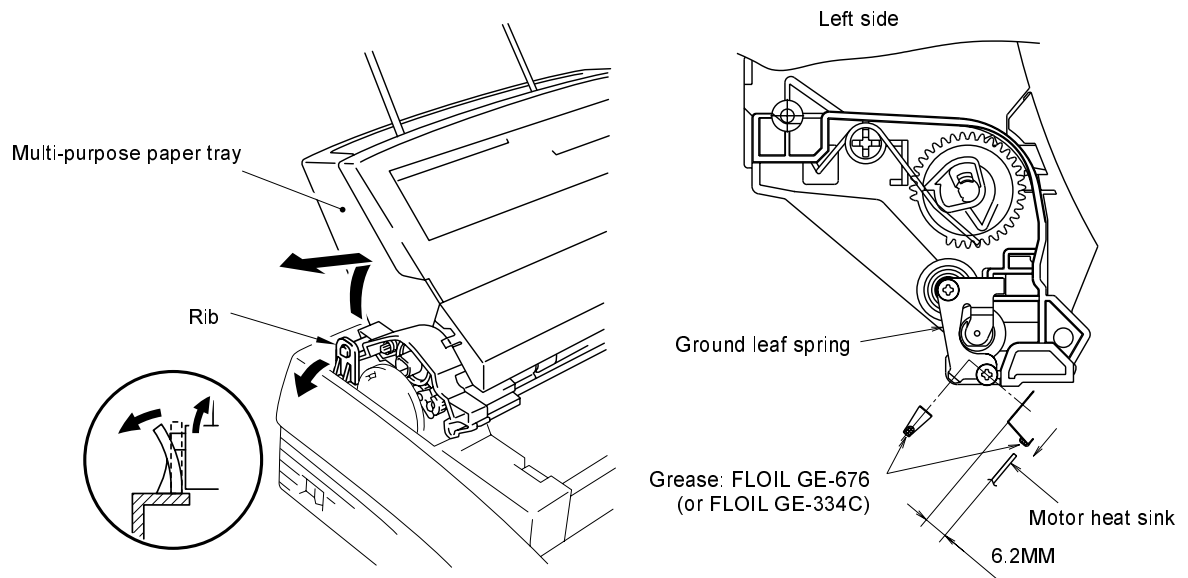
- (4) Open the top cover further, release the catch of the both side by sliding the top cover backward.



**Fig. 3.3**

### 3.3 Multi-purpose Paper Tray Assy

- (1) Tilt the left outward and pull out the MP tray. It is not necessary to tilt the right rib.

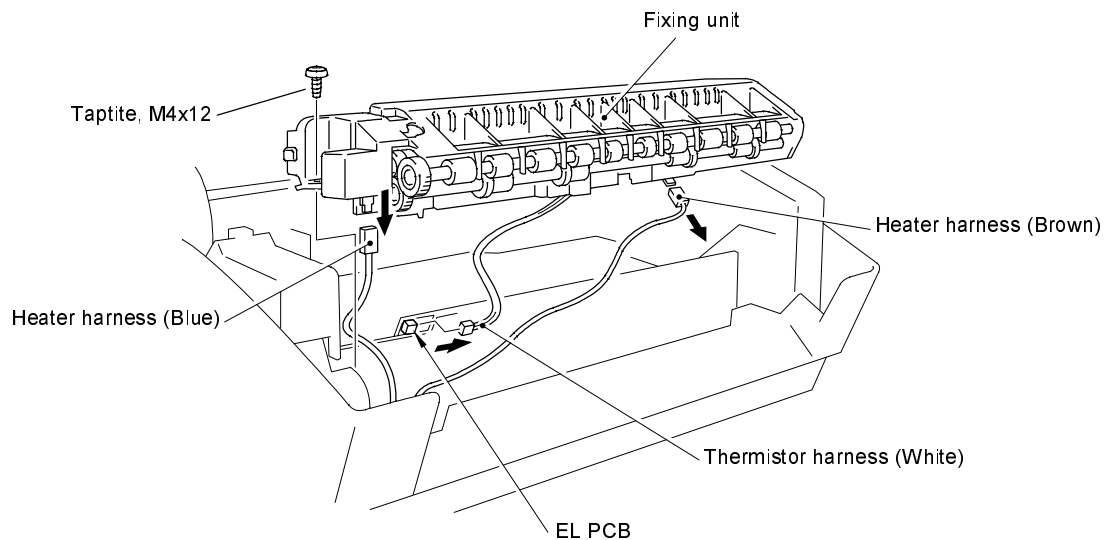


**Fig. 3.4**

**NOTE:** When reassembling, apply a suitable amount of grease (2 rice-grain size) between the heat sink of the motor and the ground leaf spring in case of grease shortage.

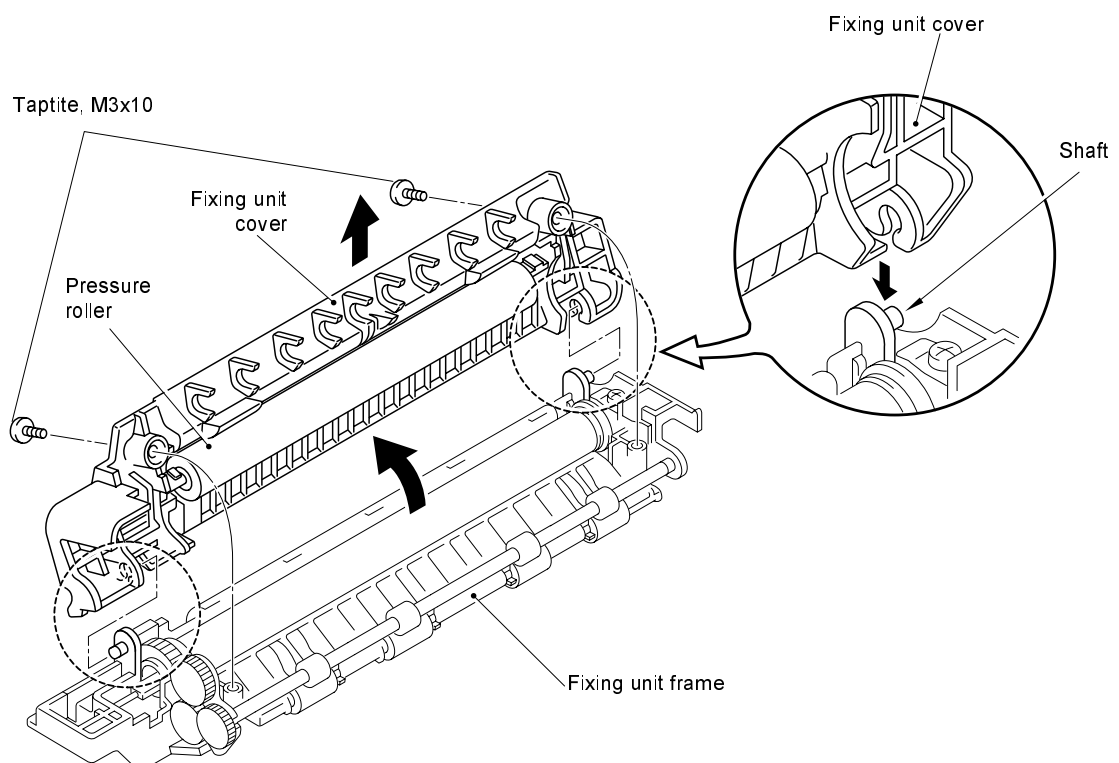
### 3.4 Fixing Unit

- (1) Remove the M4x12 screw securing the fixing unit.
- (2) Lifting up the fixing unit, disconnect the two heater harnesses and remove the connector of thermistor on EL PCB.



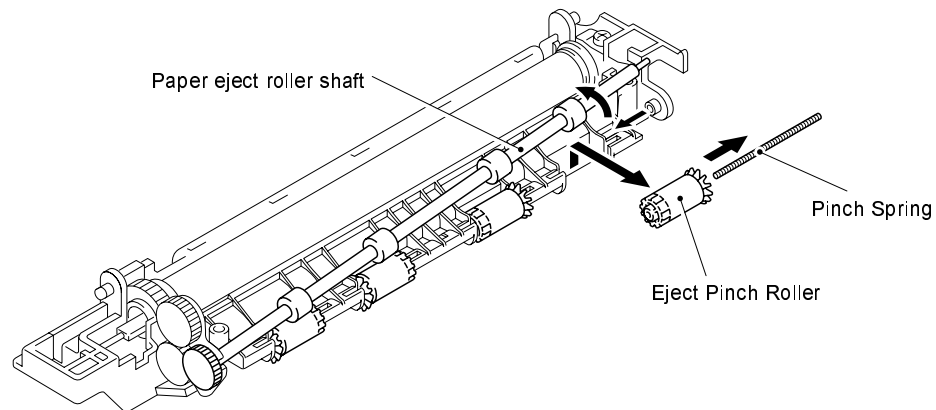
**Fig. 3.5**

- (3) Remove the two M3x10 screws.
- (4) Open the fixing unit cover along the open side of the fixing unit cover.



**Fig. 3.5a**

- (5) Release the right side of the paper eject roller shaft.
- (6) Remove the four eject pinch rollers and the pinch springs from the fixing unit frame. Then, remove the pinch spring from each pinch roller.

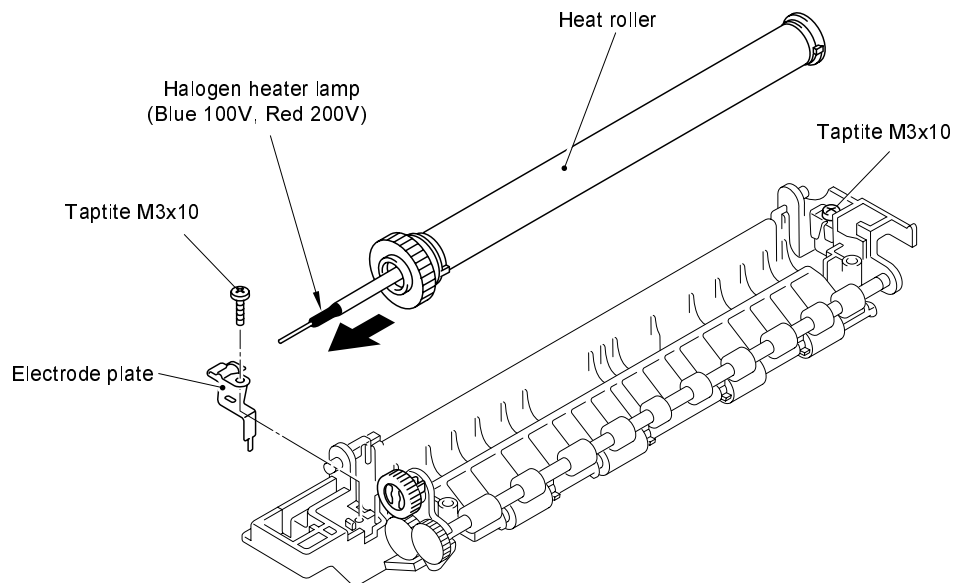


**Fig. 3.5b**

- (7) Remove the M3x10 screw securing the electrode plate to remove the electrode plate from the fixing unit frame.
- (8) Loosen the other M3x10 screw securing the fixing unit cover.
- (9) Remove the heat roller. Then, remove the halogen heater lamp from the heat roller.

**Caution:**

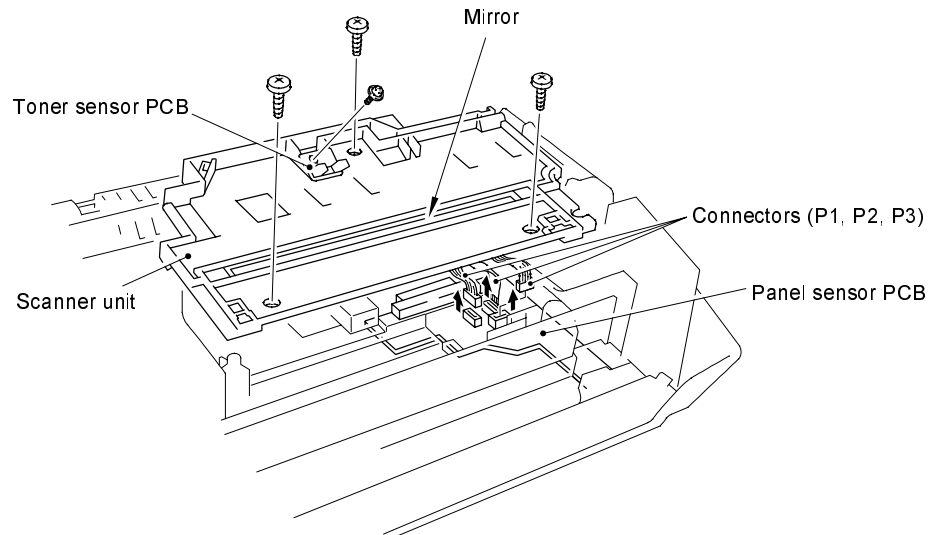
*Never touch the surface of the halogen heater lamp and the heat roller.*



**Fig. 3.5c**

### 3.5 Scanner Unit

- (1) Remove the three screws.
- (2) Lift out the scanner unit.
- (3) Disconnect the three connectors of the scanner unit from the panel sensor PCB.
- (4) Remove the screw and disassemble the Toner sensor PCB from the Scanner unit.

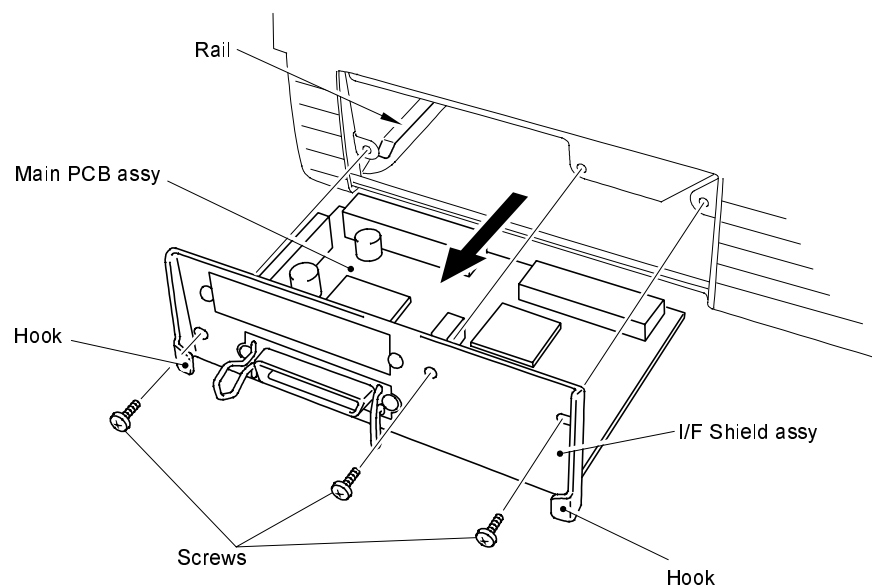


**Fig. 3.6**

*NOTE: Never touch the inside of the scanner unit or the mirror when disassembling or reassembling. If there is any garbage or dust on the mirror, blow it off.*

### 3.6 Main PCB Assy

- (1) Remove three screws securing the main PCB holder on the back side of the printer.
- (2) Grasp the hooks at left and right and draw out the main PCB Assy.

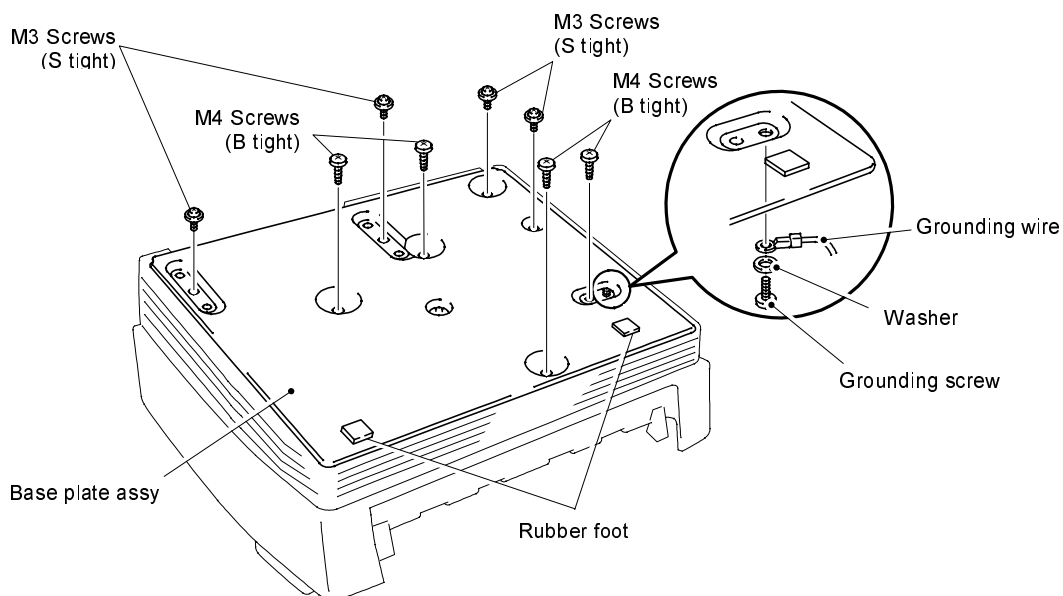


**Fig. 3.7**

### 3.7 Base Plate Assy

**NOTE** Prior to turning the printer upside-down, drum unit should be removed from the printer.

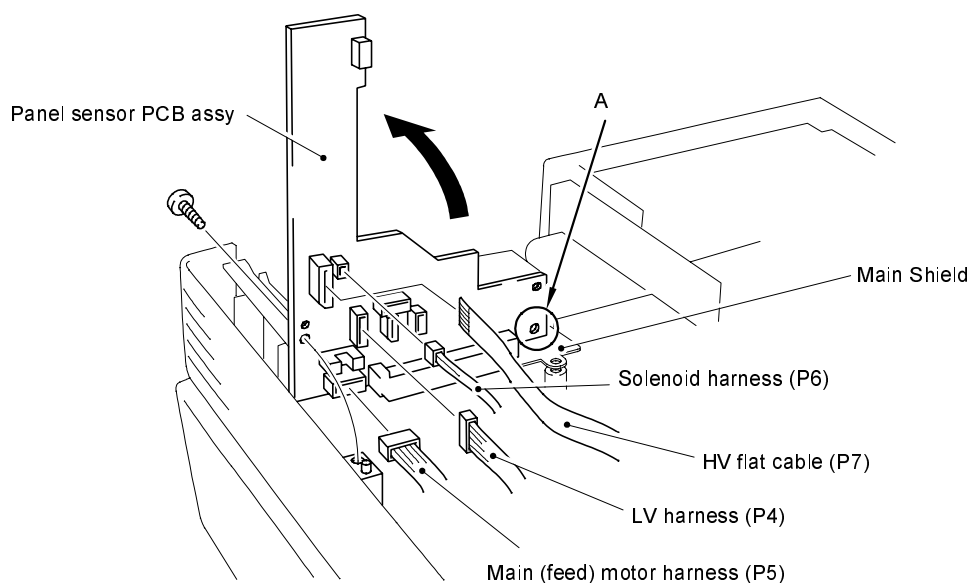
- (1) Turn the printer upside down.
- (2) Remove the four M4 and four M3 tapping screws.
- (3) Lift out the base plate assy and remove the grounding screw.



**Fig. 3.8**

### 3.8 Panel sensor PCB Assy

- (1) Remove the screw securing the panel sensor PCB assy. (Remove the part A from under the main shield)
- (2) Disconnect the seven connectors from the PCB (The three connectors have already disconnected at the disassembling scanner unit. See page, III-5 ).



**Fig. 3.9**

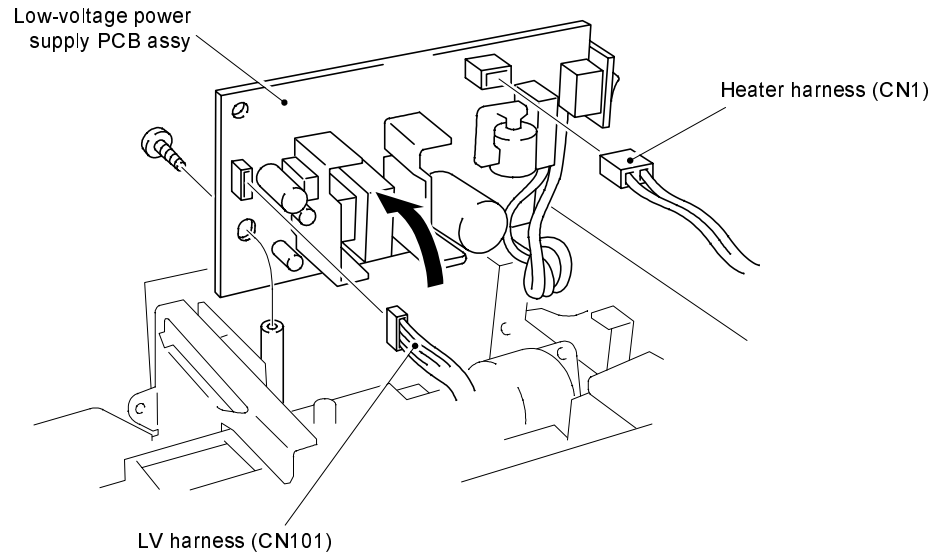


*NOTE1: When reassembling, the connectors must be inserted to the PCB without floating and the PCB must not be floated by the harnesses.*

*NOTE2: The connector should be inserted by fitting the housing color and the pin number.*

### 3.9 Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Assy

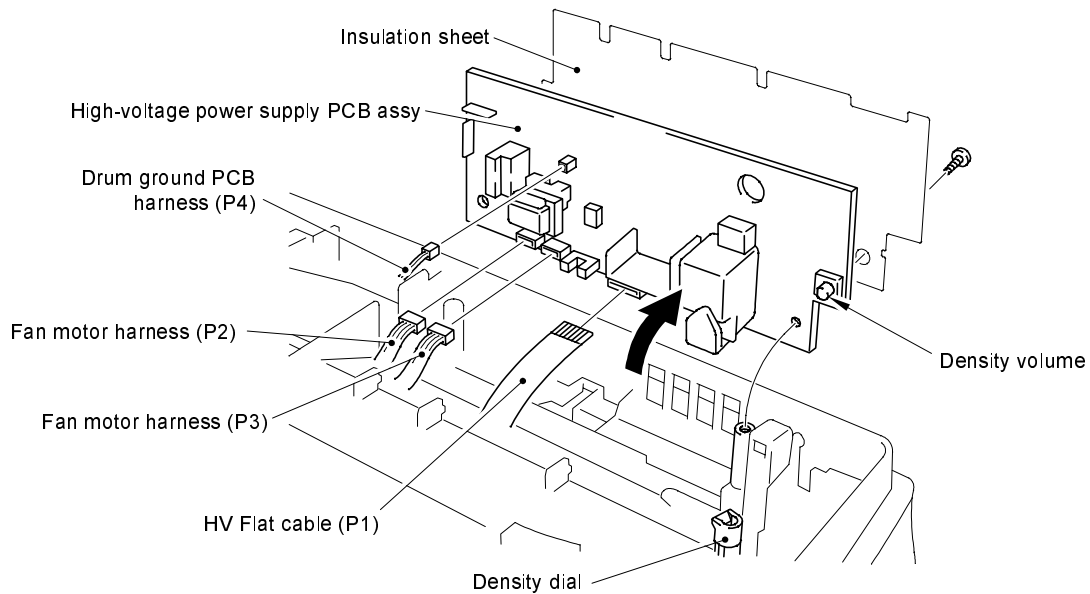
- (1) Remove the screw securing the low-voltage power supply PCB assy.
- (2) Disconnect the two connectors from the component side of the PCB.



**Fig. 3.10**

### 3.10 High-voltage Power Supply PCB Assy

- (1) Remove the screw securing the high-voltage power supply PCB assy.
- (2) Disconnect the four connectors from the PCB.

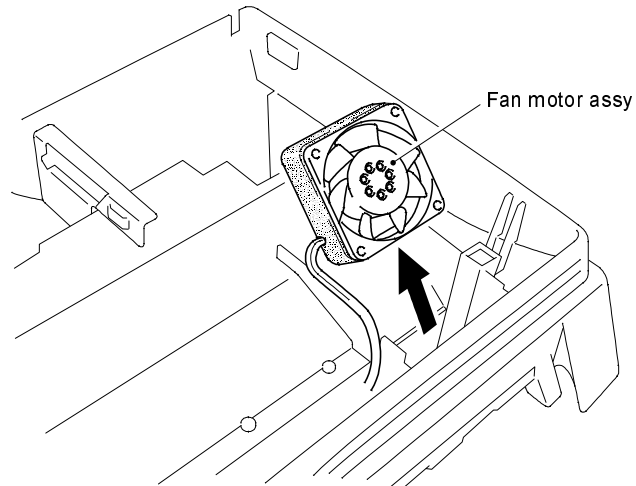


**Fig. 3.11**

*NOTE: When reassembling, the density volume must be fitted into the cut side of the density dial.*

### 3.11 Fan Motor

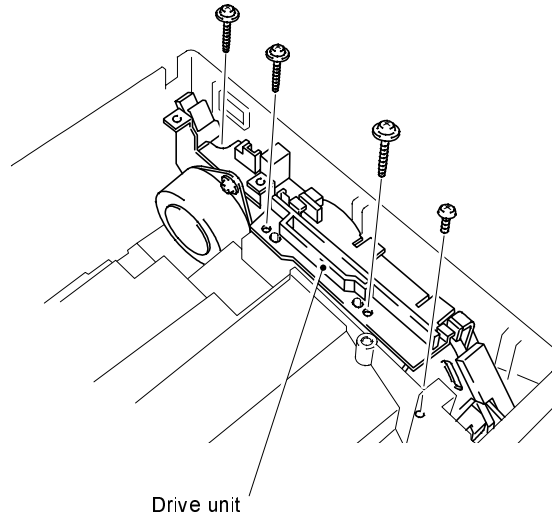
- (1) Disconnect the connector from the high-voltage power supply PCB. ( It has been disconnected already. See above)
- (2) Take off the fan motor assy.



**Fig. 3.12**

### 3.12 Drive Unit

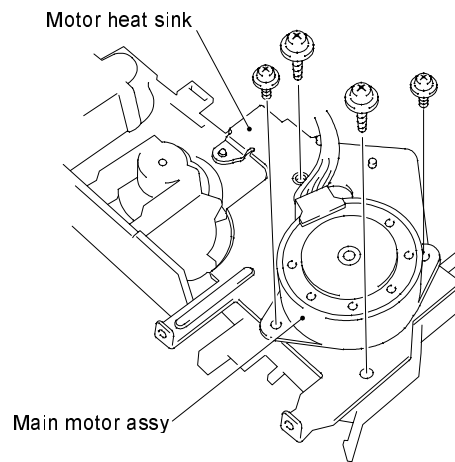
- (1) Remove the four screws securing the drive unit.



**Fig. 3.13**

### 3.13 Main Motor Assy and Motor Heat Sink

- (1) Remove the two screws securing the main motor assy.
- (2) Remove the two screws securing the motor heat sink.

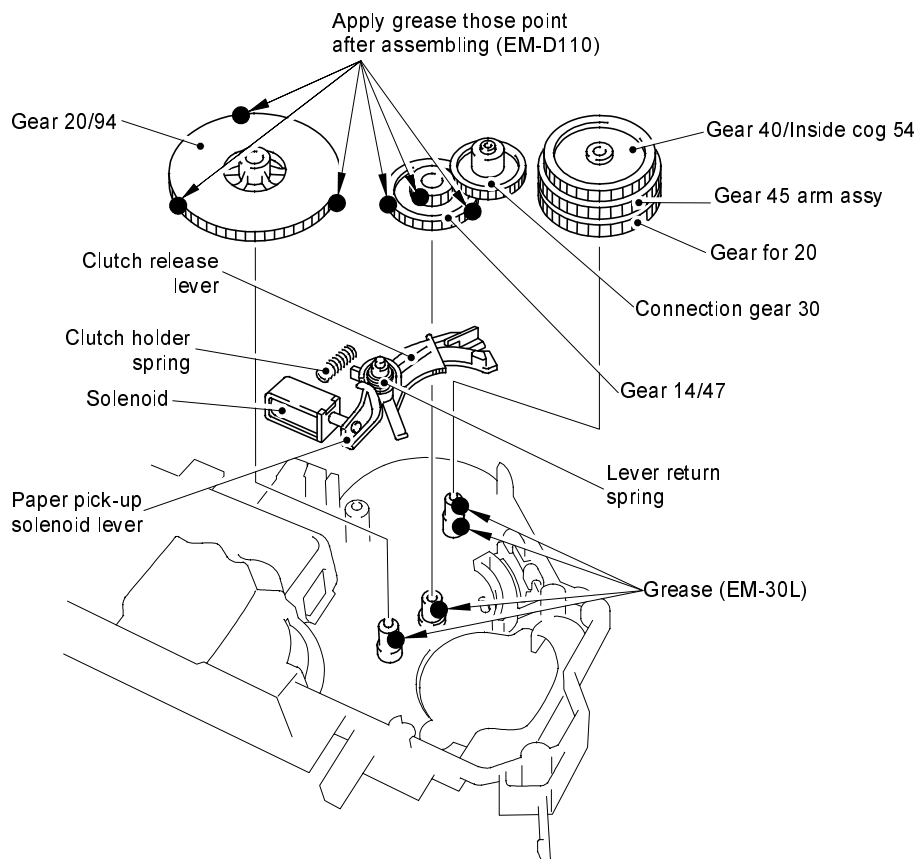


**Fig. 3.14**

### 3.14 Gears and Solenoid

- (1) Apply grease the point as shown below.

Grease: MOLYKOTE EM-30L TKC-0  
MOLYKOTE EM-D110



*NOTE: Apply EM-30L to the small gears (2 pcs.) inside "Gear 45 arm assy".*

**Fig. 3.15**

### 3.15 Tray Extension

- (1) Put the tray extension assy down toward the front of the printer, and pull the bottom of its both side legs outward to release it.

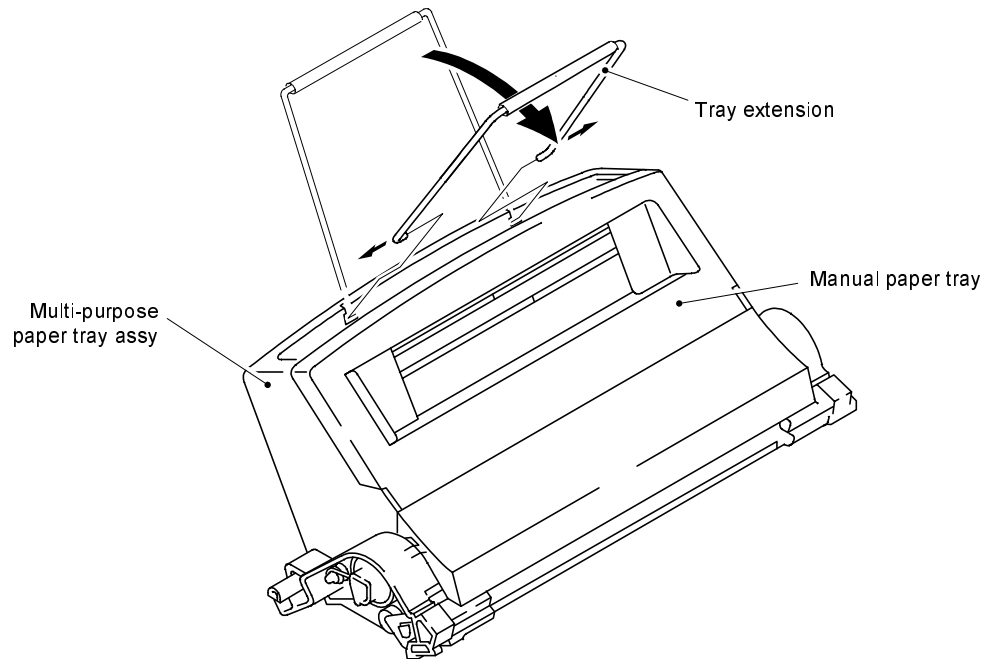


Fig. 3.16

### 3.16 Paper Eject Tray Assy

- (1) Open the paper eject tray.
- (2) Press the both sides of hinges of the paper eject tray inward to release it from the holes on the top cover.
- (3) Press the tray extension toward the arrays and remove it.

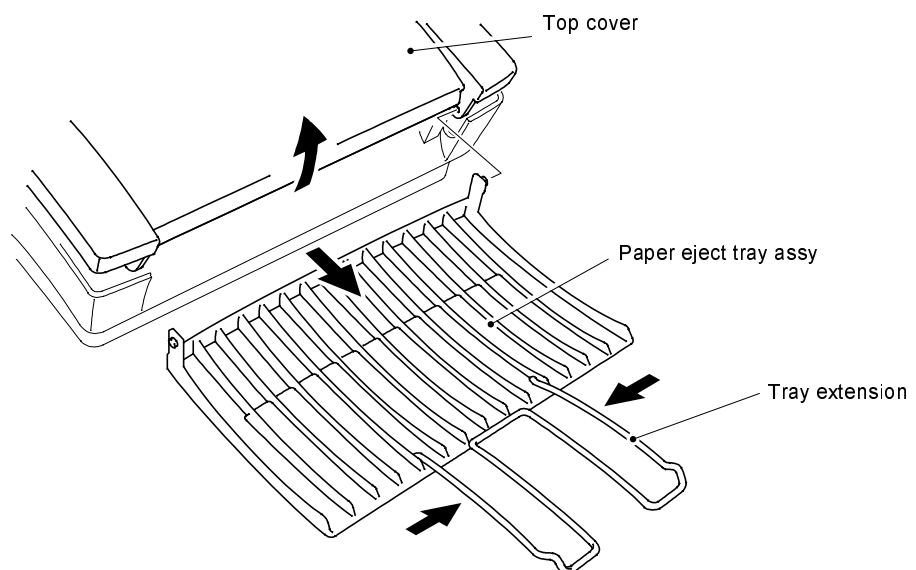
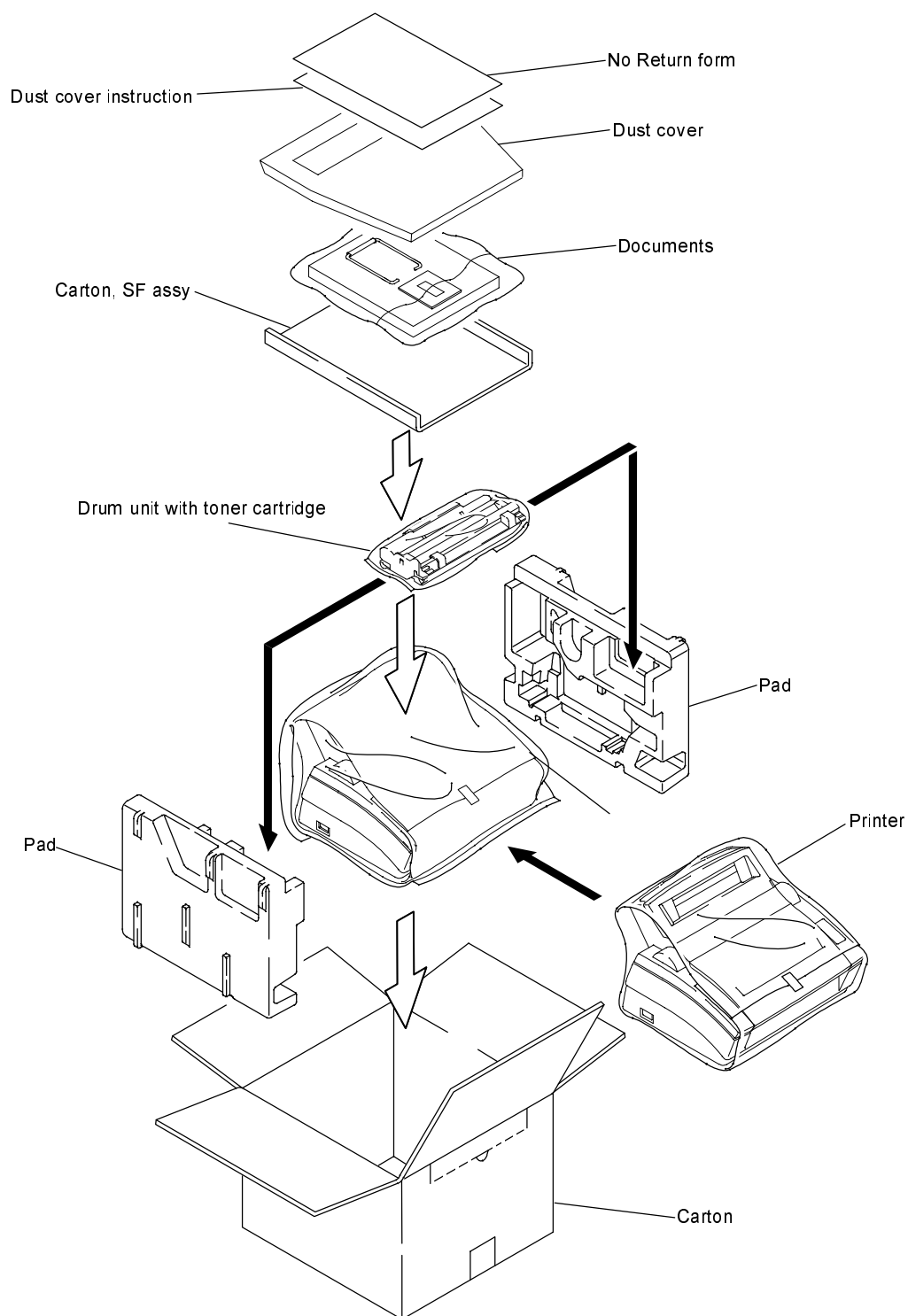


Fig. 3.17

## 4. PACKING



**Fig. 3.18**

## CHAPTER IV TROUBLESHOOTING

### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Initial Check

##### (1) Operating environment

Check if :

- 1) The source voltage stays within  $\pm 10\%$  from the rating voltage shown on the rating plate.
- 2) The printer is installed on a solid, level surface.
- 3) The room temperature is maintained between 10°C and 32.5°C. The relative humidity is maintained between 20% and 80%.
- 4) The printer is not exposed to ammonia fumes or other harmful gases.
- 5) The printer is not located in a hot or humid area (such as near water or a humidifier)
- 6) The printer is not exposed to direct sunlight.
- 7) The room is well-ventilated

##### (2) Printer paper

Check if :

- 1) A recommended type of print paper is being used (if the paper is too thick or too thin, or tends to curl, paper jams or paper feed problems may occur, or prints may be blurred).
- 2) The print paper is damped. [If so, use fresh paper, and check whether the print quality improves or not.]

##### (3) Consumables

Check if :

- 1) The toner LED is not lit on the display when a toner cartridge is installed in the printer. [If the above LED is lit, replace the cartridge with a new one. If blank spots occur on prints, take out the process cartridge and slowly rock it to distribute the toner evenly.]

##### (4) Others

Condensation:

When the printer is moved from a cold room into a warm room in cold weather, condensation may occur inside the printer, causing various problems as below:

- 1) Condensation on the optical surface such as the scanning mirror, lenses, the reflection mirror and the protection glass may raise/cause the print image to be light.
- 2) If the photosensitive drum is cold, the electrical resistance of the photosensitive layer gets high, making it impossible to obtain a correct contrast in printing.
- 3) Condensation on the corona unit may cause corona leakage.
- 4) Condensation on the hopper gate and separation pad may cause paper feed troubles.

If condensation has occurred, wipe the effected units or parts with a dry cloth.

If the process cartridge is unsealed soon after moved from a cold room to a warm room, condensation may occur inside the cartridge, which may cause incorrect image. Instruct the user to allow the cartridge to come to room temperature before unsealing it. This will take one to two hours.

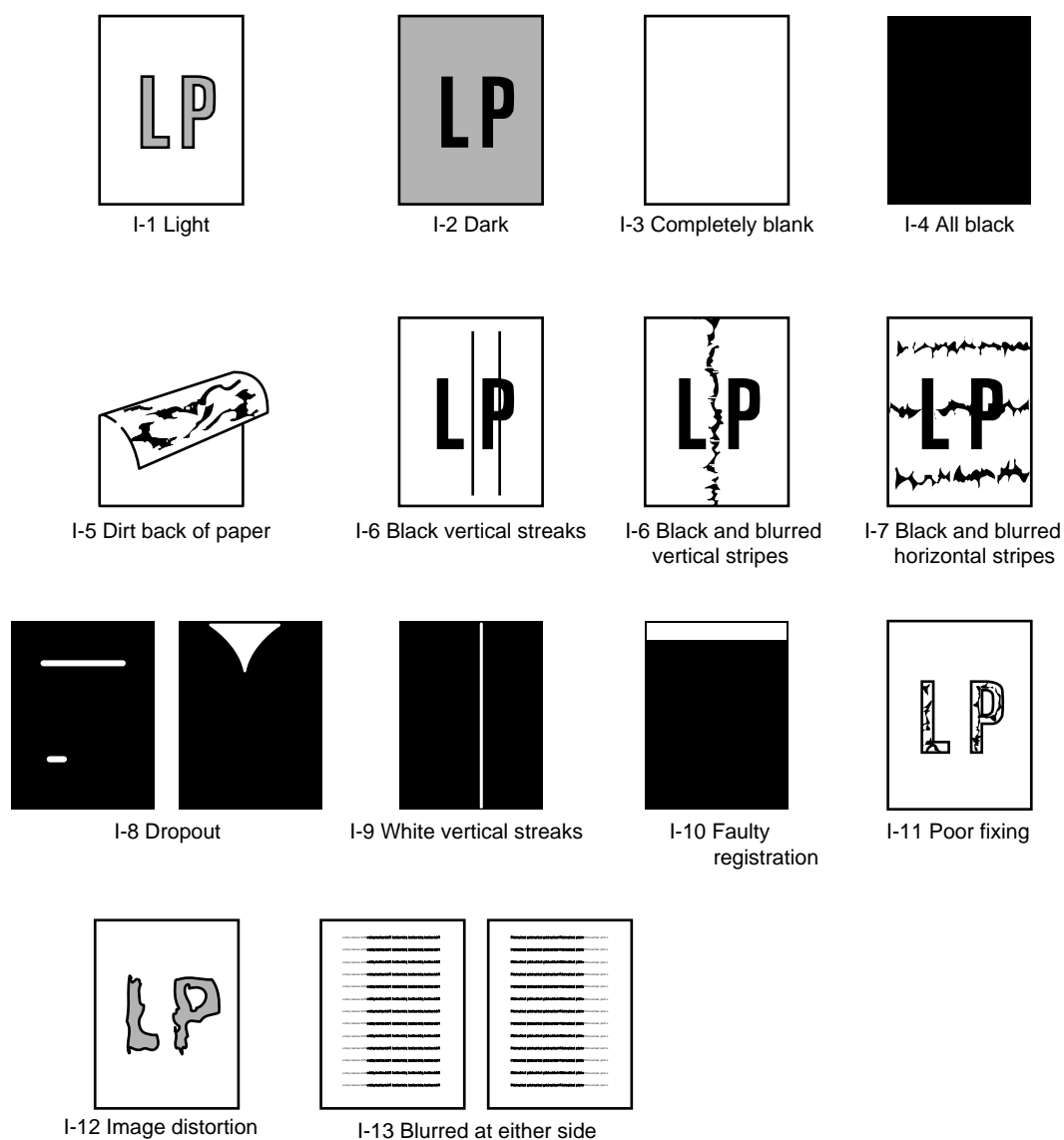
## **1.2 Basic Procedure**

If a malfunction or incorrect print is appeared, make an initial check, then follow the basic procedure below:

- (1) Check the error lamps according to the procedure of inspection mode described on the later pages of this section. If no error lamp is lit, see Section 4 for troubleshooting.
- (2) If any incorrect image is found, follow the image defect description in this section.

## 2. IMAGE DEFECTS

### 2.1 Image Defect Examples



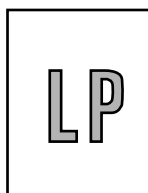
**Fig. 4.1**



## 2.2 Troubleshooting Image Defects

Procedures to be followed in the event of specific image defects.

I-1	Light
-----	-------



Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Scanner window	1	Is the scanner window dirt?	Yes	Clean the scanner window with a soft dry cloth.
Poor contrast	2	Is the contrast adjustment dial in the center of the click position?	No	Set it to the center click position or reasonable position.
Toner sensing failure (toner cartridge side)	3	Is the problem solved when 4 or 5 pages are printed after the cartridge is replaced with a full one?	Yes	The wiper of the toner cartridge is defective. Replace the toner cartridge.
Toner sensing failure (printer side)	4	Can printing be started with the drum unit removed?	Yes	Toner sensor failure. Check if the toner sensor needs cleaning and check the toner sensor connection.
Drum connection failure	5	Is the drum shaft connected with electrode when the drum unit is installed?	No	Clean contact electrodes between the printer body and the drum shaft of drum unit.
Transfer electrode contact failure	6	Is there continuity between the transfer roller shaft and the transfer electrode on the external drum unit?	Yes	Remove the transfer roller and clean the contact electrode. Clean the external electrode.
Transfer failure	7	Is the problem solved when the transfer roller is replaced?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
Developing bias contact failure	8	Are the developing bias contacts between the printer body and the drum unit soiled?	Yes	Clean the terminals of both sides.
High-voltage power supply failure	9	Open the top cover and measure the voltage at the electrode plate at the right side face while printing defeated. Is the voltage correct?	No	Check the harness connection between the high-voltage power supply and the panel sensor PCB. If the connection is normal, replace the high-voltage power supply PCB.
Panel sensor PCB failure	10	Perform the same check as step 8 above.	No	Replace the panel sensor PCB.

I-2	Dark
-----	------



Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Contrast failure	1	Is the contrast adjustment dial at the center click position?	No	Set it to the center click position or reasonable position.
Corona failure (soiled wire)	2	Is the corona wire soiled?	Yes	Clean the corona wire.
Corona failure (contact failure)	3	Are the corona electrodes between the printer body and drum unit soiled?	No	Clean both electrodes.
Drum unit failure	4	Is the problem solved when the drum unit is replaced?	No	Replace the drum unit with a new one.

I-3	Completely blank
-----	------------------



Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Developing bias contract failure	1	Are the developing bias contacts between the printer body and drum unit solid?	Yes	Clean the electrodes at both sides.
Scanner harness connection failure	2	Is the scanner LD control harness connected normally? Is there any play in the connection?	Yes	Connect the connector correctly.
Main / panel sensor PCB connection failure	3	Are printing signals being input to the scanner?	No	Replace the main PCB or Panel sensor PCB.
Scanner unit failure	4	Problem of scanner interlock lever. Scanner mirror is bending or coming off.	Yes	Replace the scanner unit.
Drum unit failure	5	Defective D/R nip of drum unit.	Yes	Replace the drum unit.

I-4	All black
-----	-----------



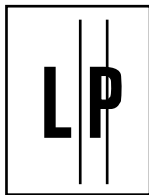
Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Corona failure	1	Is the drum unit corona wire broken?	No	Replace the drum unit.
Ditto	2	Are the charging terminal spring at the printer body side and the electrode on the bottom face of the drum unit dirty?	Yes	Clean the charging wire at the both sides.
Ditto	3	When printing is performed with the interlocks defeated, is the specified voltage measured at the charging spring at the printer body side?	Yes	Check the connection of the harness between the high-voltage power supply and the panel sensor PCB.
Ditto	4	Perform the same check as in step 3.	No	Replace the panel sensor PCB.

I-4	All black
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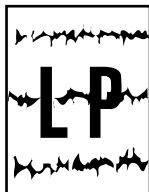
Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Soiled fixing unit	1(A)	Is the area of about 50mm from the top on the back of paper soiled?	Yes	No failure on the fixing unit, clean the transfer roller. (See below.)
	1(B)	Is other area rather than the above soiled?	Yes	Replace the fixing unit.
Soiling of the transfer roller	2	Is the transfer roller soiled?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
Fogging	3	Is the back of the paper fogged?	Yes	See item I-2.

I-6	Black vertical streaks	Black and blurred vertical stripes
-----	------------------------	------------------------------------



Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Drum unit failure	1	Are the vertical streaks about 1 - 5 length at 94mm intervals?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
Soiling of the paper feed system	2	Is the paper tray of feed system on the drum unit soiled with toner?	Yes	Clean the toner off.
Corona failure	3	Are the vertical block streak about 10mm width? Has the corona wire cleaner failed to return to its home position?	Yes	Return the wire cleaner or its home position.
Corona failure	4	Is the corona wire soiled?	Yes	Clean the corona wire.
Scanner window	5	Is the scanner window dirt?	Yes	Clean the scanner window with a soft dry cloth.
Scratch on the drum	6	Remove the transfer roller. Is the surface of the drum scratched?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
Cleaning failure	7	Is the drum surface soiled in streaks?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
Scratch on the fixing unit	8	Is the drum surface still soiled in streaks even after replacing the drum unit?	Yes	Replace the fixing unit.

I-7	Black and blurred horizontal stripes
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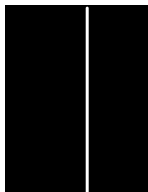
Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Scratch on the drum	1	Are the horizontal stripes at 94mm intervals?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
Toner stuck on the develop roller	2	Are the horizontal stripes at 17mm intervals?	Yes	Print several sheets and see what happens. The problem will disappear after a while.
Scratch on the fixing roller	3	Are the horizontal streaks at 50 mm intervals?	Yes	Replace the fixing unit.

I-8	Dropout
-----	---------



Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Transfer failure	1	Is the transfer roller soiled? Is it scratched?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.
High-voltage power supply failure	2	Open the top cover and measure the voltage at the transfer electrode plate at the right side while printing with the interlocks defeated. Is the voltage correct?	Yes	Check the harness connection between the high-voltage power supply and the panel sensor PCB. If the connection is normal, replace the high-voltage power supply PCB.

I-9	White vertical streaks
-----	------------------------



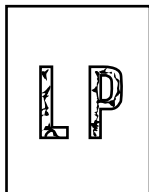
Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Scanner soiling	1	Is the window of the laser scanner soiled?	Yes	Clean the window with a dry tissue.
Transfer failure	2	Is the transfer roller scratched?	Yes	Replace the drum unit.

I-10	Faulty registration
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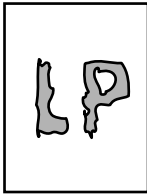
Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Excessive paper load	1	Is the amount of paper loaded to the paper tray more than 22mm thick?	Yes	Instruct the user to keep paper loads below 22mm in thickness.
Printer paper	2	Is the specified weight of the recommended paper being used?	No	Instruct the user to use the recommended types of paper.
Ditto	3	Is the first printing position within $\pm 1$ mm of the tolerance specification?	Yes	Adjust the Y offset by using the utility software supplied.
Top of form sensor position failure	4	Is the position of the top of form sensor normal?	No	Reposition the sensor to the normal position.

I-11	Poor fixing
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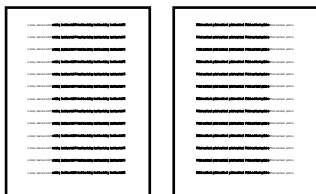
Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Printing paper	1	Is thick paper more than 36 lb. being used?	Yes	Instruct the user to use paper of the recommended thickness.
Toner sensing failure	2	Is the problem solved by replacing the drum unit or the toner cartridge? (When printing is faint.)	Yes	Toner is empty. As toner sensing is defective, clean the toner sensor. If the wiper of the toner cartridge is broken, replace the toner cartridge with a new one.
Fixing unit nip failure	3	Is the nip width in the fixing unit insufficient? Is the nip spring (P/R spring) unconnected?	Yes	Connect the spring or replace the fixing unit.
Thermistor failure	4	Measure the temperature of heat roller surface during printing. Is the temperature correct (160°C)?	No	Replace the fixing unit.

I-12	Image distortion
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Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Scanner	1	Is the scanner unit secured to the frame normally? Is there any play?	Yes	Secure the unit normally with the screws.
Scanner LD emission failure Scanner motor rotation failure	2	Is laser portion of the laser scanner motor defective?	Yes	Replace the scanner unit.
Scanner connection failure	3	Is the scanner harness connected normally? Is it coming loose?	Yes	Connect the harness tightly.

I-13	Blurred at either side
------	------------------------



Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Leaning of the printer	1	Is the printer placed horizontally?	No	Place the printer on a flat table.
Drum unit	2	Is the problem happened just after replacing the drum unit with a new one?	Yes	Shake the drum unit horizontally with care.



### 3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF MALFUNCTIONS

Always turn off the power switch and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before accessing any parts inside the printer.

**In case that you analyze malfunctions with the plug inserted into the outlet, such as checking the supply voltage, special caution should be exercised even if the power switch is OFF because it is one way off type. Touching the power supply PCB may cause to struck you by electricity.**

When carrying out the countermeasures for malfunctions described in this section, make sure to check connectors for contact failure before measuring the voltage at specified connector pins.

M-1	No AC power supplied
-----	----------------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Supply voltage	1	Is the correct voltage present at the outlet?	No	Inform the user that the correct voltage is not supplied at the outlet.
Power plug	2	Is the power cord securely plugged into the outlet?	No	Plug the power cord securely into the outlet.
Fuse (F1)	3	Is the fuse blown?	Yes	If the fuse blows again immediately after replacing low-voltage power supply PCB. Check if there is a short circuit somewhere in the AC power supply line.
Wiring	4	Unplug the power supply plug. Is there a broken wire between the AC input connector of the low-voltage power supply and the power plug?	Yes	Replace the AC power cord.

M-2	No DC power
-----	-------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy											
AC power supply	1	Is AC power supplied between connectors CN1-L and CN1-N when the power plug is plugged into the outlet?	No	Follow the same check procedure of M-1 “No AC power supplied”.											
Wiring, DC load	2	<p>Turn the power switch OFF and disconnect the P4 connector (panel sensor PCB). Measure the voltages between the terminals. Do the measured voltage satisfy the prescribed value in the table below?</p> <table><tr><th>PCB</th><th>+ lead pin</th><th>- lead pin</th><th>Voltage</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Panel sensor</td><td>P4-1</td><td>P4-4</td><td>Approx. 24 V</td></tr><tr><td>P4-2</td><td>P4-3</td><td>Approx. 5 V</td></tr></table>	PCB	+ lead pin	- lead pin	Voltage	Panel sensor	P4-1	P4-4	Approx. 24 V	P4-2	P4-3	Approx. 5 V	Yes	<p>Turn the power switch OFF, connect the connector disconnected, and turn the power switch ON again. If the protector circuit is activated, check the connector, the wiring from the connector, and the DC load.</p>
PCB	+ lead pin	- lead pin	Voltage												
Panel sensor	P4-1	P4-4	Approx. 24 V												
	P4-2	P4-3	Approx. 5 V												
Power supply input unit	3		No	Replace the power supply input unit <b>after unplugging the power cord from the power outlet.</b>											

M-3	Main motor unrotated
-----	----------------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy				
Connection failure of connector	1	Is the connection of connector P5 on the panel sensor PCB correct?	No	Reconnect the connector.				
Main motor (M1)	2	Disconnect connector P5 from the panel sensor PCB. Measure the resistance between the connector pins of the main motor by using a circuit tester. Do the measured resistance satisfy the prescribed value in the table below?	No	Replace the Main motor.				
Panel sensor circuit		Yes	Replace the panel sensor PCB. Replace the Main PCB.					
		<table><tr><td>P5-1 and P5-3</td><td>Approx. 9 Ω</td></tr><tr><td>P5-4 and P5-6</td><td>Approx. 9 Ω</td></tr></table>	P5-1 and P5-3	Approx. 9 Ω	P5-4 and P5-6	Approx. 9 Ω		
P5-1 and P5-3	Approx. 9 Ω							
P5-4 and P5-6	Approx. 9 Ω							

M-4	No paper supplied
-----	-------------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Connection failure of connector	1	Is the contact of connector P6 on the panel sensor PCB good?	No	Reconnect the connector.
Panel sensor circuit	2	Set paper on the manual paper tray and press the test print button on the operation panel.	No	Replace the panel sensor PCB.
Paper pick-up clutch solenoid (SL501)		Does the voltage between pins 1 (SOLENOID) and 2 (GND) of the P6 connector on the panel sensor PCB change from approx. 24 VDC to 0V within the specified time?	Yes	Replace the paper pick-up solenoid.

M-5	Insufficient output from high-voltage power supply unit
-----	---

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
High-voltage contact	1	Do any of the terminals on the high-voltage contacts have dirt or contact burns?	Yes	Clean the high-voltage contact.
High-voltage power supply failure	2	Check the connection of the harness between the high-voltage power supply and the driver PCB is OK?	Yes	Replace the high-voltage power supply PCB.
			No	Reconnect the harness between the high-voltage power supply and the driver PCB.

M-6	Fixing heater temperature not adjusted
-----	--

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Poor thermistor harness contact	1	Are the connectors on the erase lamp PCB and the high-voltage power supply PCB secured correctly?	No	Connect the connectors securely.
Blown thermal fuse	2	Remove the fixing unit and measure the resistance between the input connectors. Is it open circuit?	Yes	Replace the fixing unit <b>after unplugging the power cord from the power outlet.</b>
Halogen heater lamp failure	3	Remove the fixing unit and measure the resistance of the fixing unit lamp. Is it open circuit?	Yes	Replace the halogen heater lamp.
Thermistor failure	4	Is the thermistor installed properly?	Yes	Replace the fixing unit <b>after unplugging the power cord from the power outlet.</b>
			No	Reinstall the halogen heater lamp.

M-7	BD failure
-----	------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Harness connection failure	1	Is the connection of connector P2 on the panel sensor PCB correct?	No	Connect it securely.

M-8	Scanner failure
-----	-----------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Harness connection failure	1	Is the connection of the scanner motor connector and connector P3 on the panel sensor PCB correct?	No	Connect the connectors securely.
Power supply input	2	Is the voltage between pins 1 (+24 VDC) and 2 (GND) of connector P3 on the panel sensor PCB measured 24 VDC?	No	Check if +24 VDC is supplied between pins 1 (+24 VDC) and 3 (GND) of connector P4 on the panel sensor PCB. If not, check the power supply input.
			Yes	Replace the scanner unit.

F-1	Double feeding
-----	----------------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Paper	1	Is the paper of a recommended type used?	No	Instruct the user to use the recommended types of paper.
Separation pad	2	Is the surface of the separation pad worn?	Yes	Replace the MP paper tray.

F-2	Wrinkles
-----	----------

Possible cause	Step	Check	Result	Remedy
Paper	1	Is the paper of a recommended type used?	No	Instruct the user to use the recommended types of paper.
	2	Is the wrinkle problem solved if a new paper is used?	No	Instruct the user how to store paper so that it does not absorb moisture.
Fixing unit entrance guide	3	Is the entrance guide soiled?	Yes	Clean the entrance guide.
Fixing unit	4	Is the pressure roller soiled?	Yes	Clean the pressure roller.
				Replace the fixing unit.

## 4. INSPECTION MODE

### 4.1 Incorporated Inspection Modes

The printer incorporates the inspection modes such as the factory inspection mode and the test print mode. The inspection mode varies with the model of the printer.

HL-720: Factory inspection mode and Continuous test print mode  
HL-730/730Plus: Factory inspection mode, Continuous grid pattern print mode, 3 patterns print mode and NV-RAM value dump mode.

The operation of the inspection mode is as follows.

- (1) Turn off the power of the printer.
- (2) With the top cover open, turn on the power while holding down the button of the operation panel.

When entering this setting, DRUM LED is ON. While holding down the button, LEDs go ON in the order of DRUM -> ALARM -> READY -> DATA -> DRUM. If you release the button, a mode is selected. The mode selected is indicated by the LED which is ON when you release the button. The inspection modes are assigned to the respective LEDs as shown below.

#### HL-720:

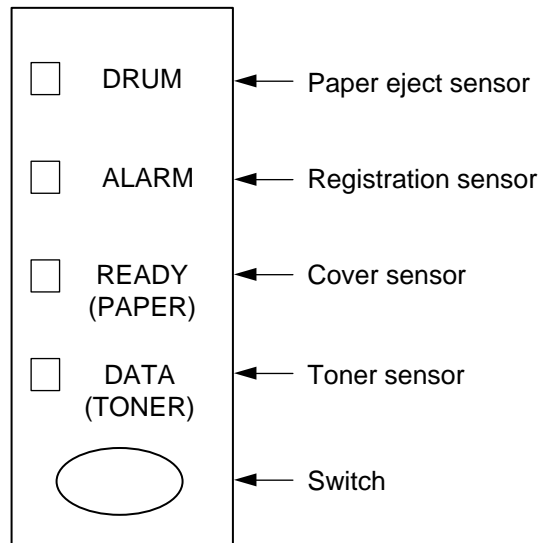
LED	Type of inspection
DRUM	Factory inspection mode
ALARM	Continuous test print mode
READY	Not defined
DATA	Not defined

#### HL-730/730Plus:

LED	Type of inspection
DRUM	Factory inspection mode
ALARM	Continuous grid pattern print mode
READY	3 patterns print mode (black, grid and horizontal lines)
DATA	NV-RAM value dump mode

Details of the factory inspection mode are as follows.

This mode is used to check if the sensors in the printer function correctly. On the process of this inspection, LEDs and buttons are also checked. On entering this mode, the LEDs show the status of respective sensors as follows.



Paper eject sensor	ON (Paper is detected.)	DRUM LED ON
	OFF (No paper is detected.)	DRUM LED OFF
Registration sensor	ON (Paper is detected.)	ALARM LED ON
	OFF (No paper is detected.)	ALARM LED OFF
Cover sensor	ON (The top cover is closed.)	READY LED OFF
	OFF (The top cover is open.)	READY LED ON
Toner sensor	ON (The toner cartridge is installed.)	DATA LED OFF
	OFF (No toner cartridge is installed.)	DATA LED ON

The procedure for the factory inspection mode is as follows.

- (1) Open the top cover and remove the drum unit.
- (2) Turn on the power of the printer while holding down the button. DRUM LED goes ON.
- (3) Lightly press the button again.
- (4) Check if DRUM (paper eject sensor) and ALARM (registration sensor) go OFF after all the LEDs go ON.  
 If the paper eject sensor is ON at this point, DRUM LED goes ON (error).  
 If the registration sensor is ON at this point, ALARM LED goes ON (error).
- (5) Install the drum unit.  
 Check if the DATA LED goes OFF.
- (6) Lightly touch the registration sensor actuator.  
 Check if the ALARM LED goes ON.
- (7) Close the top cover.  
 Check if the READY LED goes OFF.
- (8) Press the button.
- (9) If all the sensors are correct, the printer goes back to the READY status. If any error is detected, the corresponding LED stays ON.

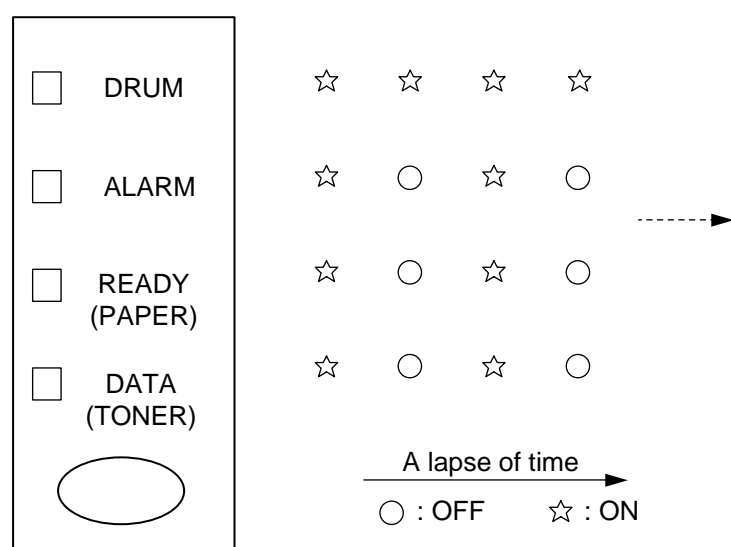
## 4.2 Error codes

In the event of a printer failure, error codes will be indicated as shown below. All the LEDs and the specific LEDs go ON by turns repeatedly. The specific combination of ONs indicates the type of the error.

Type of error	DATA	READY	ALARM	DRUM
Fuser malfunction				○
Laser BD malfunction			○	
Scanner Malfunction			○v	○
ROM Error		○		
D-RAM Error		○		○
Service A		○	○	
Service B		○	○	○
Service C	○			
Service D	○			○
Service E0	○		○	
Service E1	○		○	○
Service P	○	○		
NV-RAM Error	○	○		○

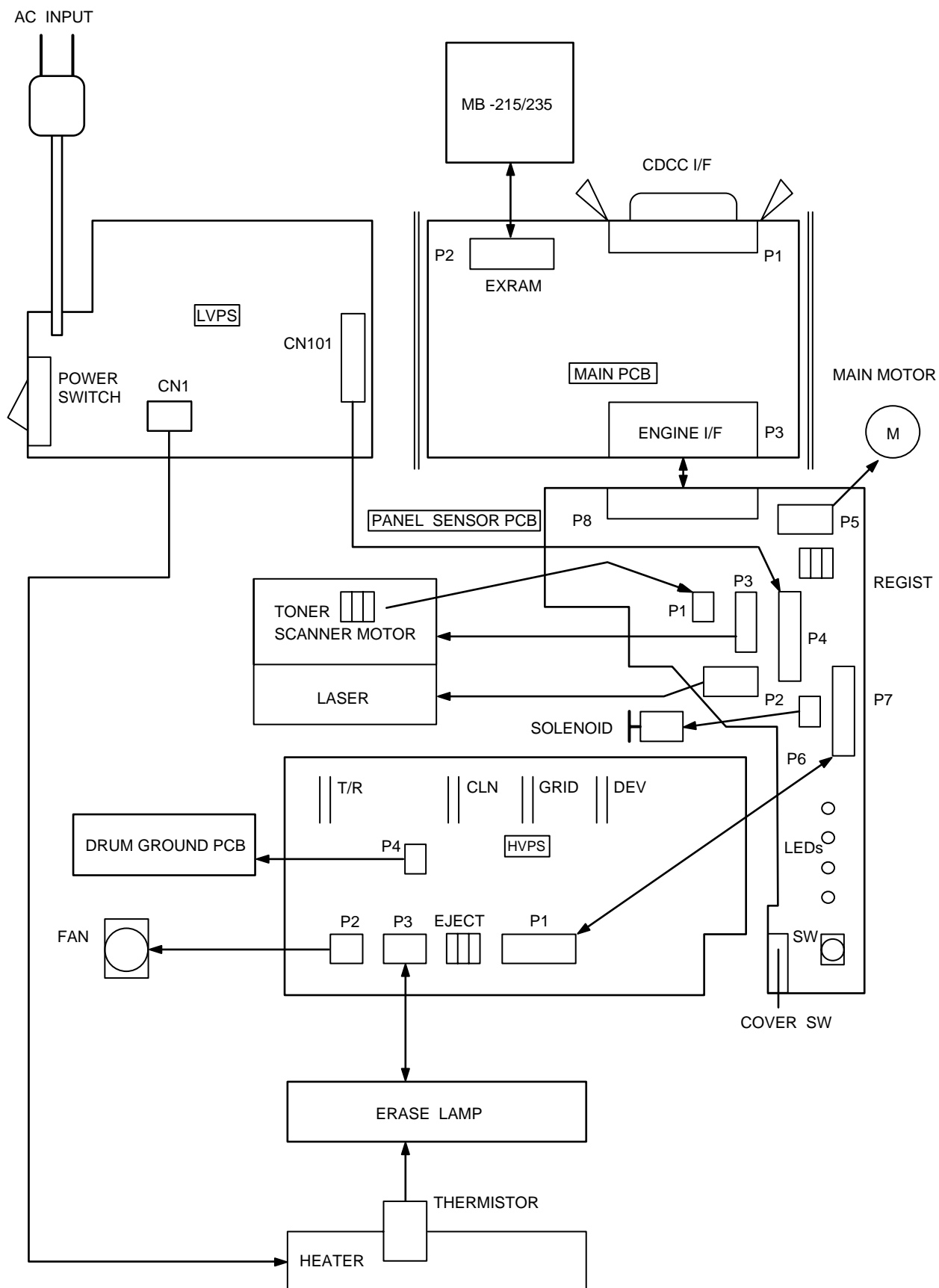
### LED indicating the error

Fuser Malfunction





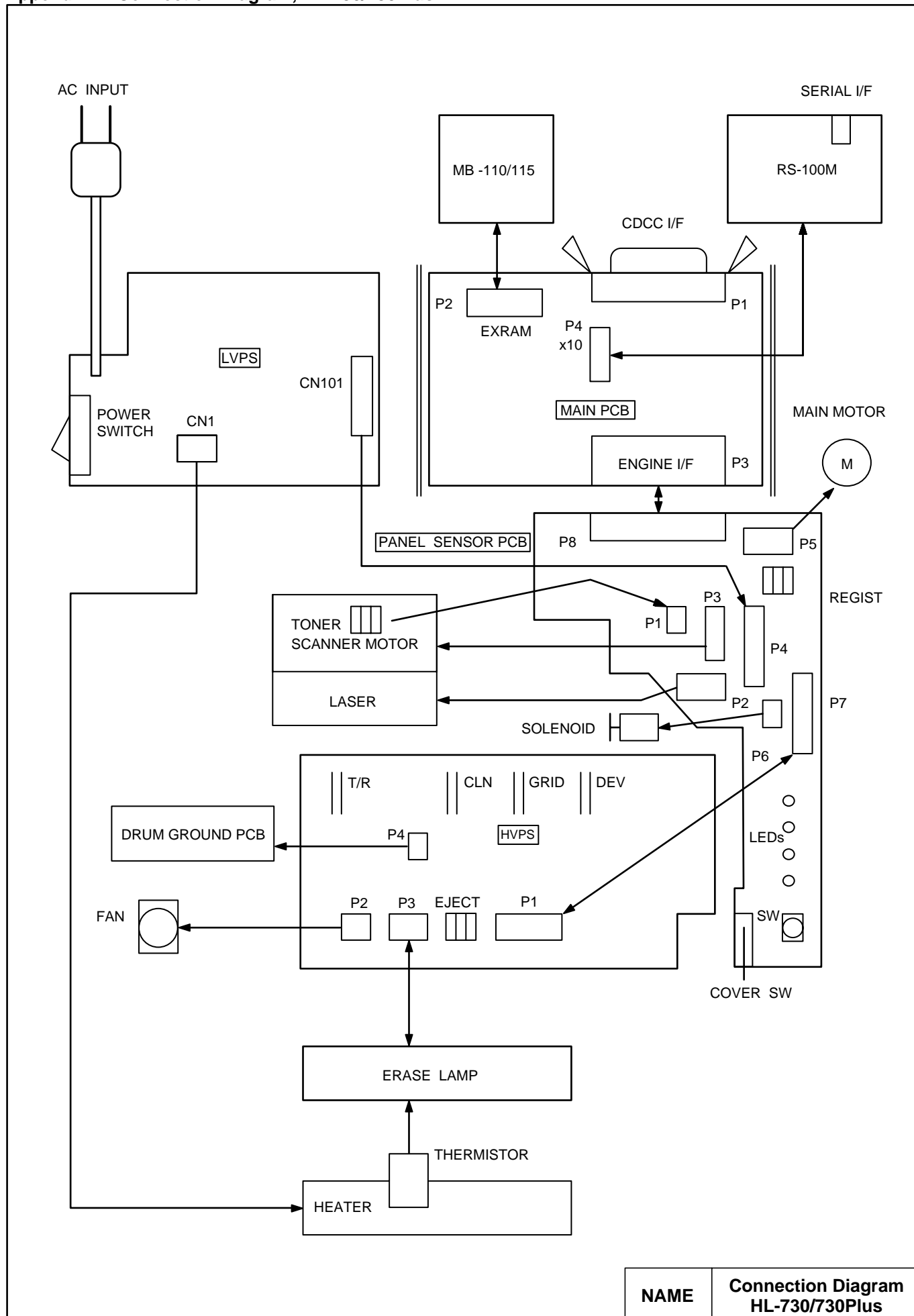
## Appendix 1. Connection Diagram, HL-720



NAME

Connection Diagram  
HL-720

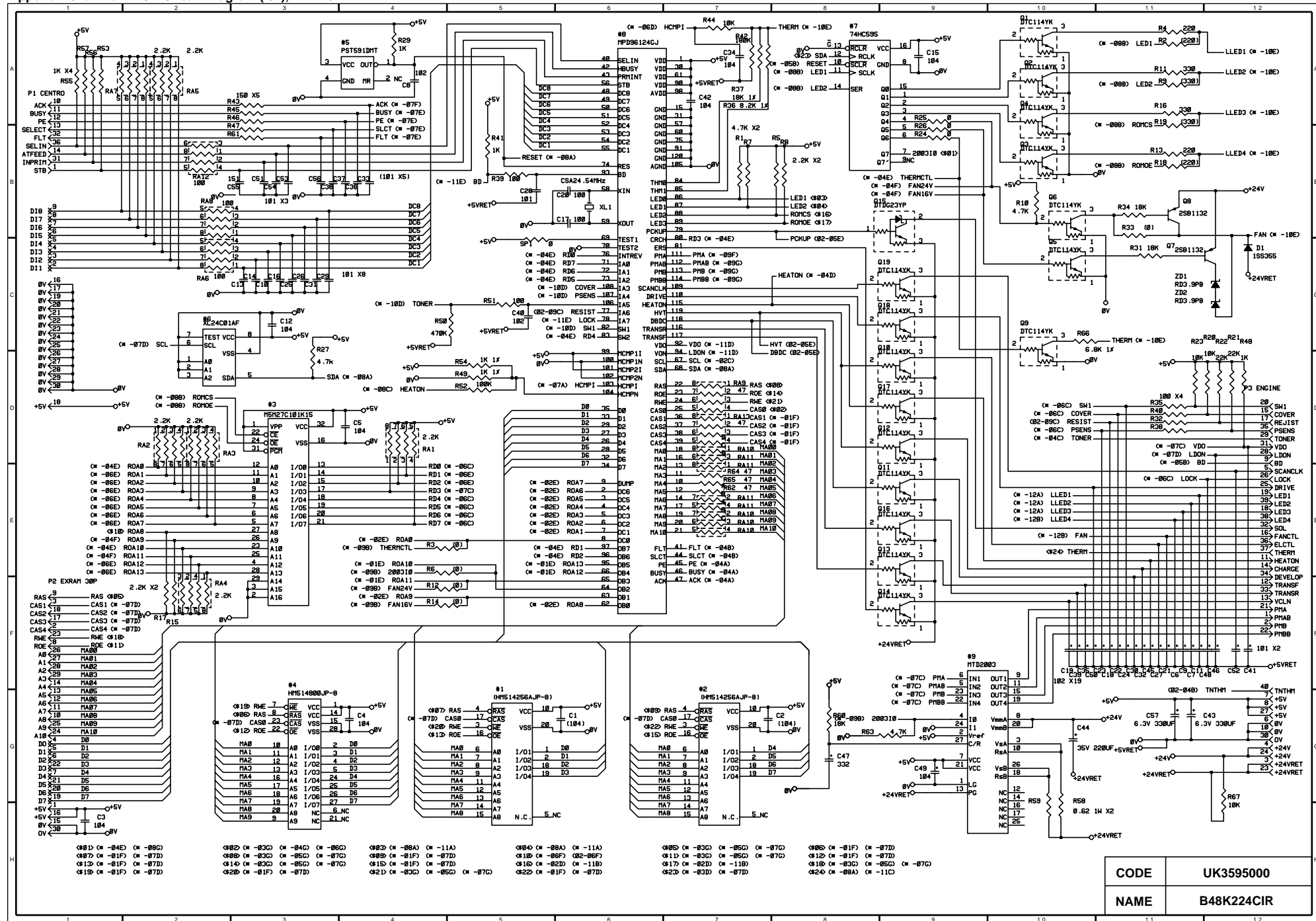
## Appendix 2. Connection Diagram, HL-730/730Plus



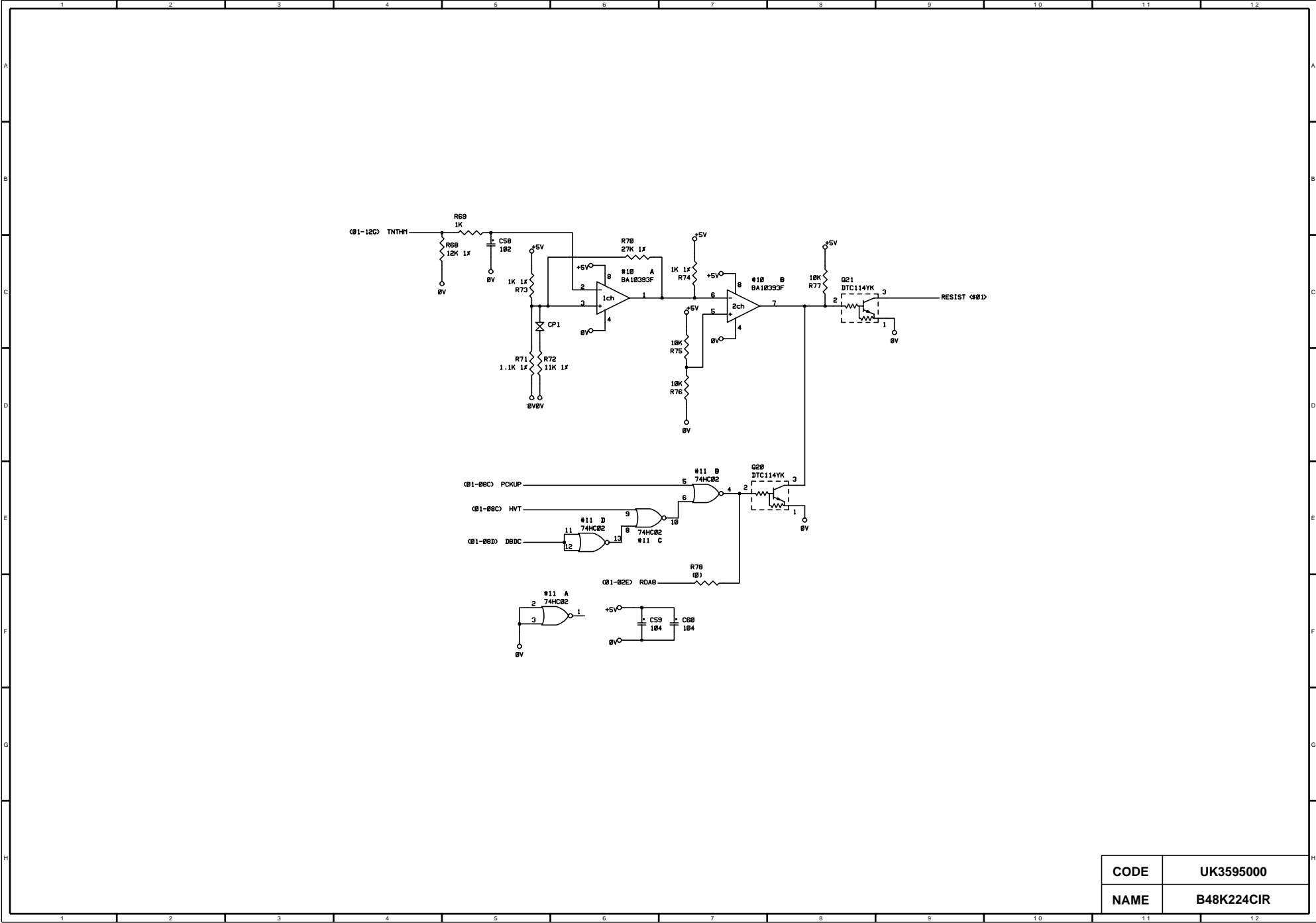
NAME

Connection Diagram  
HL-730/730Plus

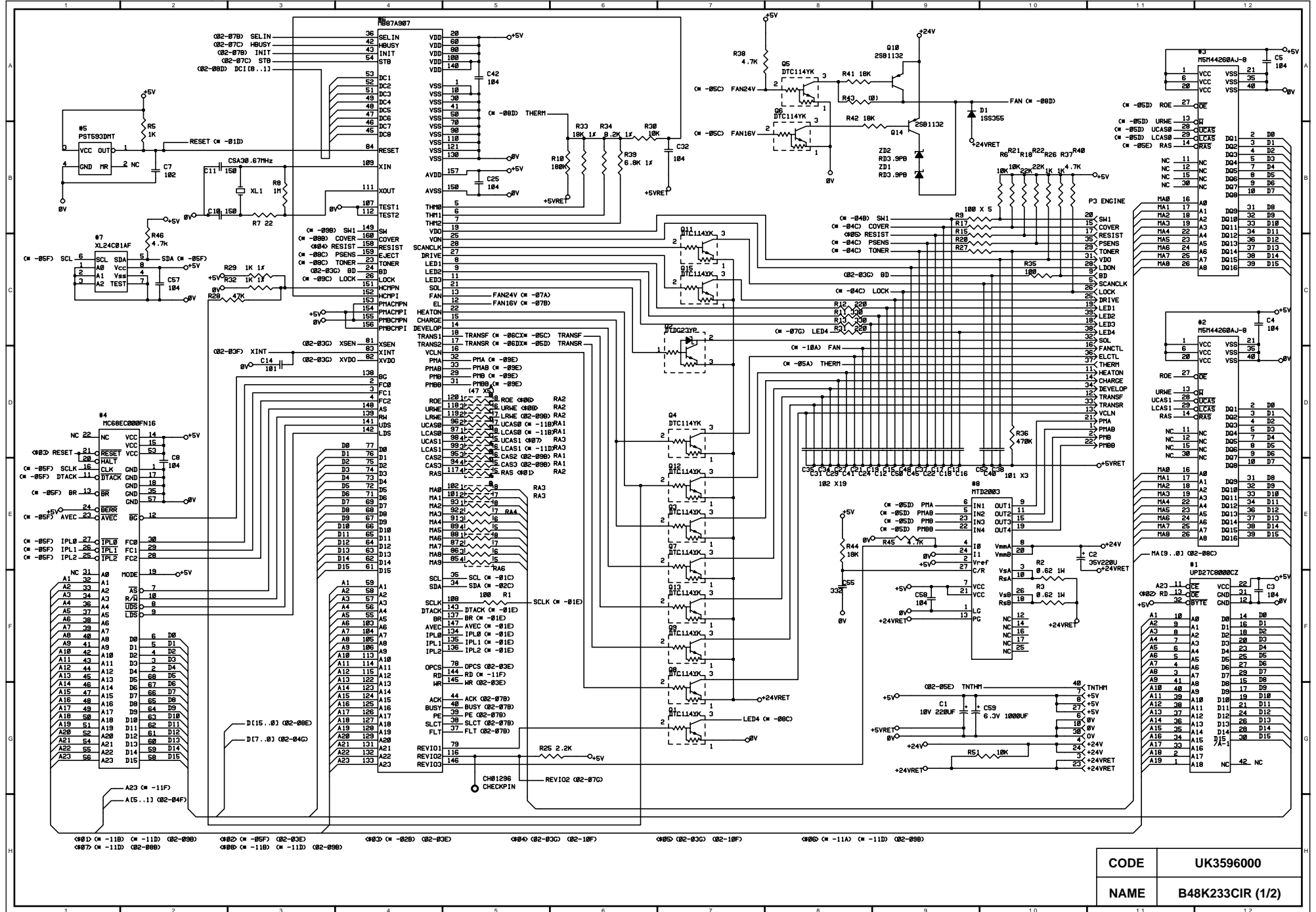
Appendix 3. a. Main PCB Circuit Diagram (1/2), HL-720



Appendix 3. b. Main PCB Circuit Diagram (2/2), HL-720

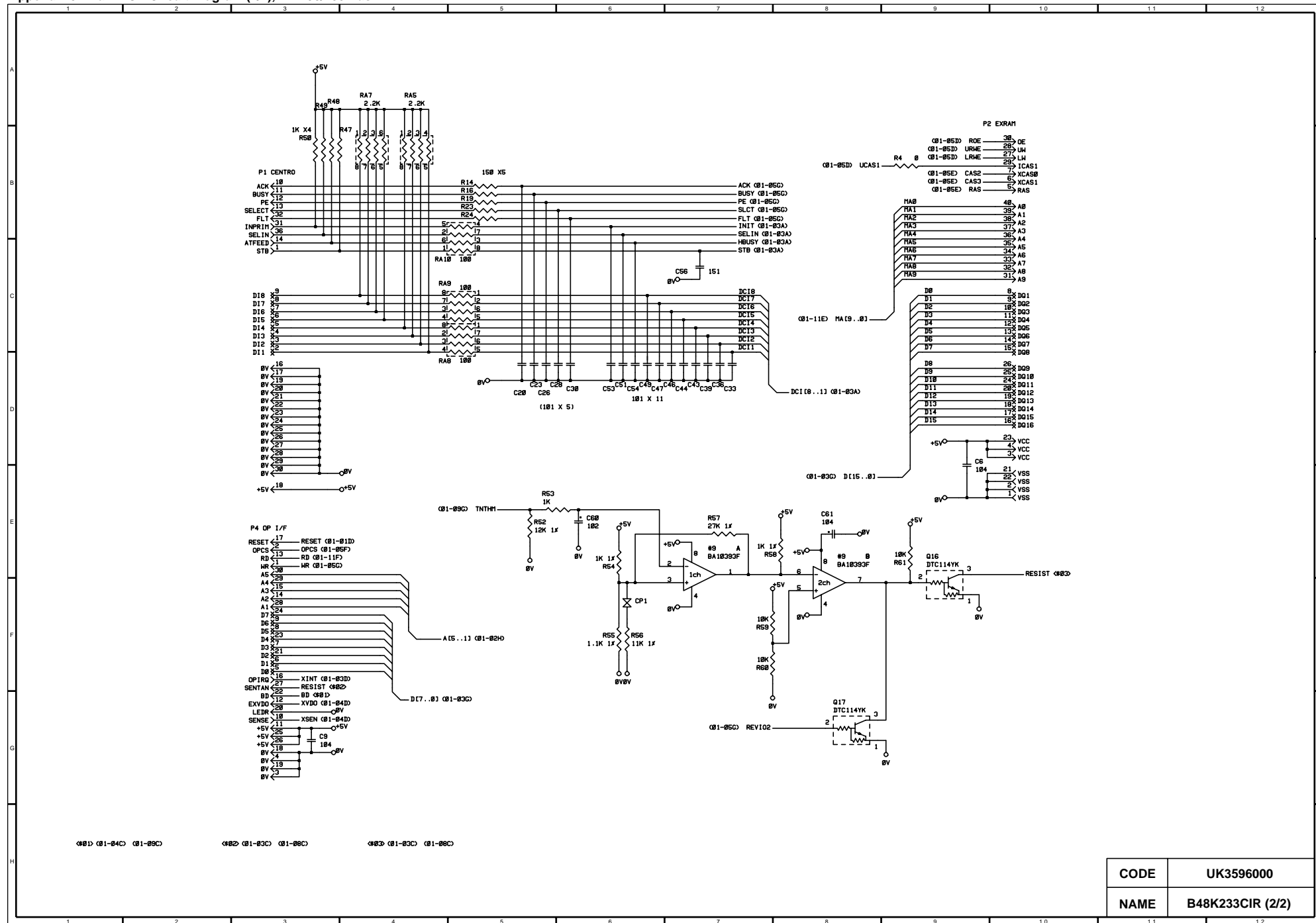


Appendix 4. Main PCB Circuit Diagram (1/2), HL-730/730Plus

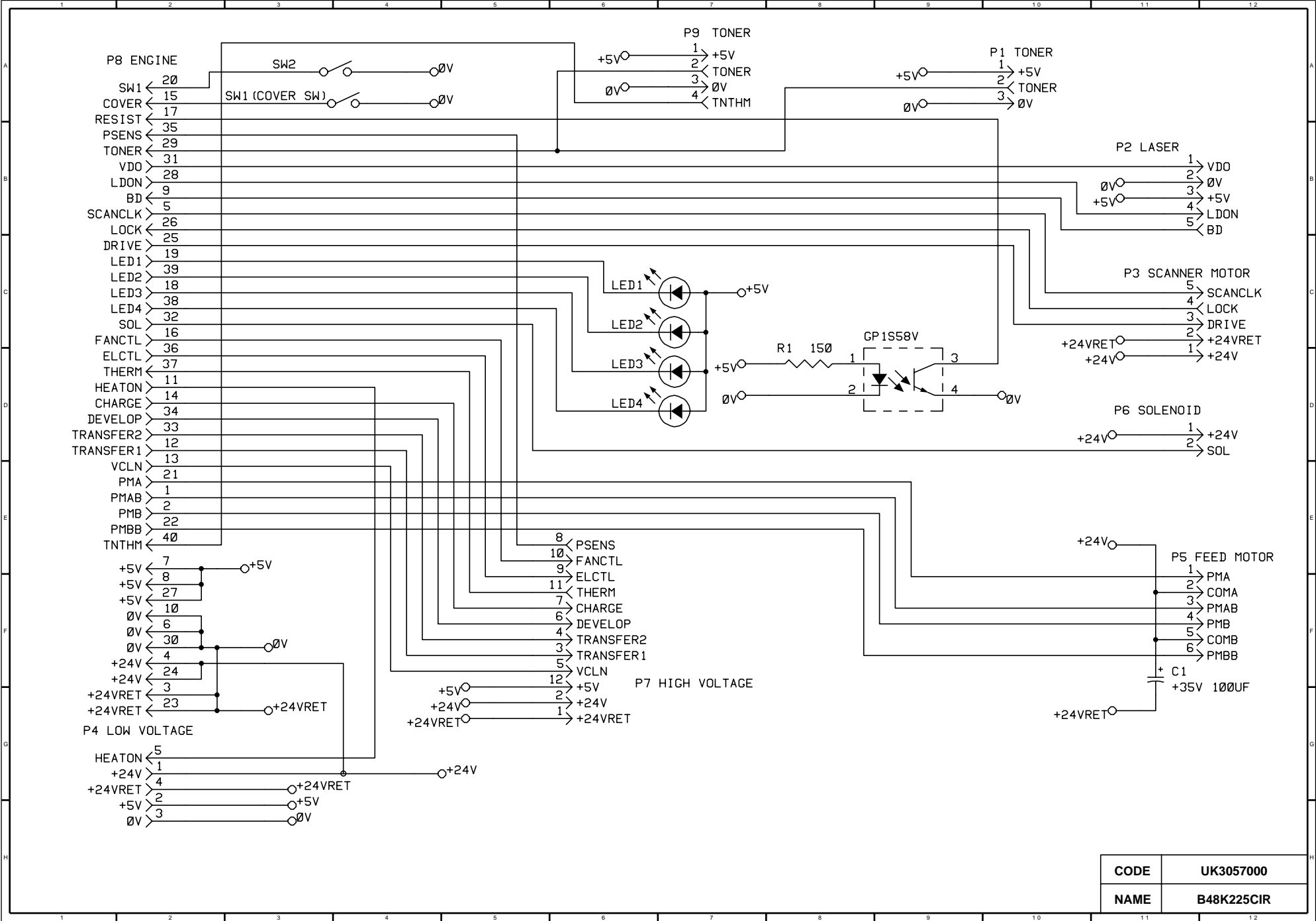


CODE	UK3596000
NAME	B48K233CIR (1/2)

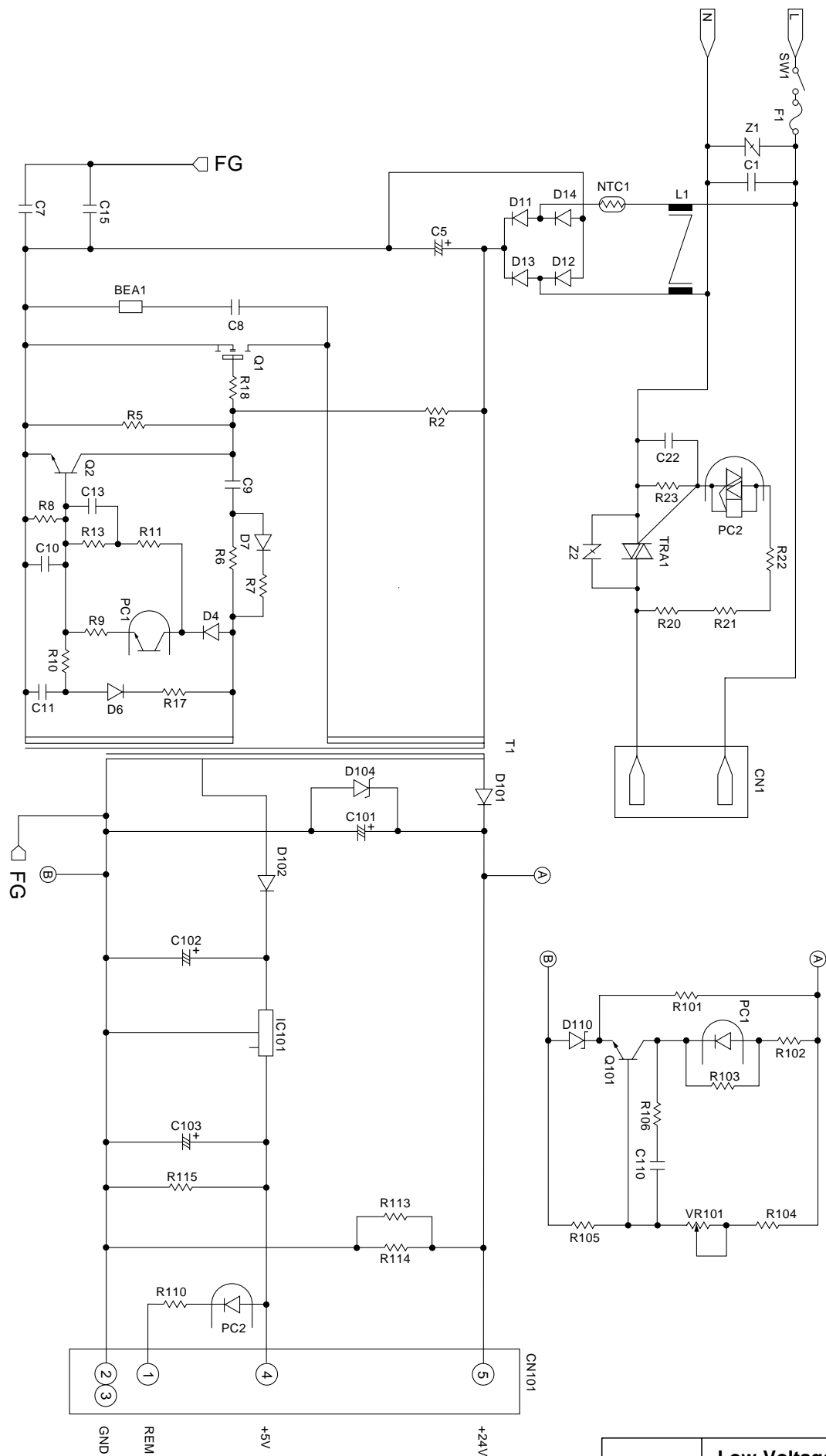
# Appendix 5. Main PCB Circuit Diagram (2/2), HL-730/730Plus



CODE	UK3596000
NAME	B48K233CIR (2/2)

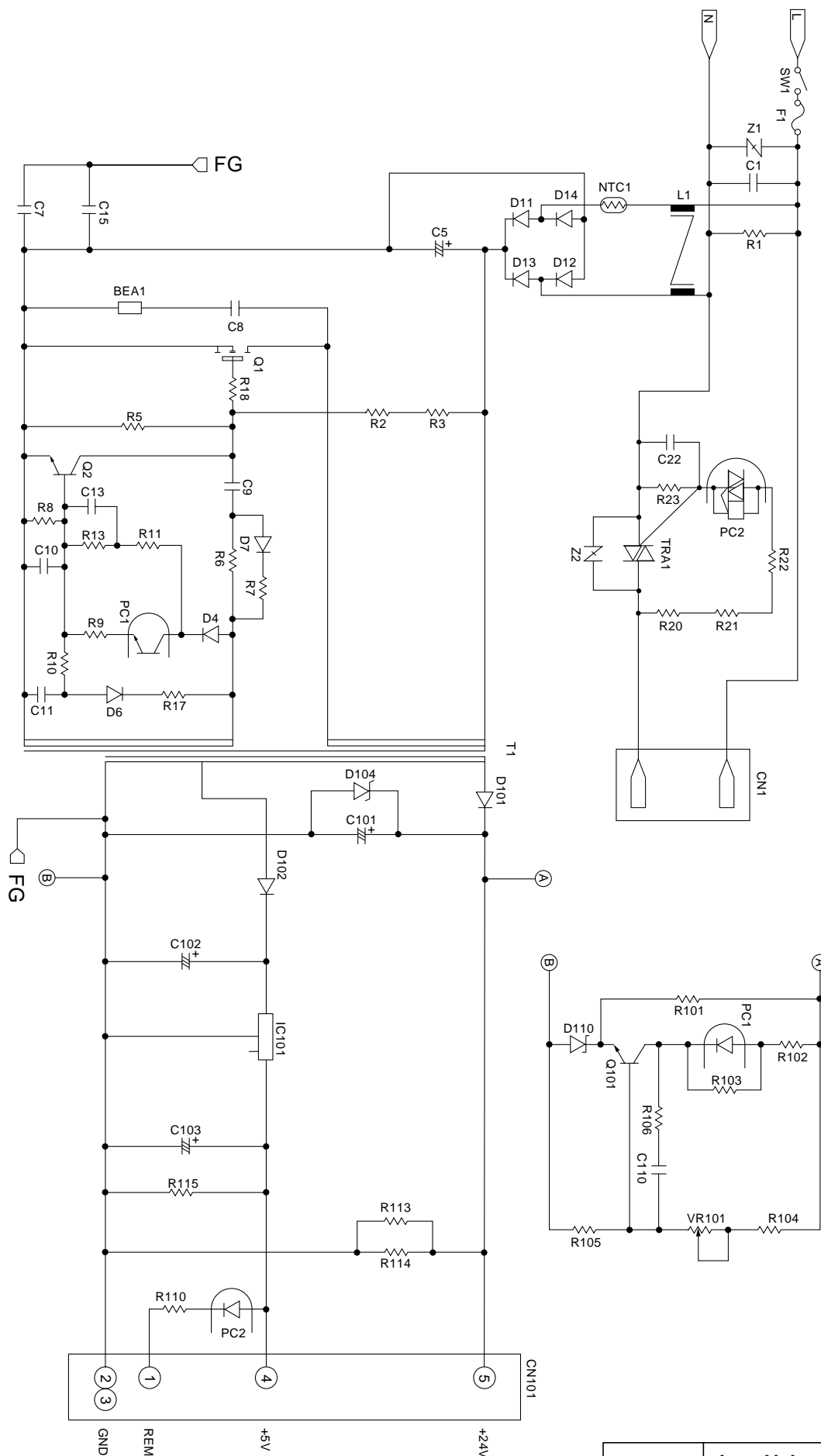


# Appendix 7. Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram (110 -120V), HL-720/ 730/730Plus



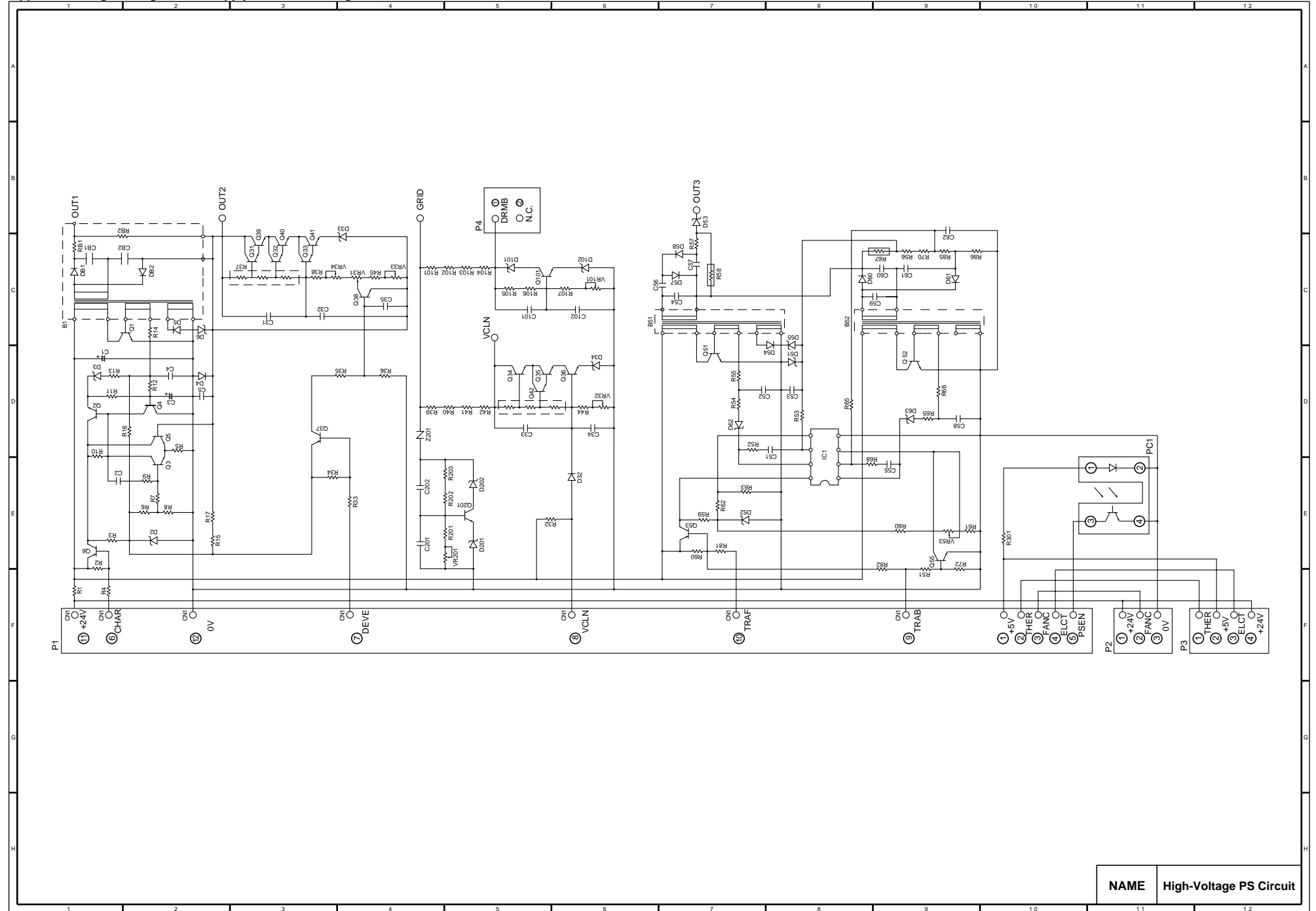


## Appendix 8. Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram (220 -240V), HL-720/ 730/730Plus



NAME	Low-Voltage PS Circuit (220-240V)
------	--------------------------------------

# Appendix 9. High-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram, HL-720/ 730/730Plus



NAME	High-Voltage PS Circuit
------	-------------------------

## APPENDIX 10. SERIAL NO. DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions as below shows how to read labels on each place.

< ID for production month >

A:	January	E:	May	J:	September
B:	February	F:	June	K:	October
C:	March	G:	July	L:	November
D:	April	H:	August	M:	December

(1) Printer .....on the main body

**D 6 9 5 0 5 4 8 8**

MONTH | | | | |  
YEAR | | | | |  
FACTORY ID NO.

(2) Process unit .....on the package of the process unit  
(Drum unit with toner cartridge)

**6 D 3 0 0 0 0 A N 1**

YEAR | | | | |  
MONTH | | | | |  
DATE | | | | |  
SERIAL NO. | | | | |  
PRODUCED IN JAPAN = LINE NO.  
CHINA(BPI) = Z  
CHINA(BCAS) = J

(3) Drum unit .....on the drum unit

**6 E B 0 0 0 0 0 1**

YEAR | | | | |  
MONTH | | | | |  
ASSEMBLY | | | | |  
SERIAL NO.

(4) Toner cartridge .....on the toner cartridge

MONTH  
(X: OCT., Y: NOV., Z: DEC.)

SERIAL NO.

DATE

OLD Toner lot No. → **6 3 3 1 0 2 8**

**E 0 5 . N 1 . 9 Z**

PRODUCED IN : Z=CHINA (BPI) :  
J=CHINA (BCAS) : NONE=JAPAN

FILLING AMOUNT : 9=90G : 5=55G

TONER TYPE: NB

FILLING DATE

FILLING MONTH

NEW Toner lot No. → **0 2 8 5 6 3 3 1**

SERIAL NO. | | | | |  
YEAR | | | | |  
MONTH | | | | |  
(X: OCT., Y: NOV., Z: DEC.)

(5) Scanner unit .....on the scanner unit

**1 1 0 0 1**  
└──┬──┬──┬──┬──  
ID NO. SERIAL NO.  
1:HL-700 SERIES 9:HL-1060  
FACTORY ID NO.



**LASER PRINTER  
SERVICE MANUAL**

**MODEL:HL-760**

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# PREFACE

This service manual contains basic information required for after-sales service of the laser printer (here-after referred to as "this machine" or "the printer"). This information is vital to the service technical in maintaining the high print quality and performance of the printer.

This service manual covers the HL-760 printer.

This manual consists of the following chapters:

**CHAPTER I:       FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS**

Features, specifications, etc.

**CHAPTER II:      THEORY OF OPERATION**

Basic operation of the mechanical system, the electrical system and the electrical circuit, and their timing.

**CHAPTER III:     DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY**

Procedures of disassembling and reassembling the mechanical system.

**CHAPTER IV:     TROUBLESHOOTING**

Reference values and adjustments, troubleshooting for image defects, troubleshooting for malfunctions, etc.

**APPENDICES:     Connection diagrams, PCB circuit diagrams.**

*Note:       This service manual ffor the HL-760 describes only the changesin each part of the HL-720/730 (84U002BE0) service manual which was published previously. Parts in common with those in the HL-720/730 service manual are omitted, this is indicated in the Table of Contents.. When you require to refer to the parts omitted in this manual, please refer to the service manual of that model.*

Information in this manual is subject to change due to improvement or re-design of the product. All relevant information in such cases will be supplied in service information bulletins (Technical Information).

A thorough understanding of this printer, based on information in this service manual and service information bulletins, is required for maintaining its quality performance and for fostering the practical ability to find the cause of problems.

# CONTENTS

## CHAPTER I FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS..... I-1

1. FEATURES .....	I-1
2. SPECIFICATIONS .....	I-3
2.1 Printing.....	I-3
2.2 Functions .....	I-3
2.3 Electrical and Mechanical .....	I-4
2.4 Paper Specification .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-7)
2.5 Print Delivery.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-7)
2.6 Paper .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-7)
2.7 Effective Printing Area .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-8)
3. SAFETY INFORMATION .....	REFER TO HL-730 (P.I-10)
3.1 Laser Safety (110 - 120V Model only) .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-10)
3.2 CDRH Regulations (110 -120V Model only) .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-10)
3.3 Caution for Laser Product.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.I-11)

## CHAPTER II THEORY OF OPERATION ..... II-1

1. ELECTRONICS.....	II-1
1.1 General Block Diagram.....	II-1
1.2 Main PCB Block Diagram .....	II-2
1.3 Main PCB.....	II-3
1.3.1 CPU Core .....	II-3
1.3.2 ASIC .....	II-4
1.3.3 ROM .....	II-7
1.3.4 DRAM.....	II-8
1.3.5 Optional RAM .....	II-9
1.3.6 Optional Serial I/O .....	II-10
1.3.7 EEPROM.....	II-10
1.3.8 Reset Circuit.....	II-11
1.3.9 CDCC I/O .....	II-11
1.3.10 Engine I/O.....	II-12
1.3.11 Paper Feed Motor Drive Circuit.....	II-13
1.4 Panel Sensor PCB.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-22)
1.5 Power Supply.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-23)
2. MECHANICS.....	REFER TO HL-730 (P.II-24)
2.1 Overview of printing mechanism.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-24)
2.2 Paper Transfer.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-25)
2.2.1 Paper Supply .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-25)
2.2.2 Paper Registration.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-25)
2.2.3 Paper Eject.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-26)
2.3 Sensors.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-27)
2.3.1 Cover Sensor.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-27)
2.3.2 Toner Empty Sensor.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-27)
2.4 Drum Unit.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.4.1 Photosensitive Drum .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.4.2 Primary Charger .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.4.3 Developer Roller.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.4.4 Transfer Roller.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)



2.4.5	Cleaner Roller.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.4.6	Erase lamp .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.5	Print Process .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.5.1	Charging.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-28)
2.5.2	Exposure stage.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-29)
2.5.3	Developing.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-30)
2.5.4	Transfer .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-30)
2.5.5	Drum Cleaning Stage .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-31)
2.5.6	Erasing Stage.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.II-31)

## CHAPTER III DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY ..... III-1

1.	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.....	III-1
2.	DISASSEMBLING FLOW.....	III-2
3.	DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE .....	III-3
3.1	Drum Unit.....	III-3
3.2	Top Cover .....	III-3
3.3	Multi-purpose Paper Tray Assy .....	III-4
3.4	Fixing Unit .....	III-5
3.5	Scanner Unit.....	III-7
3.6	Main PCB Assy .....	III-7
3.7	Base Plate Assy.....	III-8
3.8	Panel sensor PCB Assy.....	III-8
3.9	Low-voltage Power Supply PCB Assy .....	III-9
3.10	High-voltage Power Supply PCB Assy .....	III-9
3.11	Fan Motor.....	III-10
3.12	Drive Unit .....	III-10
3.13	Main Motor Assy and Motor Heat Sink .....	III-11
3.14	Gears and Solenoid .....	III-11
3.15	Tray Extension.....	III-12
3.16	Paper Eject Tray Assy .....	III-12
3.17	Core .....	III-13
4.	PACKING.....	III-14

## CHAPTER IV TROUBLESHOOTING.....IV-1

1.	INTRODUCTION.....	REFER TO HL-730 (P.IV-1)
1.1	Initial Check .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.IV-1)
1.2	Basic Procedure .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.IV-2)
2.	IMAGE DEFECTS.....	REFER TO HL-730 (P.IV-3)
2.1	Image Defect Examples.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.IV-3)
2.2	Troubleshooting Image Defects.....	Refer to HL-730 (P.IV-4)
3.	TROUBLESHOOTING OF MALFUNCTIONS .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.IV-12)
4.	INSPECTION MODE.....	IV-1
4.1	Incorporated Inspection Modes .....	IV-1
4.2	Error codes .....	IV-3

**APPENDICES ..... V-1**

1.	Connection Diagram .....	V-1
2.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (1/3).....	V-2
3.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (2/3).....	V-3
4.	Main PCB Circuit Diagram (3/3).....	V-4
5.	Panel/Sensor PCB Circuit Diagram .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.V-7)
6.	Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram 230V .....	V-5
7.	Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram 115V .....	V-6
8.	High-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.V-10)
9.	Serial No. Descriptions .....	Refer to HL-730 (P.V-11)

# CHAPTER I FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS

## 1. FEATURES

This printer has the following features:

### **600 dpi Resolution and 6 ppm Printing Speed**

600 dots per inch (dpi) resolution with microfine toner and six pages per minute (ppm) printing speed (A4 or Letter paper). This printer also supports 1200 (H) x 600 (V) dots per inch (dpi) for Windows DIB (Device Independent Bitmap) graphics. (It is recommended to add memory when printing in 1200 x 600 dpi mode.)

### **User-Friendly Operation for Windows**

The dedicated printer driver and TrueType™-compatible fonts for Microsoft® Windows 3.1 and Windows 95 are available on the floppy disks supplied with your printer. You can easily install them into your Windows system using our installer program. The driver supports our unique data compression mode to enhance printing speed in Windows applications and allows you to set various printer settings including toner saving mode, custom paper size, sleep mode, gray scale adjustment, resolution, and so forth. You can easily setup these print options in the graphic dialog boxes through Printer Setup within the Windows Control Panel.

### **Printer Status Monitor with Bi-directional Parallel Interface**

The printer driver can monitor your printer's status using bi-directional parallel communications.

The printer status monitor program can show the current status of your printer. When printing, an animated dialog box appears on your computer screen to show the current printing process. If an error occurs, a dialog box will appear to let you know what to correct. For example: when your printer is out of paper, the dialog box will display "Paper Empty" and will give the instructions for the corrective action to take.

### **Versatile Paper Handling**

The printer has a multi-purpose sheet feeder and a straight paper path mechanism. Using this mechanism, you can load A4, letter, legal, B5, A5, and executive sizes of paper, and various types of paper including envelopes, postcards, organizer paper, or a custom paper size. The multi-purpose sheet feeder also allows manual paper loading, so you can also use labels and transparencies.

### **Environment-Friendly**

#### **Economy Printing Mode**

This feature will cut your printing costs by saving toner. It is useful to obtain draft copies for proof-reading. You can select from two economy modes, 25% toner saving and 50% toner saving, through the Windows printer driver supplied with your printer.

#### **Sleep Mode (Power Save Mode)**

Sleep mode automatically reduces power consumption when the printer is not in use. The printer consumes less than 9W when in sleep mode.

#### **Low Running Cost**

The toner cartridge is separate from the drum unit. You need to replace only the toner cartridge after around 2,000 pages, which is cost effective and ecologically friendly. (In some countries the printer is supplied with a starter toner cartridge which must be replaced after 1,000 pages.)

#### **Remote Printer Console Program for DOS**

The utility program, Remote Printer Console (RPC), is available on the floppy disk supplied with your printer. When you operate your computer in the DOS (Disk Operating System) environment, this program allows you to easily change default settings of the printer such as fonts, page setup, emulations and so on. This program also provides a status monitor program, which is a Terminate-and-Stay Resident (TSR) program. It can monitor the printer status while running in the background and report the current status or errors on your computer screen.

#### **Popular Printer Emulation Support**

This printer supports three printer emulation modes, HP LaserJet 5P, Epson FX-850, and IBM Proprinter XL. The printer also supports Auto-emulation switching between HP and Epson or HP and IBM. If you want to set the printer emulation, you can do it by using the Remote Printer Console Program.

#### **Optional Apple Macintosh Interface**

An optional Apple Macintosh serial interface kit is available which allows your printer to be connected to Apple Macintosh computers. With this option, you can use your printer with both an IBM PC, or compatible, and an Apple Macintosh at the same time. This optional interface board can be used as an RS-422A interface for Macintosh or an RS-232C serial interface for IBM PC or compatible.

#### **Enhanced Memory Management**

The printer provides its own data compression technology in the printer hardware and the supplied printer driver software, which can automatically compress graphic data and font data efficiently into the printer's memory. You can avoid memory errors and print most full page 600 dpi graphic and text data, including large fonts, with the printer's standard memory.

## **2. SPECIFICATIONS**

### **2.1 Printing**

Print method	Electrophotography by semiconductor laser beam scanning
Resolution	1200 (H) x 600 (V) dots/inch (for Windows DIB graphics) 600 x 600 dots/inch (for Windows and DOS) 300 x 300 dots/inch (using Apple Macintosh with the optional RS-100M)
Print speed	Up to 6 pages/minute (when loading A4 or letter-size paper from the multi-purpose sheet feeder)
Warm-up	Max. 20 seconds at 23°C (73.4°F)
First print	20 seconds (when loading A4 or letter-size paper from the multi-purpose sheet feeder)
Print media	Toner in a cartridge Life Expectancy: 2,200 pages/cartridge (when printing A4 or letter-size paper at 5% print coverage)
Developer	Drum unit, separate from the toner cartridge

### **2.2 Functions**

CPU	IDT79R3041-20J 20Mhz
Emulation	Automatic emulation selection among HP LaserJet 5P (PCL Level 5e), EPSON FX-850, and IBM Proprinter XL
Printer driver	Windows 95/Windows 3.1 driver, supporting Brother Native Compression mode and bi-directional capability.  Optional Macintosh® QuickDraw driver (Standard in some countries.)
Interface	Bi-directional Centronics parallel interface. (IEEE 1284 compliant) An RS-422A/RS-232C serial interface (RS-100M) is optionally available.
Memory	1.0 Mbytes with Data Compression Technology. Expandable up to 33 Mbytes by installing an industry standard SIMM.
Control panel	1 switch and 4 lamps
Diagnostics	Self-diagnostic program

## 2.3 Electrical and Mechanical

Power source	U.S.A. and Canada: AC 110 to 120 V, 50/60Hz Europe and Australia: AC 220 to 240 V, 50Hz
Power consumption	Printing: 150 W or less Standing by: 35 W or less Sleep: 9 W or less
Noise	Printing: 48 dB A or less Standing by: 35 dB A or less
Temperature	Operating: 10 to 32.5°C (59 to 90.5°F) Storage: 0 to 40° C (38 to 104°F)
Humidity	Operating: 20 to 80% (without condensation) Storage: 20 to 80% (without condensation)
Dimensions (W x D x H)	366 (W) x 383 (D) x 250 (H) (when the output tray is closed and the Multi-purpose sheet feeder is removed.)
Weight	Approx. 7.0 kg (15.45 lb.) including the drum unit.

## CHAPTER II THEORY OF OPERATION

### 1. ELECTRONICS

#### 1.1 General Block Diagram

Fig. 2.1 shows a general block diagram of this printer.

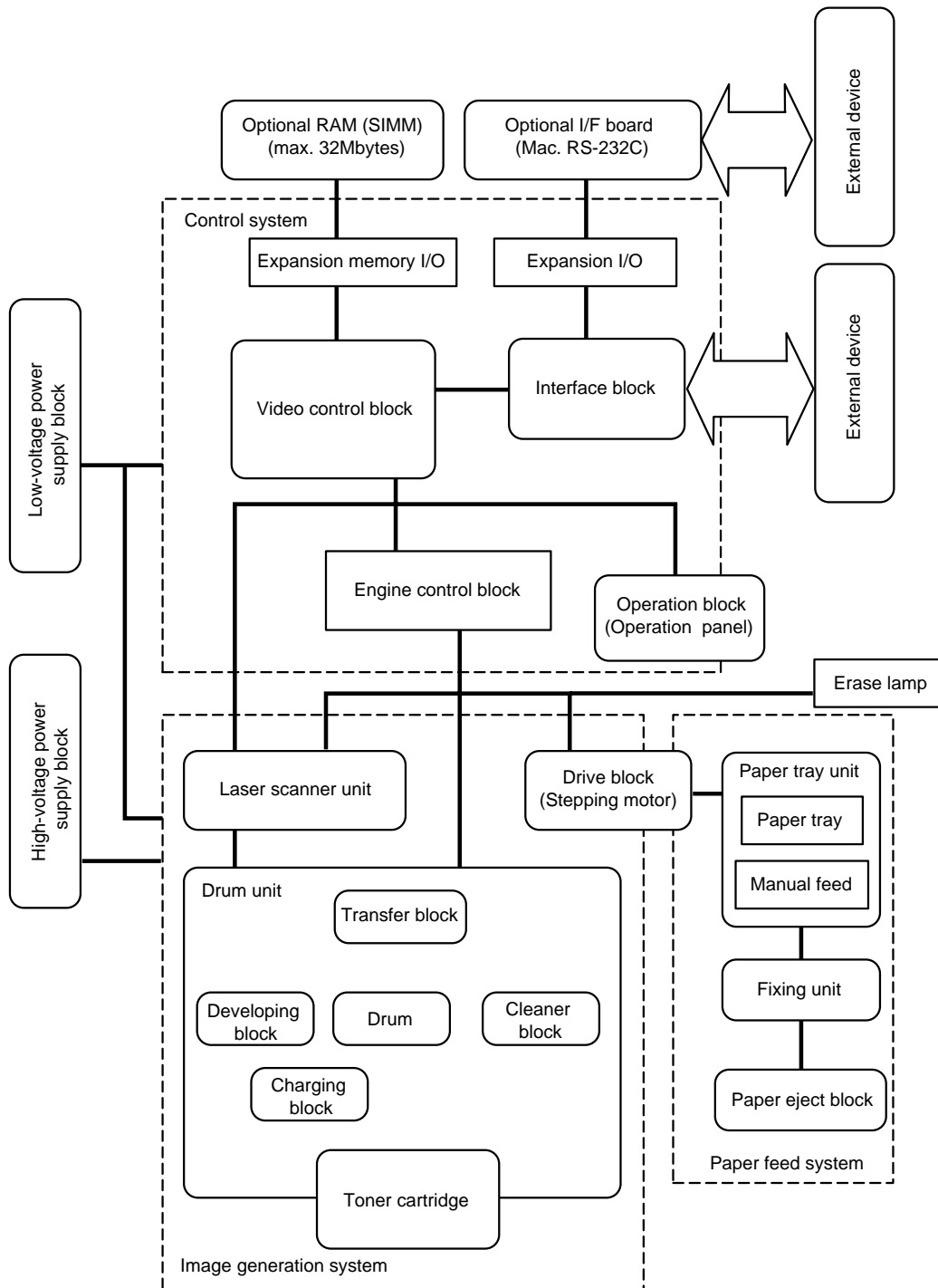


Fig. 2.1

## 1.2 Main PCB Block Diagram

Fig. 2.2 shows a block diagram of the main PCB.

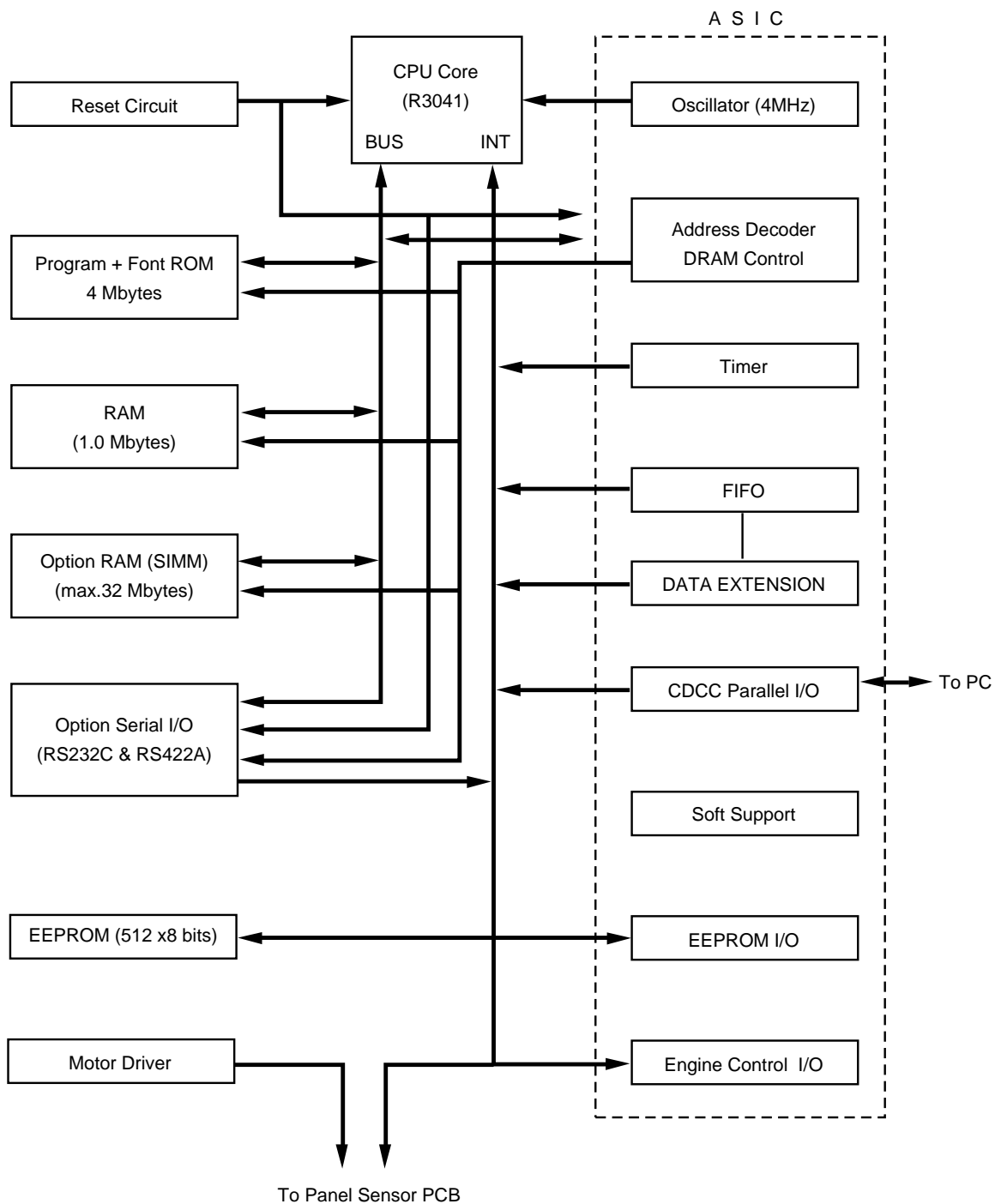


Fig. 2.2



## 1.3 Main PCB

### 1.3.1 CPU Core

Fig. 2.3. shows the CPU circuit block on the main PCB.

The CPU is an IDT 79R3041-20J which is driven at a clock frequency of 20 MHz. This clock frequency is made by dividing the source clock of 40.0 MHz into two. The address and data bus are both 32 bit of AD0 to AD31 and D0 to D31. The total addressable memory space is 4 Gbytes.

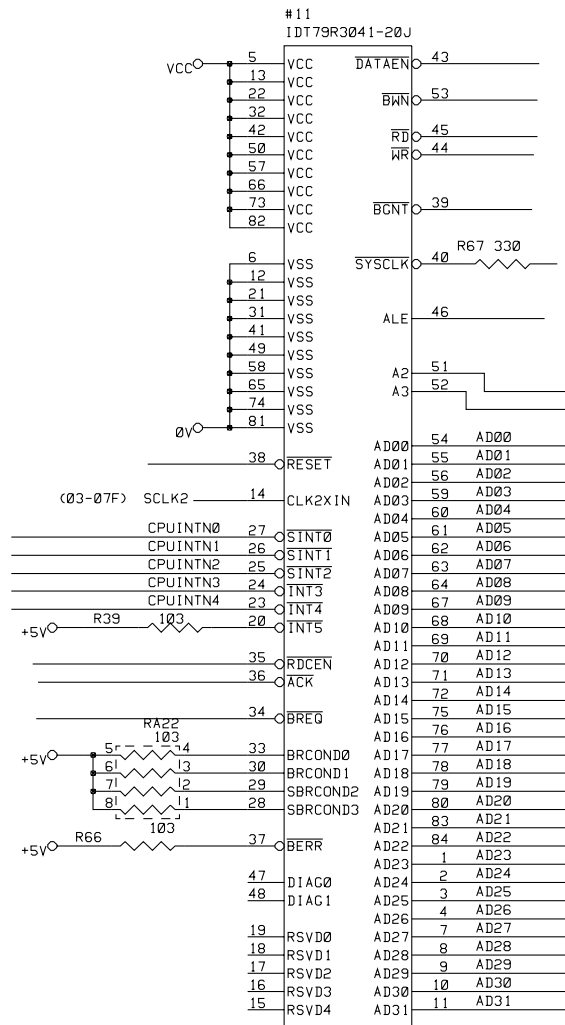


Fig. 2.3

### 1.3.2 ASIC

The ASIC is composed of a Cell Based IC and has the following function blocks.

- (1) Oscillator circuit  
Generates the main clock for the CPU by dividing the source clock frequency by two.
- (2) Address Generator  
This controls the address buss by latching the AD buss signals with the ALE signal.
- (3) Address decoder  
Generates the CS for each device.
- (4) DRAM control  
Generates the RAS, CAS, WE, OE and MA signals for the DRAM and controls the memory refresh processing (CAS before RAS self-refreshing method).

- (5) Interrupt control  
Interrupt levels:

Priority	High	9	TIMER 3 (Watch Dog)
		8	MONITOR
		7	FIFO
		6	EXINT
		5	TIMER1
		4	BD
		3	Spare
		2	CDCC / BOISE / DATA EXTENTION
	Low	1	TIMER 2

All the interrupts can be masked.

- (6) Timers  
The following timers are included:

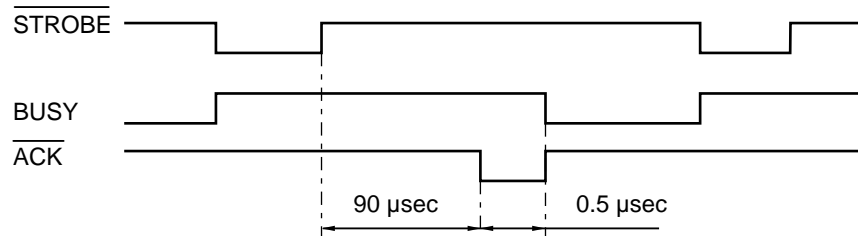
Timer 1	16-bit timer
Timer 2	10-bit timer
Timer 3	Watch-dog timer
- (7) FIFO  
A 10Kbit FIFO is included. Data for one raster is transferred from the RAM to the FIFO by DMA transmission and is output as serial video data. The data cycle is 6.13 Mhz.

(8) CDCC parallel I/O

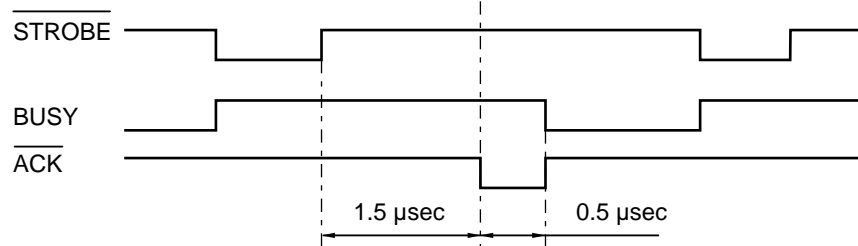
<Data receiving>

There are two modes in this unit. One is the CPU receiving mode and the other is the DMA receiving mode. In the CPU receiving mode the CPU receives the command data from the PC, and after the CPU is switched to the DMA mode, it receives the image data and writes to the DRAM directly.

CPU Receiving Mode



DMA Receiving Mode



BUSY goes HIGH at the falling edge of STROBE. The data (8 bits) from the PC is latched in the data buffer at the rising edge of STROBE. The pulse width of ACK differs according to the speed MODE as shown above. BUSY goes LOW at the rising edge of ACK.

<IEEE1284 support>

This supports the IEEE1284 data transfer with the following mode.

Nibble mode  
Byte mode  
ECP mode

(9) Data extension

This circuit extends the compressed image data which are received from the PC, and writes the bit map data to the FIFO.

(10) Software support

Supports 16 x 16 rotation, bit expansion, bit search, and decimal point change.

(11) EEPROM I/O

One output port and one I/O port are assigned.

(12) Engine control I/O

This I/O is used for the connection to the panel sensor PCB. It controls the main motor, solenoid, sensors, etc.

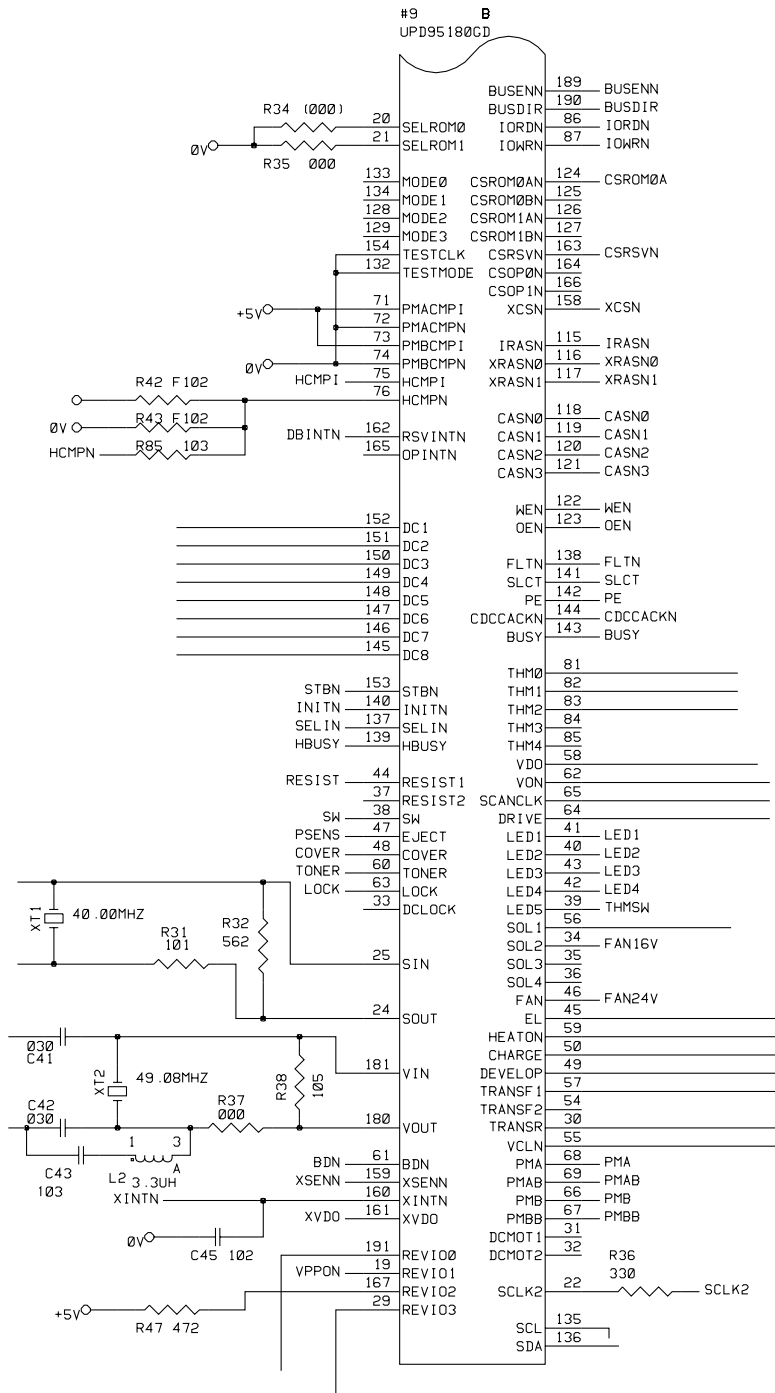


Fig. 2.4

### 1.3.3 ROM

A program and font data are stored in the 4MBytes ROM. ROM is composed by the two 16 Mbits masks and is mounted to the 42 pin IC socket. And 16 Mbits Flash ROM Module can be mounted to it, too.

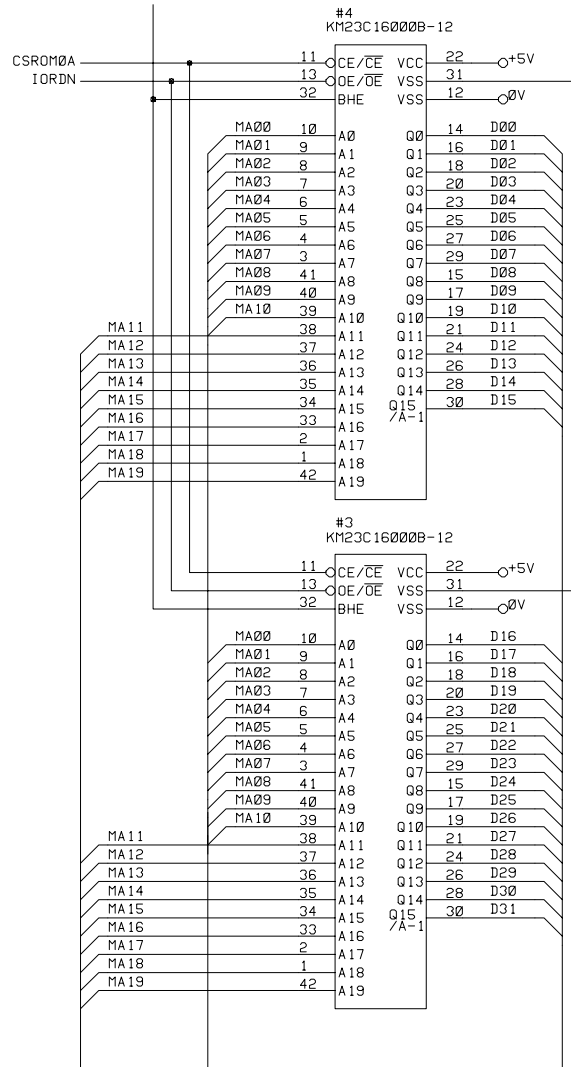


Fig. 2.5

### 1.3.4 DRAM

Two 4M-bit DRAMs (x 16bits) are used as the RAM.

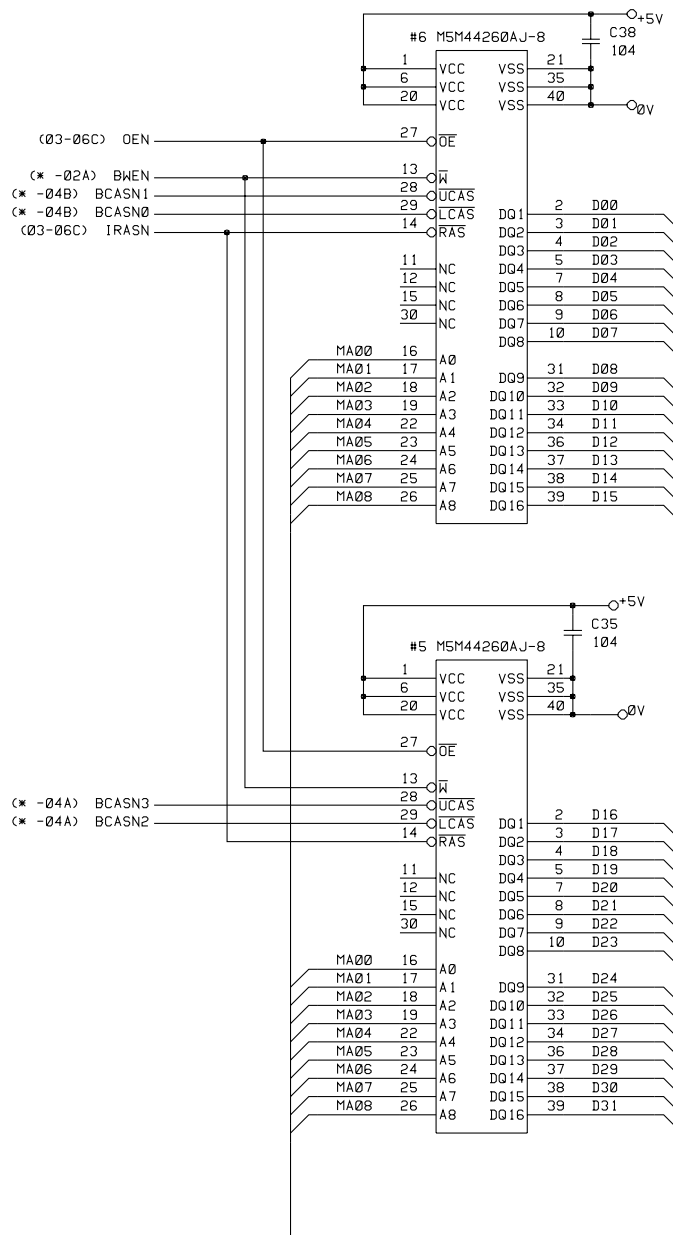


Fig. 2.6

### 1.3.5 Optional RAM

As the option RAM, 32 bit SIMM of 72 pin can be mounted. SIMM has one slot and can deal with 1 MBytes to 32 MBytes.

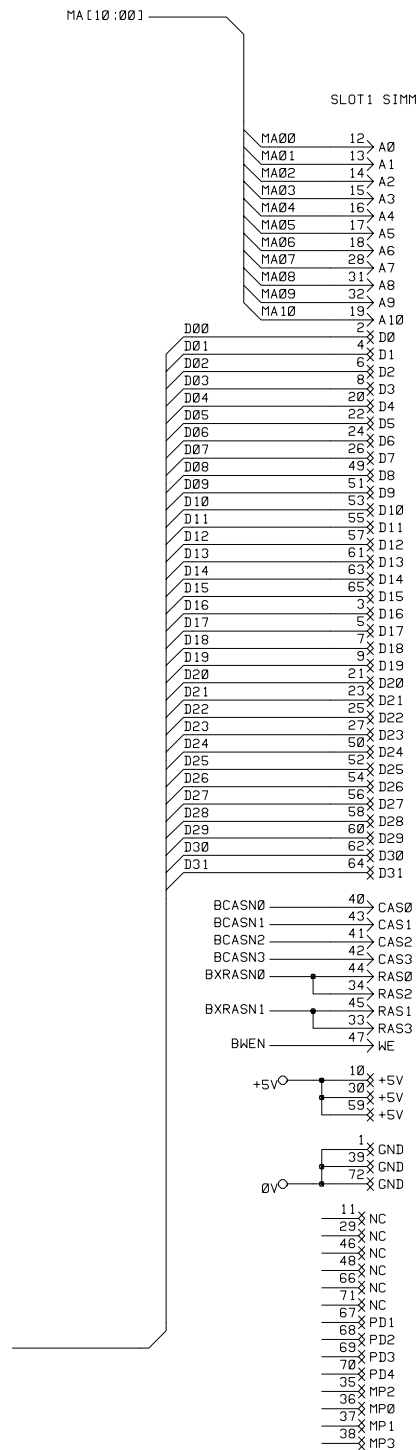


Fig. 2.7

### 1.3.6 Optional Serial I/O

The interrupt of serial I/O are input to the EXINT terminal of the ASIC, and are recognized by the CPU. A 32-byte space for register is provided for this I/O, which are read and written to by the CPU.

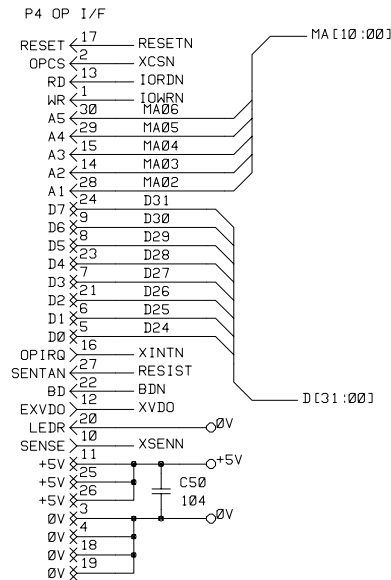


Fig. 2.8

### 1.3.7 EEPROM

The EEPROM is X24C04F type of a two-wire method with a 512 x 8 bits configuration.

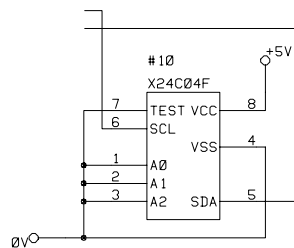


Fig. 2.9



### 1.3.8 Reset Circuit

The reset IC is PST591DMT. The reset voltage is 4.2V (typ.) and the LOW period of reset is 50 ms (typ).

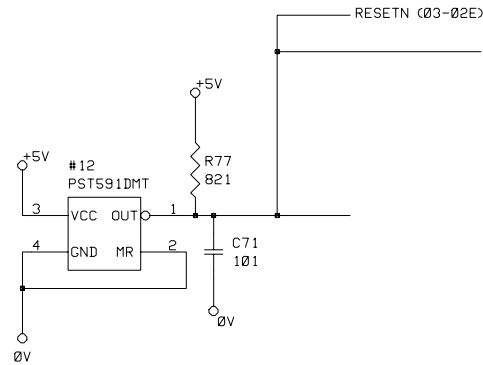


Fig. 2.10

### 1.3.9 CDCC I/O

Fig. 2.11 shows the CDCC interface circuit.

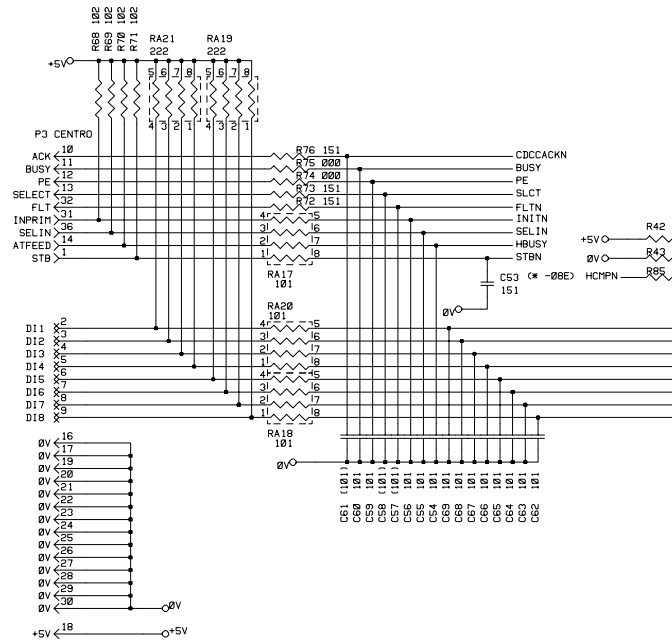
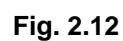


Fig. 2.11

Fig. 2.12 shows the engine interface circuit.



### 1.3.11 Paper Feed Motor Drive Circuit

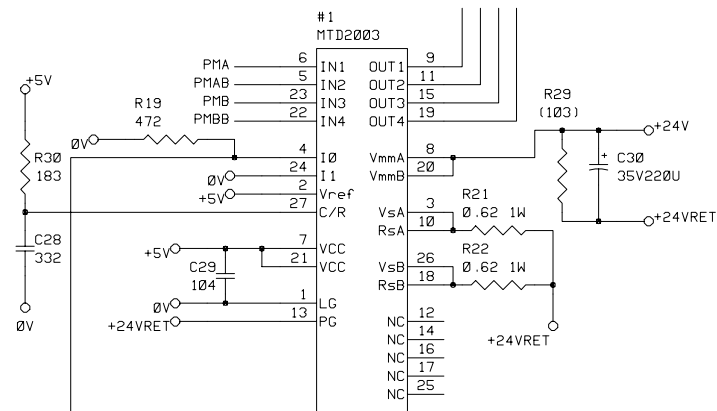


Fig. 2.13

## CHAPTER III DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

### 1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

To avoid creating secondary problems by mishandling, be careful to follow the precautions below during maintenance work.

- (1) Always turn off the power switch and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before accessing any parts inside the printer.
- (2) Be careful not to lose screws, washers, or other parts removed during servicing.
- (3) Be sure to apply grease to the gears and other positions as specified in this chapter.
- (4) When using soldering irons or other heat-generating tools, take care not to damage wiring, PCBs and covers.
- (5) Before handling the PCBs, touch a metal part of the equipment to discharge any static electricity charged in your body, or else electronic parts or components may be damaged.
- (6) When transporting PCBs, be sure to wrap them in conductive sheet to prevent static damage.
- (7) Be sure to replace self-tapping screws correctly, if removed during servicing. Unless otherwise specified, tighten screws to the following torque values.

TAPTITE, BIND or CUP B

M3 : 6kgf • cm

M4 : 9kgf • cm

TAPTITE, BIND S

M3 : 9kgf • cm

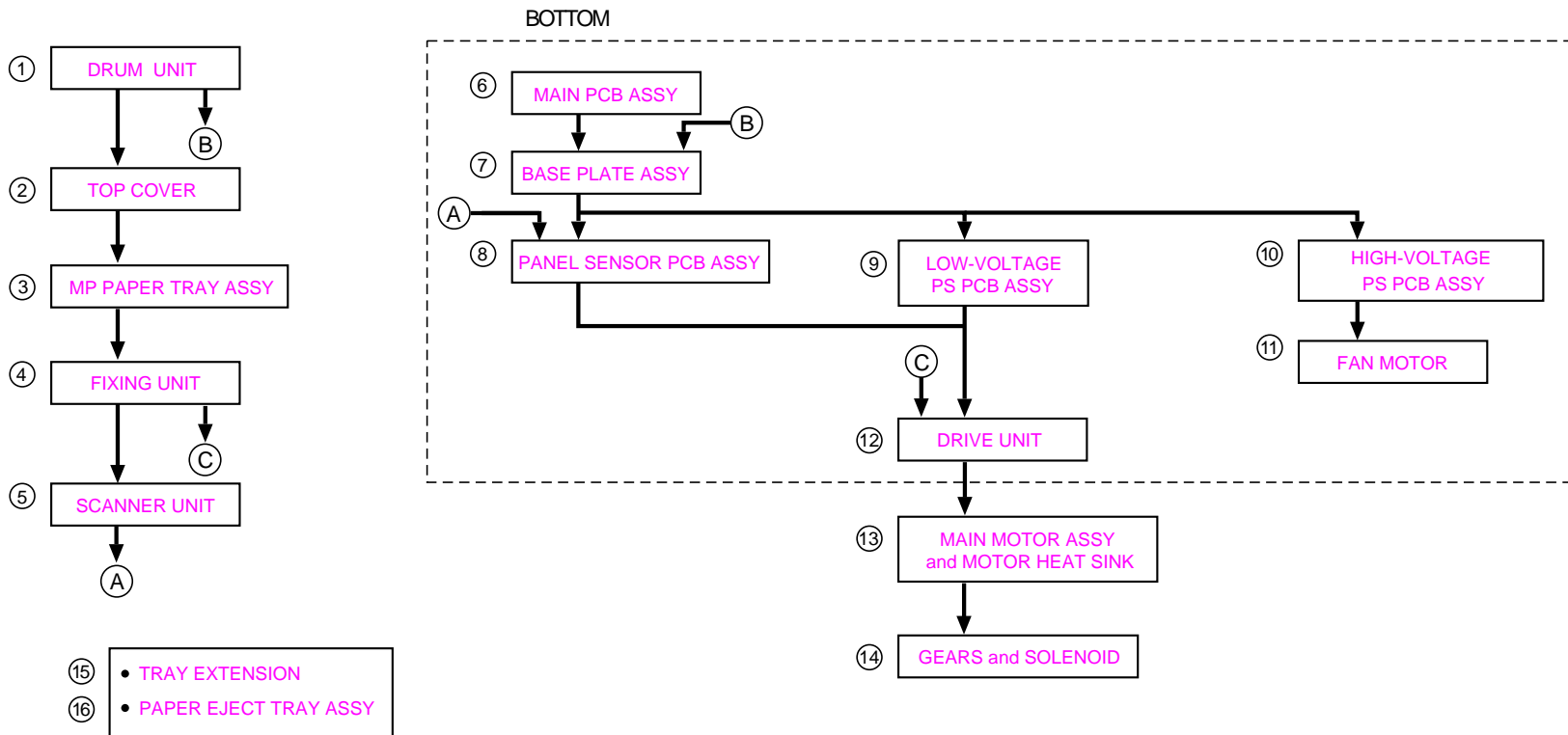
SCREW

M3 : 7kgf • cm

M4 : 10kgf • cm

- (8) When connecting or disconnecting cable connectors, hold the connector body, not the cables. If the connector has a lock, release the connector lock first then disconnect the cable.
- (9) After a repair, do not only check the repaired portion but also check the connectors and that other related portions are functioning properly before doing operation checks.

## 2. DISASSEMBLING FLOW



### 3. DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE

#### 3.1 Drum Unit

- (1) Open the top cover.
- (2) Lift out the drum unit.

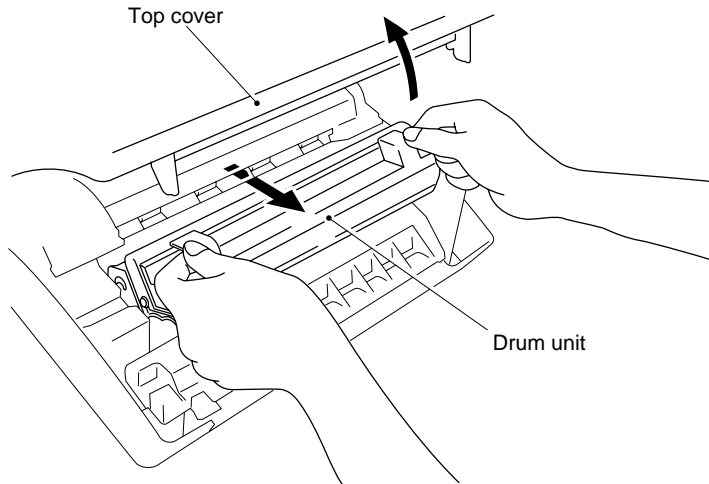


Fig. 3.1

#### 3.2 Top Cover

- (1) Open the top cover to the first lock position.
- (2) Prize up the top cover link and free it from the dowel on the top cover to release it inwards.
- (3) Press the link downward.

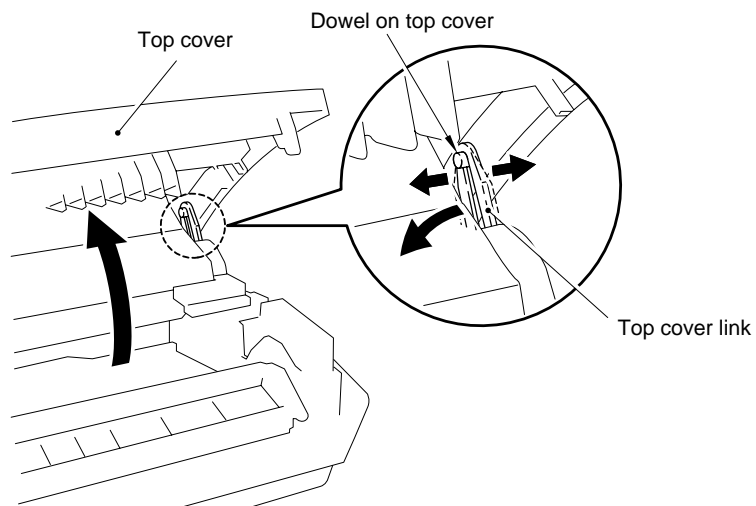
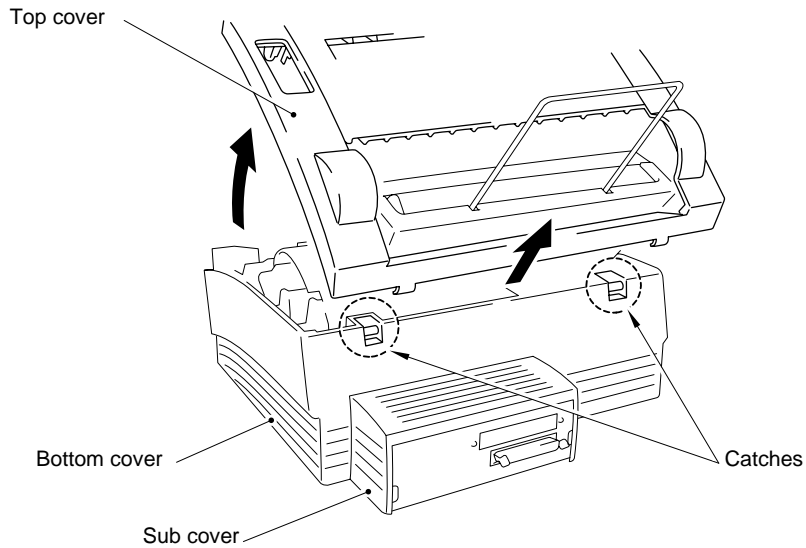


Fig. 3.2

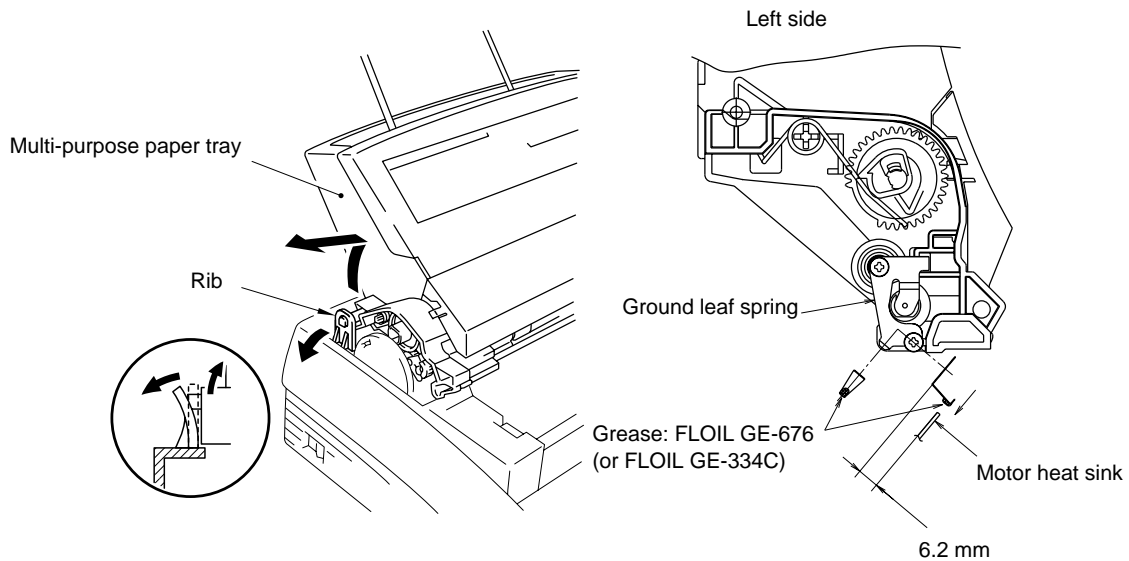
- (4) Open the top cover further, release the catches on both sides by sliding the top cover backward.



**Fig. 3.3**

### 3.3 Multi-purpose Paper Tray Assembly

- (1) Pull the left rib outwards from the MP tray and pull out the MP tray. It is not necessary to release the right rib.

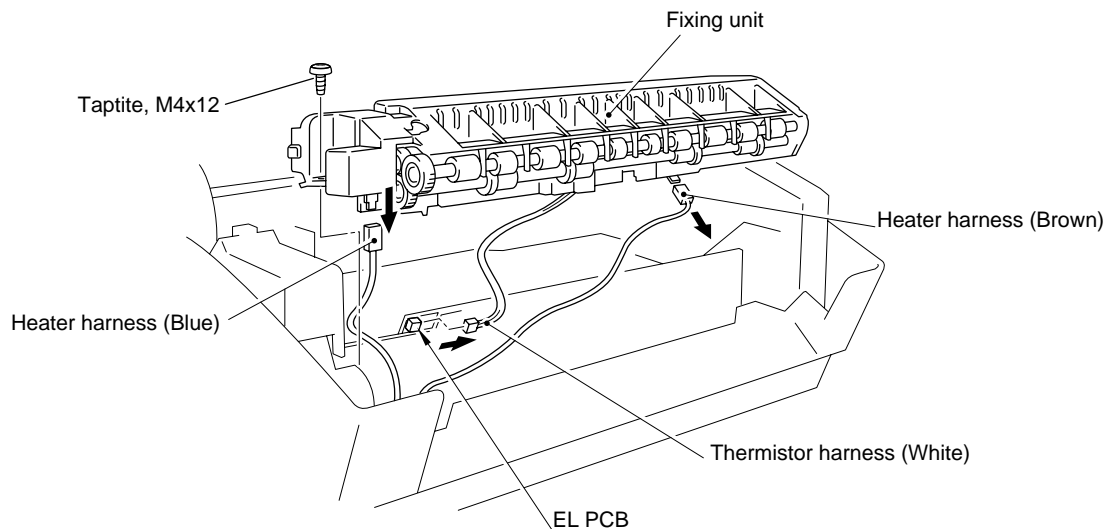


**Fig. 3.4**

**NOTE:** When reassembling, remove the old grease from the Motor heat sink and apply a suitable amount of new grease (2 rice-grain size) between the heat sink of the motor and the ground leaf spring.

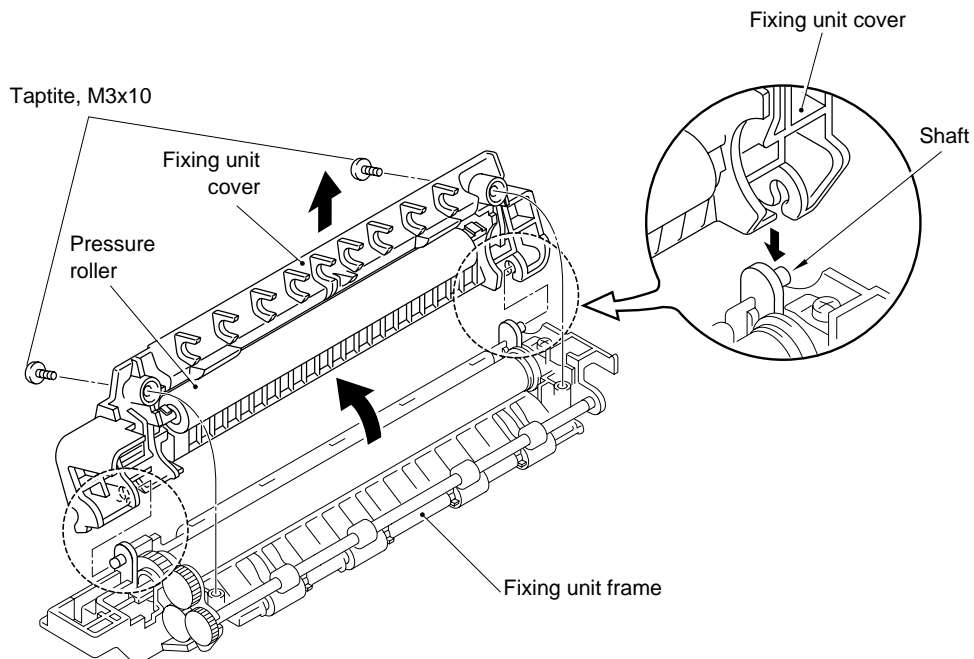
### 3.4 Fixing Unit

- (1) Remove the M4x12 screw securing the fixing unit.
- (2) Lifting up the fixing unit, disconnect the two heater harnesses and disconnect the thermistor cable from the connector on the EL PCB.



**Fig. 3.5**

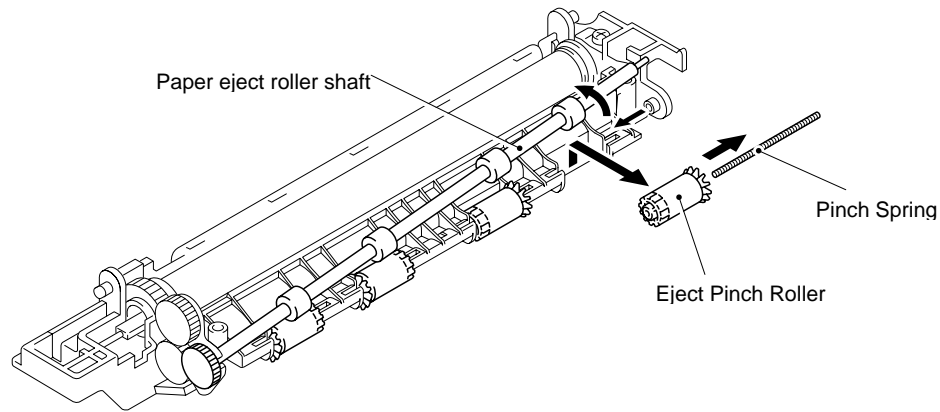
- (3) Remove the two M3x10 screws.
- (4) Open the fixing unit cover along the open side of the fixing unit cover.



**Fig. 3.5a**



- (5) Release the right side of the paper eject roller shaft.
- (6) Remove the four eject pinch rollers and the pinch springs from the fixing unit frame. Then, remove the pinch spring from each pinch roller.

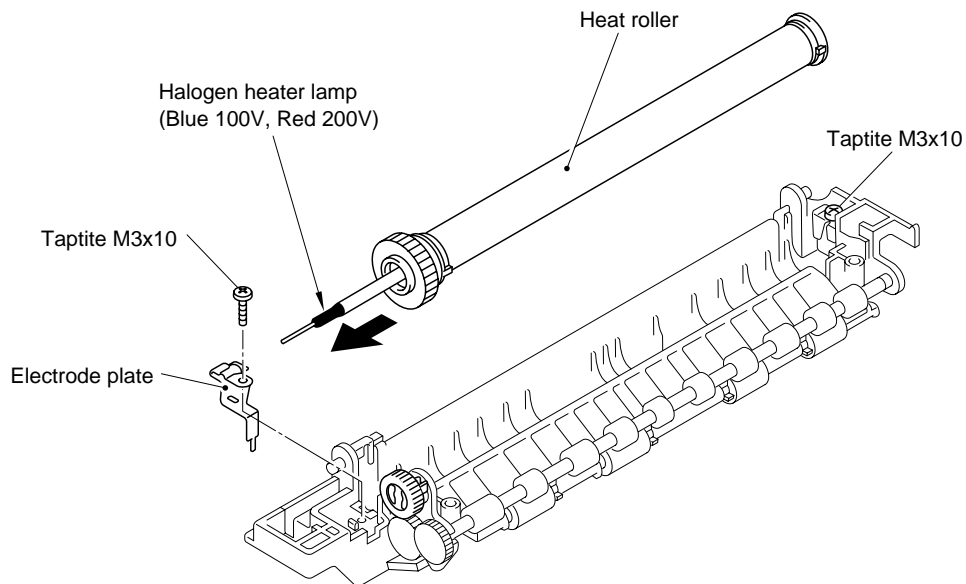


**Fig. 3.5b**

- (7) Remove the M3x10 screw securing the electrode plate to remove the electrode plate from the fixing unit frame.
- (8) Loosen the other M3x10 screw securing the fixing unit cover.
- (9) Remove the heat roller. Then, remove the halogen heater lamp from the heat roller.

**Caution:**

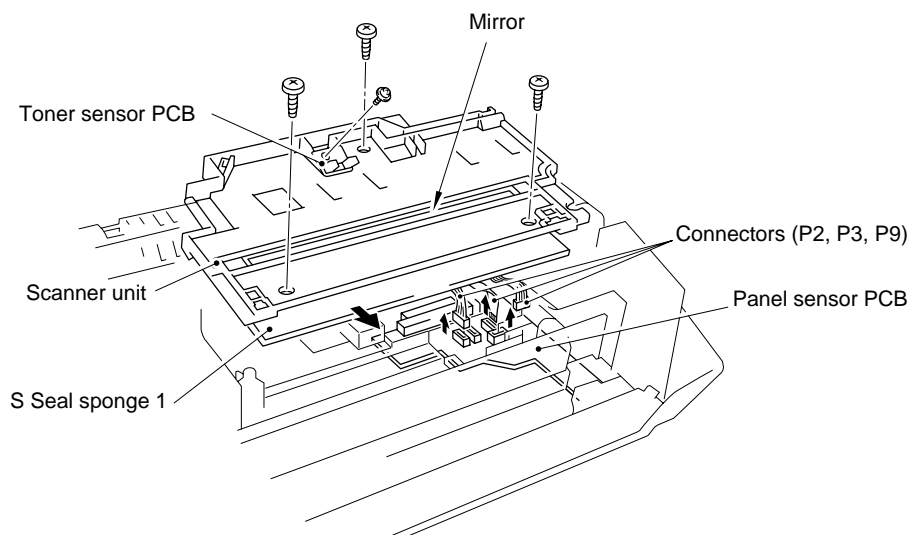
*Never touch the surface of the halogen heater lamp and the heat roller.*



**Fig. 3.5c**

### 3.5 Scanner Unit

- (1) Remove the three screws.
- (2) Lift the scanner unit to obtain access to the panel sensor PCB.
- (3) Disconnect the three scanner unit connectors from the panel sensor PCB.
- (4) Remove the screw and disassemble the Toner sensor PCB from the Scanner unit.

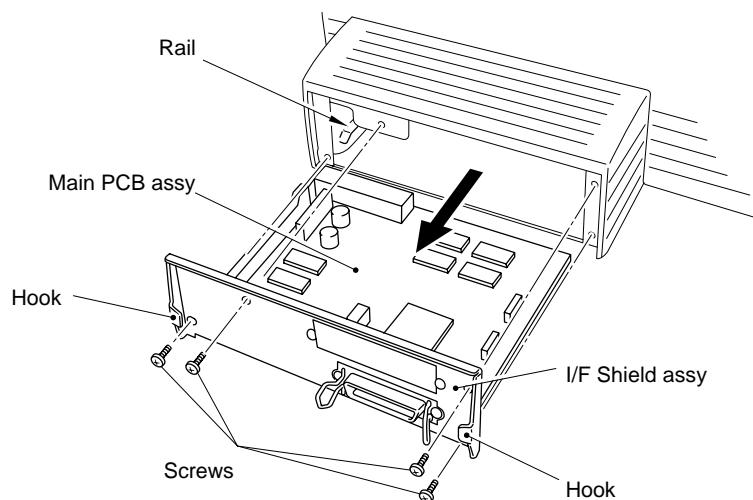


**Fig. 3.6**

**NOTE:** *Never touch the inside of the scanner unit or the mirror when disassembling or reassembling. If there is any dirt or dust on the mirror, blow it off.*

### 3.6 Main PCB Assy

- (1) Remove the four screws securing the main PCB holder to the back of the printer.
- (2) Grasp the hooks at the left and right ends of the PCB holder and draw out the main PCB assy.

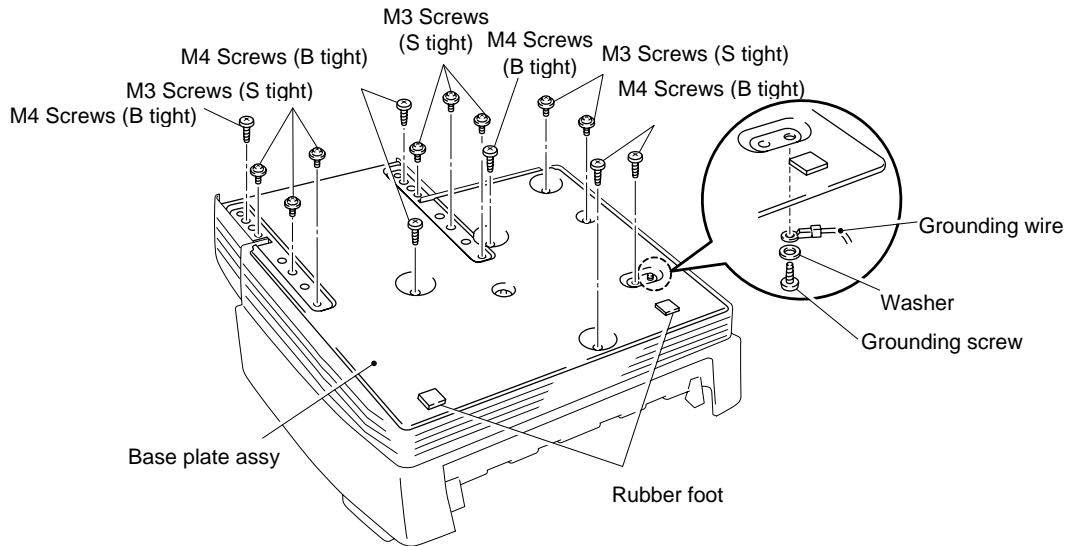


**Fig. 3.7**

### 3.7 Base Plate Assy

**NOTE:** Prior to turning the printer upside-down, the drum unit should be removed from the printer.

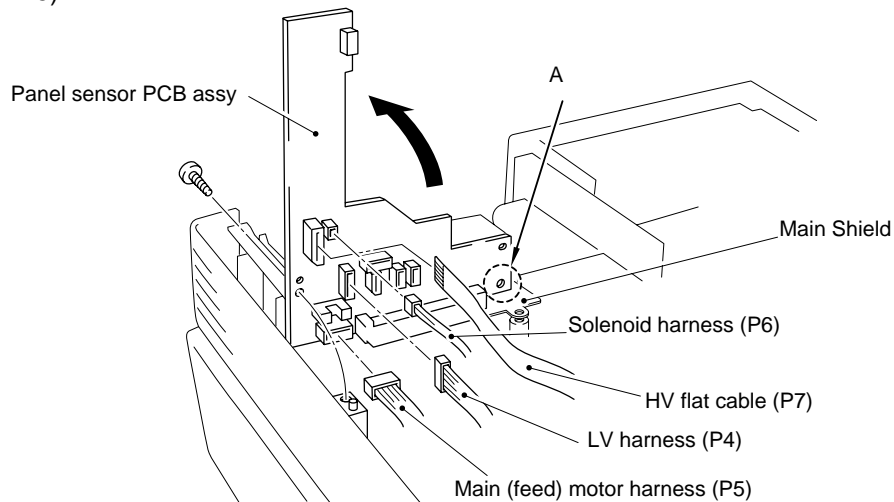
- (1) Turn the printer upside down.
- (2) Remove the six M4 and eight M3 tapping screws.
- (3) Lift out the base plate assy and remove the grounding screw.



**Fig. 3.8**

### 3.8 Panel sensor PCB Assy

- (1) Remove the screw securing the panel sensor PCB assy. Slide the part A from under the main shield and lift the PCB assembly upwards.
- (2) Disconnect the seven connectors from the PCB (The three connectors P2, P3 and P9 have already disconnected when disassembling the scanner unit. See page, III-5).



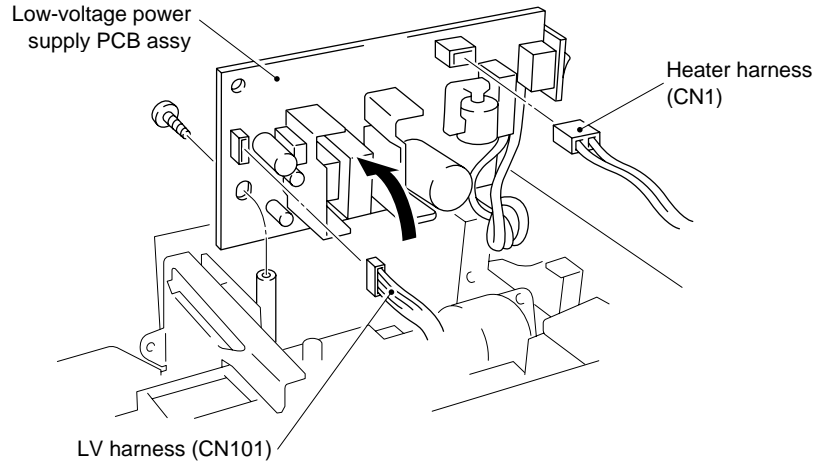
**Fig. 3.9**

**NOTE1:** When reassembling, the connectors must be inserted fully into the PCB and the PCB must not be lifted up by the harnesses.

**NOTE2:** The connectors should be inserted by matching the housing color and the number of pins.

### 3.9 Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Assy

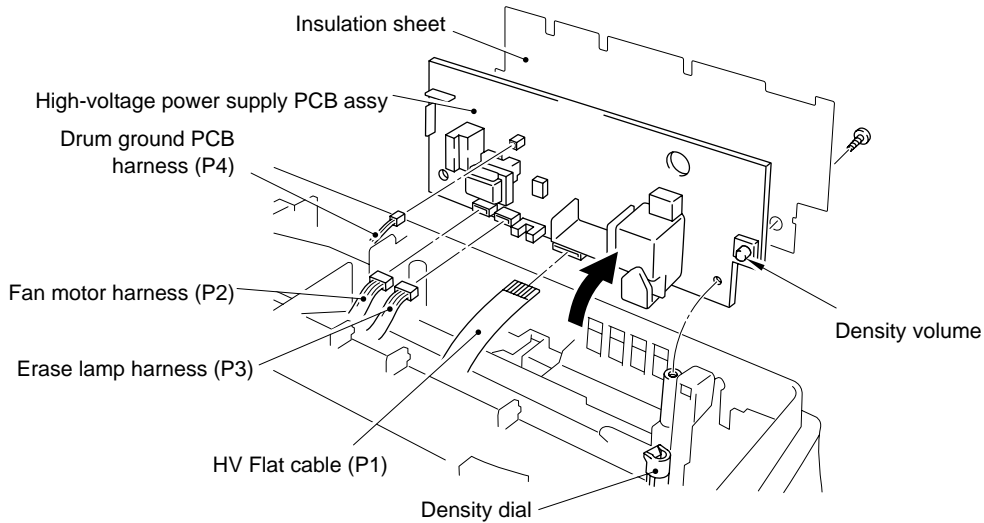
- (1) Remove the screw securing the low-voltage power supply PCB assy and lift the PCB.
- (2) Disconnect the two connectors from the component side of the PCB.



**Fig. 3.10**

### 3.10 High-voltage Power Supply PCB Assy

- (1) Remove the screw securing the high-voltage power supply PCB assy and lift the PCB.
- (2) Disconnect the four connectors from the PCB.

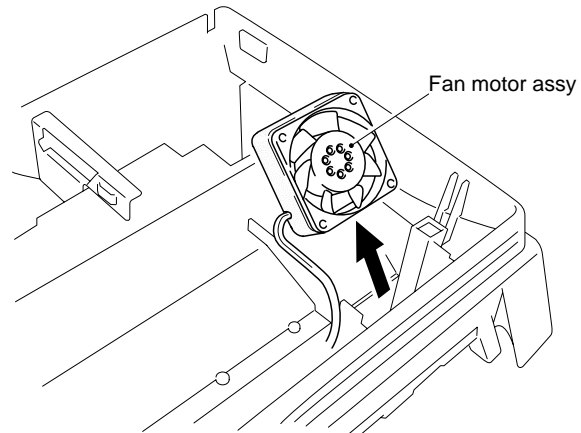


**Fig. 3.11**

**NOTE:** When reassembling, the density volume adjuster knob must be fitted into the cutout side of the density dial.

### 3.11 Fan Motor

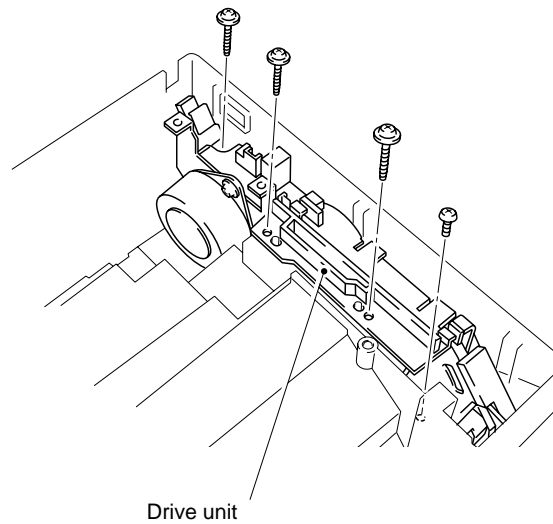
- (1) Disconnect the connector from the high-voltage power supply PCB. ( It should have been disconnected already, see above)
- (2) Lift out the fan motor assy.



**Fig. 3.12**

### 3.12 Drive Unit

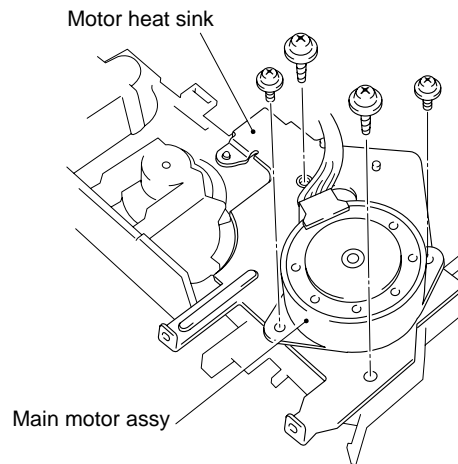
- (1) Remove the four screws securing the drive unit.



**Fig. 3.13**

### 3.13 Main Motor Assy and Motor Heat Sink

- (1) Remove the two screws securing the main motor assy.
- (2) Remove the two screws securing the motor heat sink.

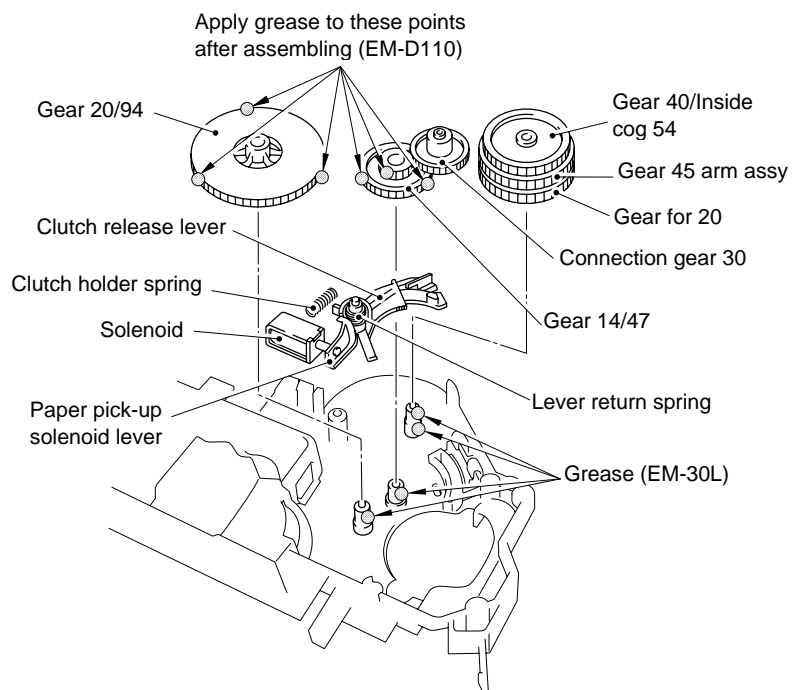


**Fig. 3.14**

### 3.14 Gears and Solenoid

- (1) Apply grease the points shown below.

Grease: MOLYKOTE EM-30L TKC-0  
MOLYKOTE EM-D110



**NOTE:** Apply EM-30L to the small gears (2 pcs.) inside the "Gear 45 arm assy".

**Fig. 3.15**

### 3.15 Tray Extension

- (1) Put the tray extension assembly down towards the front of the printer, and pull the bottom of both side legs outwards to release it.

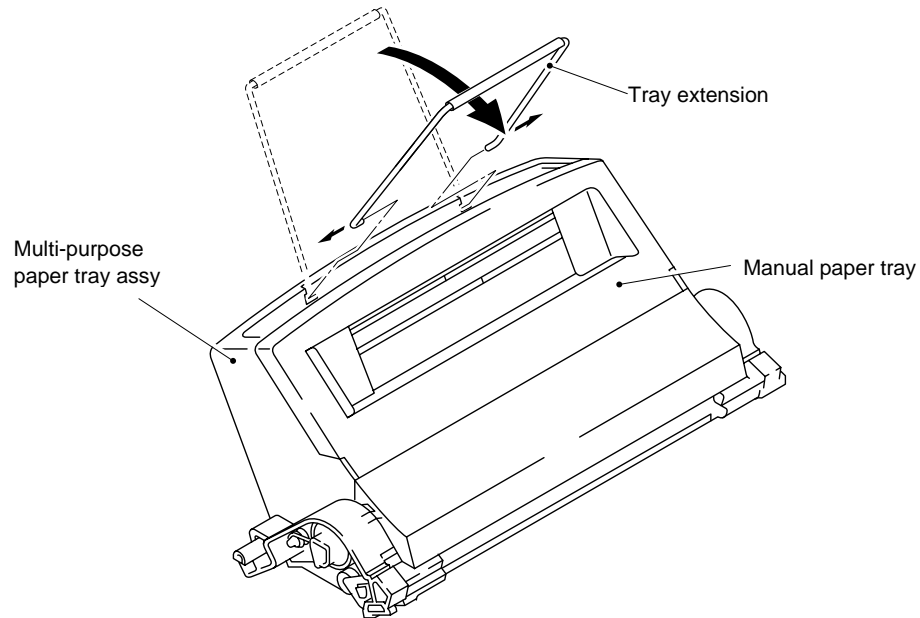


Fig. 3.16

### 3.16 Paper Eject Tray Assy

- (1) Open the paper eject tray.
- (2) Press both sides of the hinges of the paper eject tray inwards to release it from the holes in the top cover.
- (3) Press the tray extension inwards as shown by the arrows and remove it.

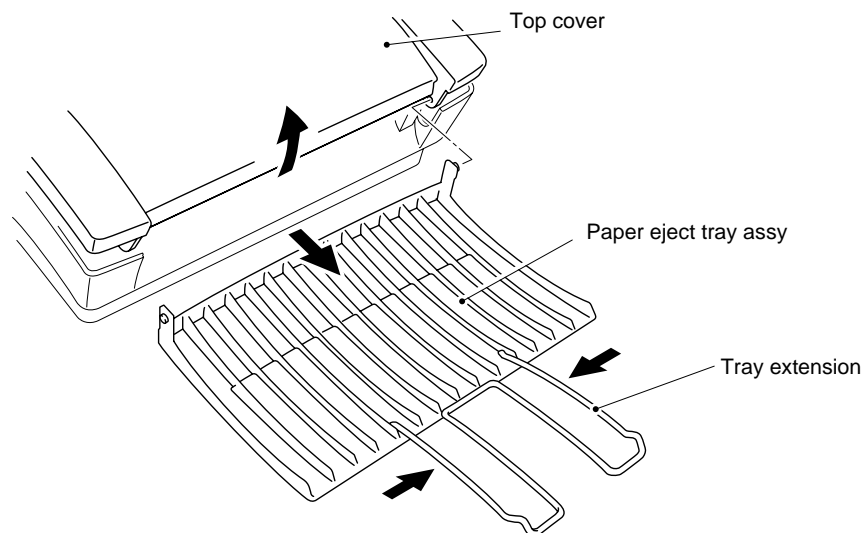
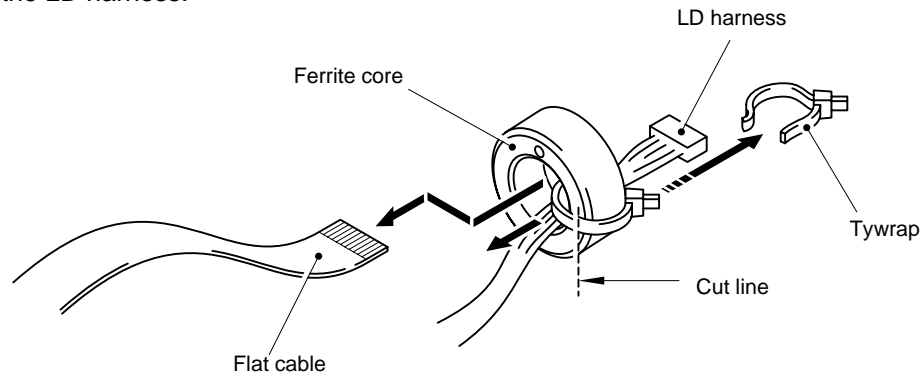


Fig. 3.17

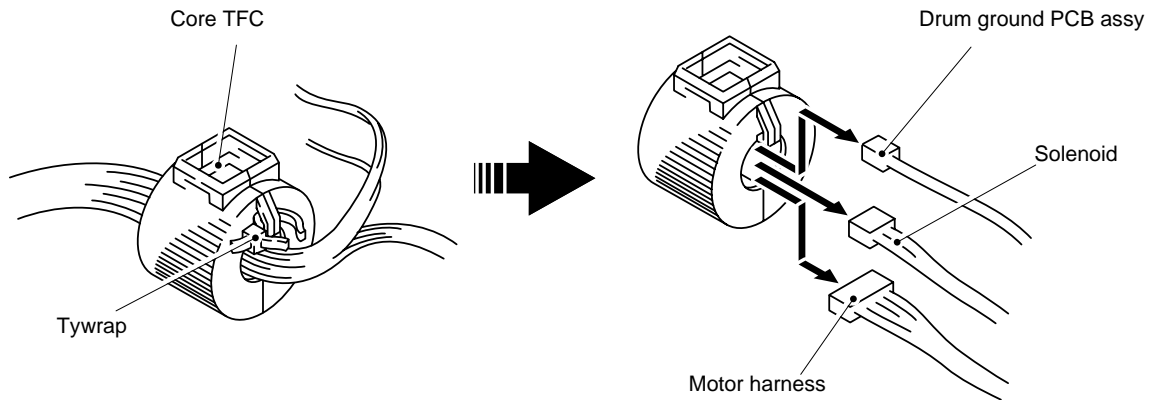
### 3.17 Core

- (1) Remove the flat cable from the ferrite core secured to the LD harness on the back of the scanner unit, and then carefully cut the tywrap to remove the ferrite core secured to the LD harness.



**Fig. 3.18**

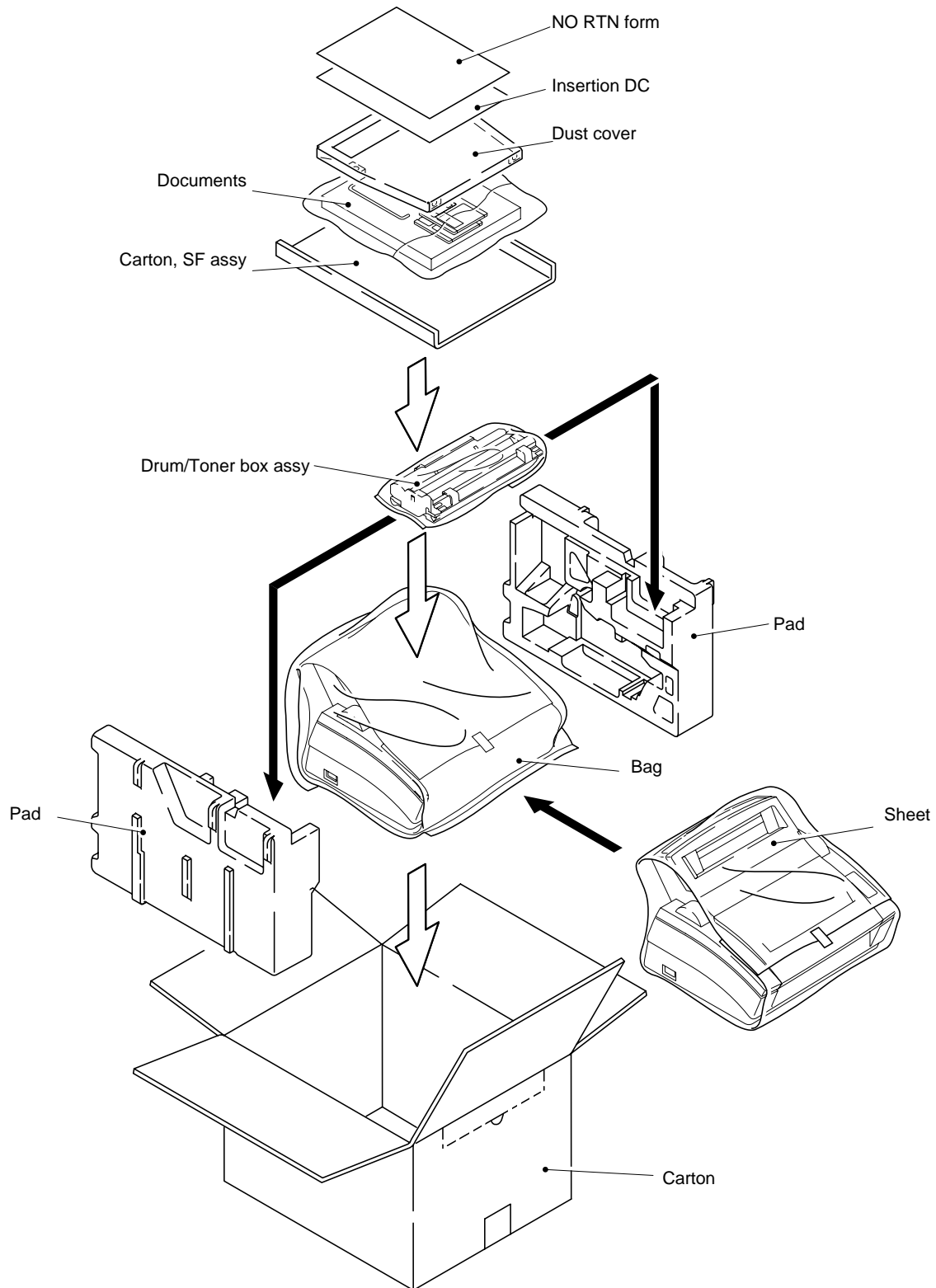
- (2) Carefully cut the tywrap to remove the core secured to the body bottom. And then remove the motor harness, the solenoid harness and the drum ground PCB assembly which all pass through the core.



**Fig. 3.19**



#### 4. PACKING



**Fig. 3.20**

## CHAPTER IV TROUBLESHOOTING

### 1. INSPECTION MODE

#### 1.1 Inbuilt Inspection Modes

The printer incorporates the following inspection modes such as the factory inspection mode and the test print mode.

Factory inspection mode, Continuous grid pattern print mode, 3 patterns print mode, NV-RAM value dump mode, ROM code update (FLASH rom only), RAM check and 4% density test print..

The operation of the inspection mode is as follows.

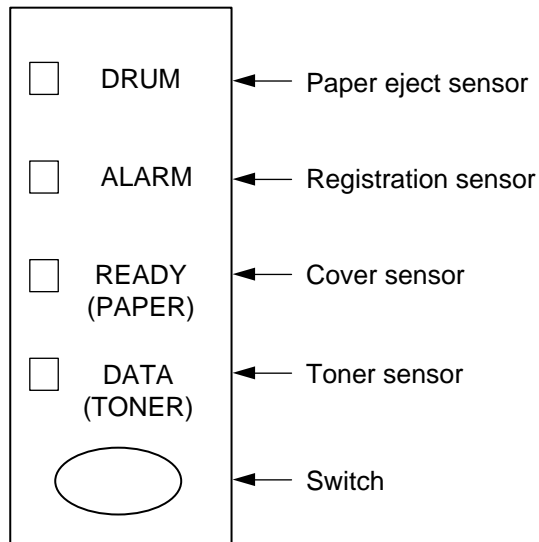
- (1) Turn off the power to the printer.
- (2) With the top cover open, turn on the power while holding down the button on the operation panel.

When entering this mode, the DRUM LED is ON. Holding down the button causes the LEDs to turn ON in the order DRUM -> ALARM -> READY -> DATA -> DRUM. When you release the button, a mode is selected. The mode selected is indicated by the LED which is ON when you release the button. The inspection modes are assigned to the respective LEDs as shown below.

LED	Type of inspection
DRUM	Factory inspection mode
ALARM	Continuous grid pattern print mode
READY	3 patterns print mode (grid horizontal lines and black)
DATA	NV-RAM value dump mode
DRUM + ALARM	The ROM code update (only when flash memory is mounted)
ALARM + READY	RAM check
READY + DATA	4% density printing

Details of the factory inspection mode are as follows.

This mode is used to check if the sensors in the printer function correctly. In the process of this inspection, the LEDs and buttons are also checked. On entering this mode, the LEDs show the status of the respective sensors as follows.



Paper eject sensor	ON (Paper is detected.)	DRUM LED ON
	OFF (No paper is detected.)	DRUM LED OFF
Registration sensor	ON (Paper is detected.)	ALARM LED ON
	OFF (No paper is detected.)	ALARM LED OFF
Cover sensor	ON (The top cover is closed.)	READY LED OFF
	OFF (The top cover is open.)	READY LED ON
Toner sensor	ON (The toner cartridge is installed.)	DATA LED OFF
	OFF (No toner cartridge is installed.)	DATA LED ON

The procedure for the factory inspection mode is as follows.

- (1) Open the top cover and remove the drum unit.
- (2) Turn on the power to the printer while holding down the button. The DRUM LED comes ON.
- (3) Release the button and immediately lightly press the button again.
- (4) Check if the DRUM (paper eject sensor) and ALARM (registration sensor) LEDs go OFF after all the LEDs go ON.  
If the paper eject sensor is ON at this point and the DRUM LED goes ON (error).  
If the registration sensor is ON at this point and the ALARM LED goes ON (error).
- (5) Install the drum unit. Check that the DATA LED goes OFF.
- (6) Lightly touch the registration sensor actuator. Check that the ALARM LED comes ON.
- (7) Close the top cover. Check that the READY LED goes OFF.
- (8) Press the button.
- (9) If all the sensors are correct, the printer goes back to the READY status. If any error is detected, the corresponding LED stays ON.

## 1.2 Error codes

In the event of a printer failure, error codes will be indicated as shown below. All the LEDs and the specific LEDs are turned ON alternately. The specific combination of ON LEDs indicates the type of error.

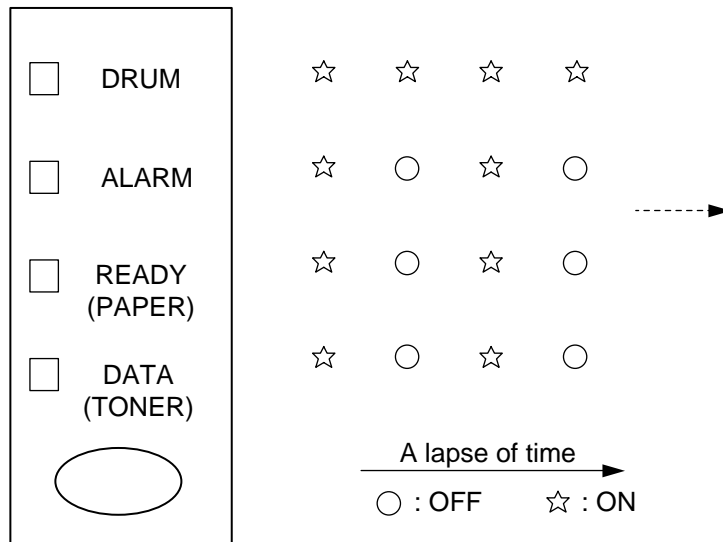
Type of error	DATA	READY	ALARM	DRUM
Fuser Malfunction				○
Laser BD Malfunction			○	
Scanner Malfunction			○	○
ROM Error		○		
D-RAM Error		○		○
Service A *		○	○	
Service B *		○	○	○
NV-RAM Error *	○	○		○
CPU Runtime Error	○	○	○	○

\* Refer to the further description of those errors as follows;

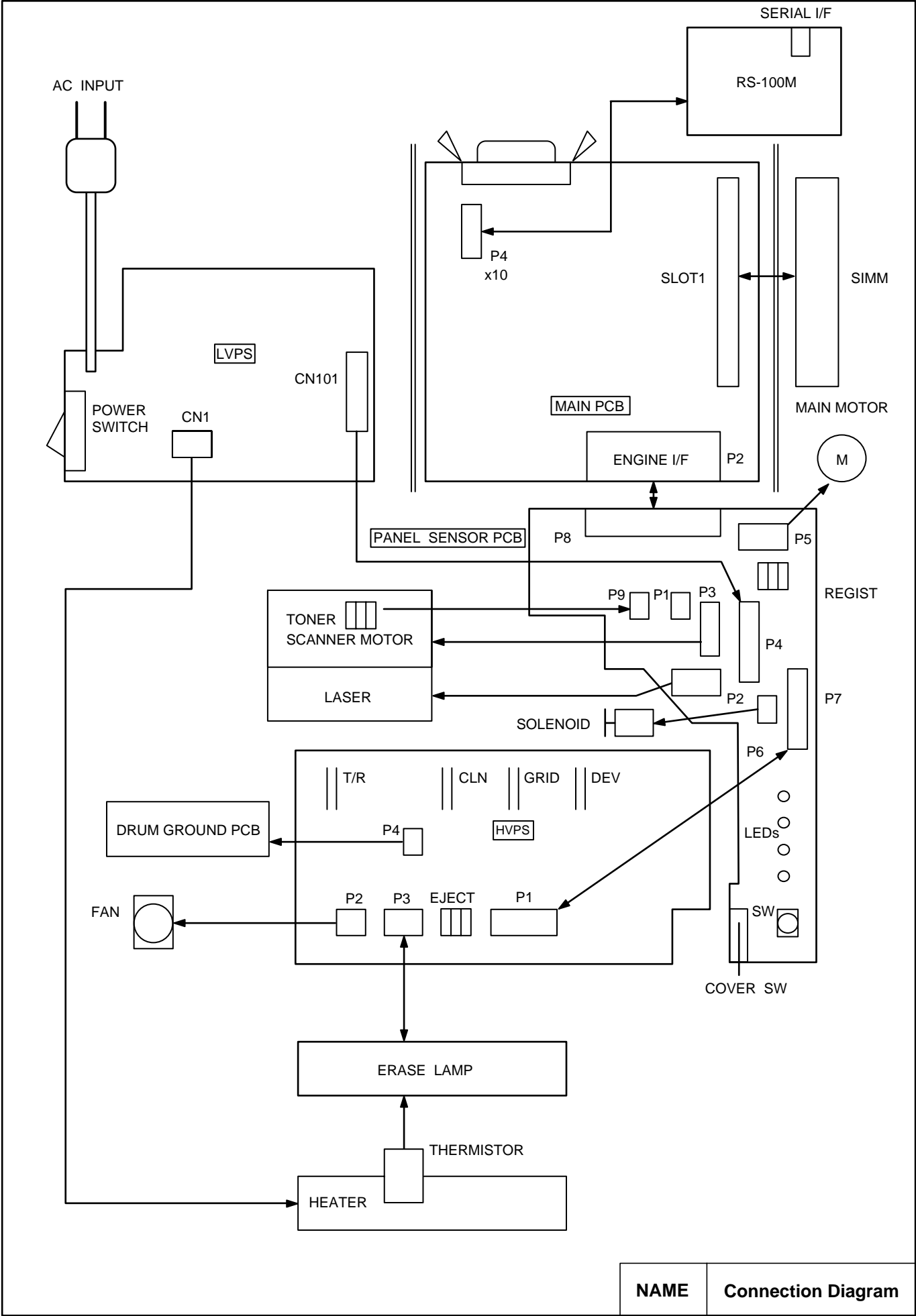
- Service A: Address Error
- Service B: Bus Error
- CPU Runtime Error: Other CPU errors such as Illegal Instruction or Operation Overflow

### LED error indications

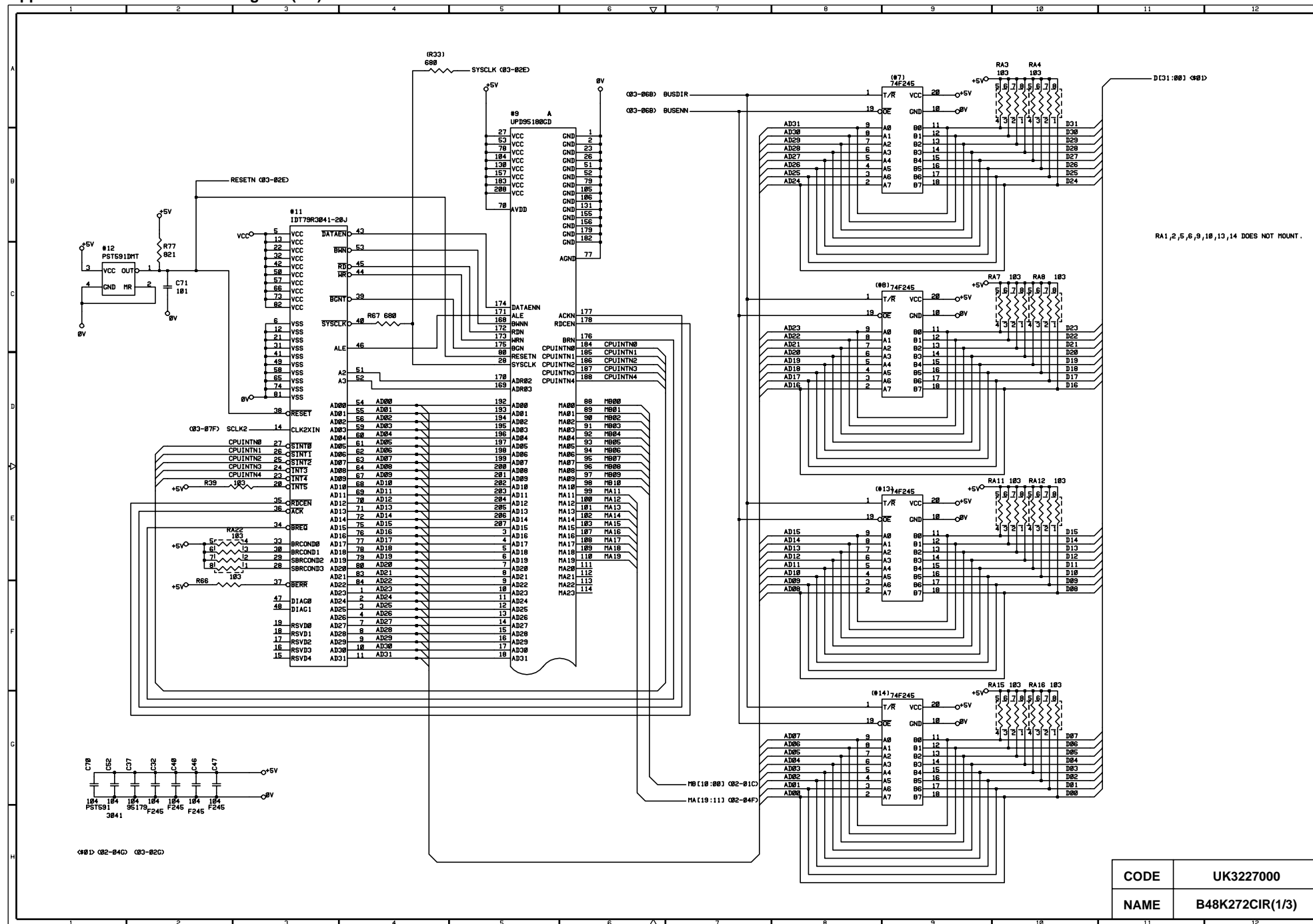
#### FUSER MALFUNCTION



Appendix 1. Connection Diagram



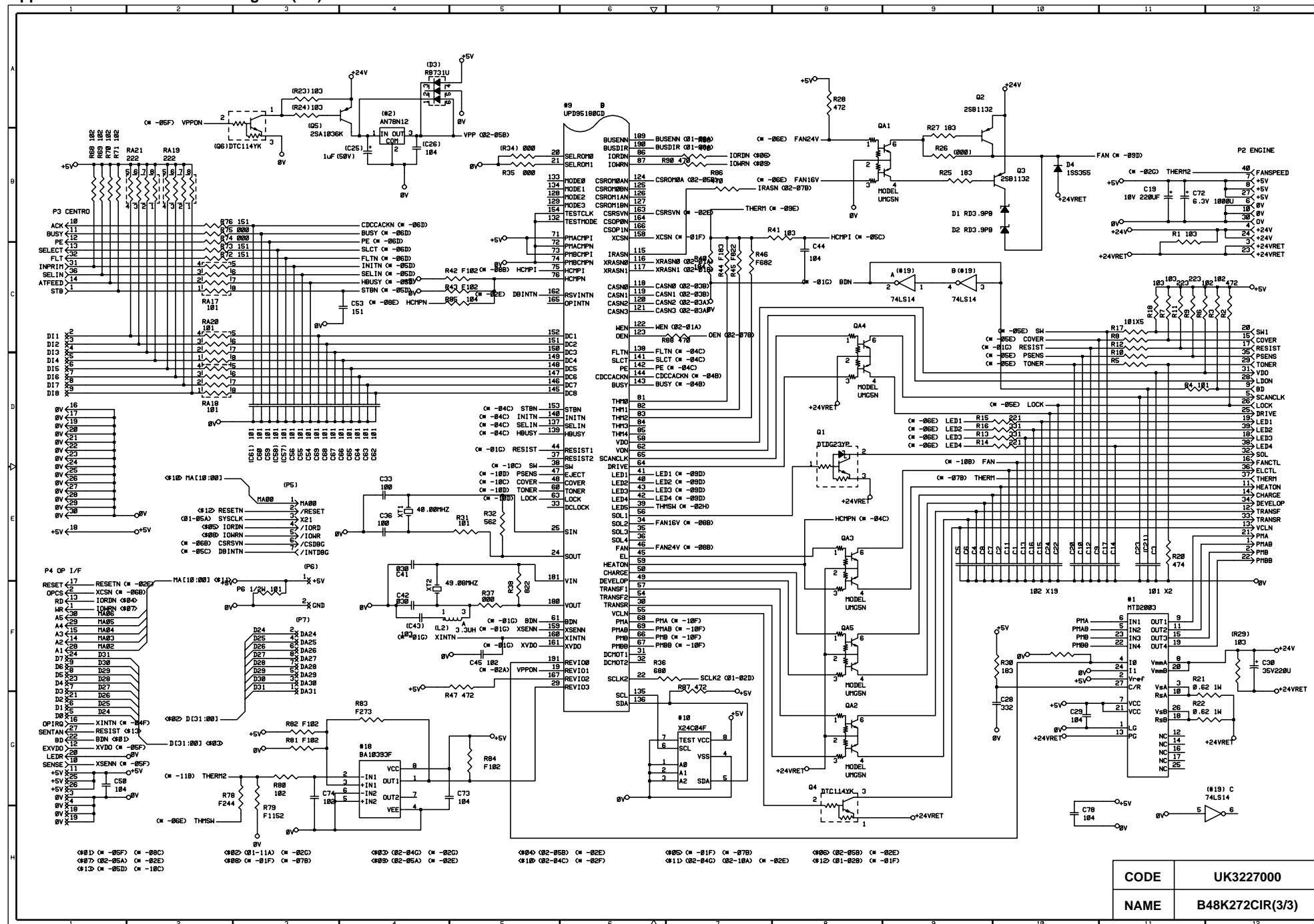
# Appendix 2. Main PCB Circuit Diagram (1/3)



CODE	UK3227000
NAME	B48K272CIR(1/3)

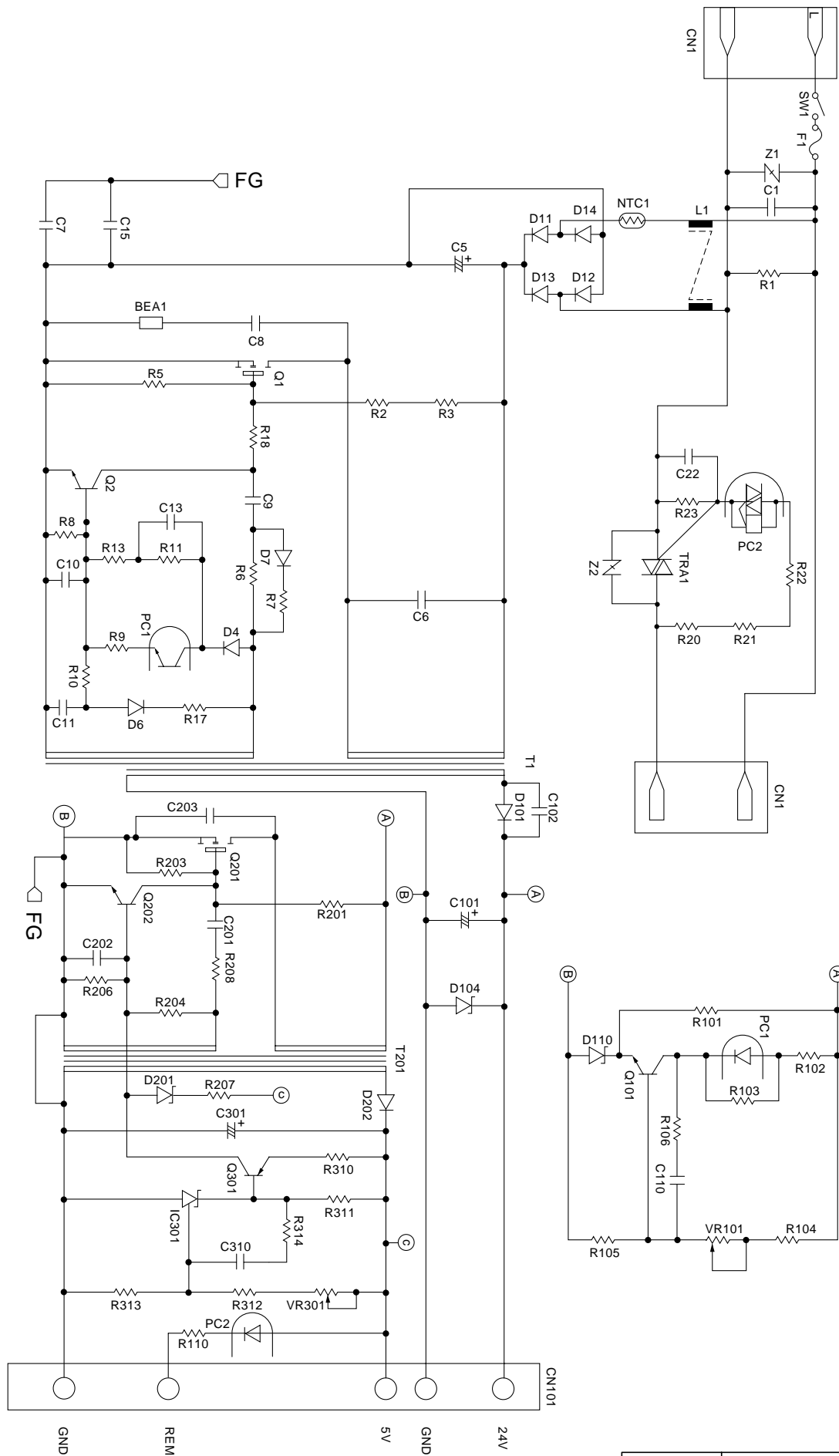


# Appendix 4. Main PCB Circuit Diagram (3/3)

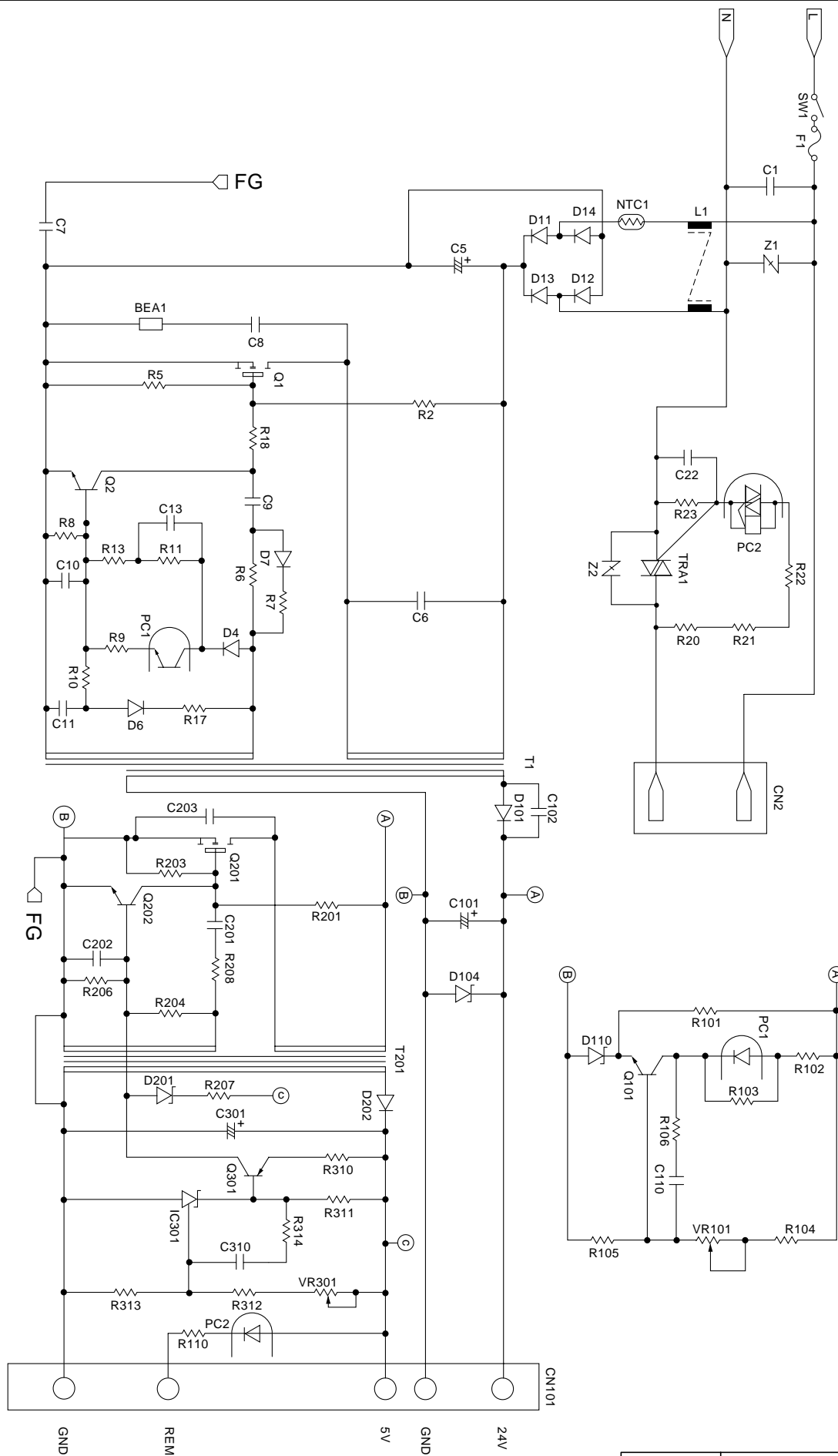




## Appendix 6. Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram 230V



## Appendix 7. Low-Voltage Power Supply PCB Circuit Diagram 115V



NAME

Low-Voltage  
PS Circuit 115V



**LASER PRINTER**

# **PARTS REFERENCE LIST**

**MODEL:HL-720/730/730Plus**

**MECHANISMS & ELECTRONICS**

## NOTE FOR USING THIS PARTS REFERENCE LIST

1. In the case of ordering parts, it needs mentioning the following items:

- (1) Code
- (2) Q'ty
- (3) Description
- (4) Symbol ( PCB No., Revision , and Parts location mounted on the PCB.)

Note : No orders without Parts Code or Tool No. can be accepted.

< Example >

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	QTY	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS

Revision No. : marked on the printed circuit board.

B48K056 - 201A

Design change indication  
Specification No.  
Pattern alteration No.  
Circuit board No.

## 2. Design-changed parts:

If the parts are changed, any one of the following symbols is indicated in the REMARKS column.

- #A : compatible between old and new  
#B : replaceable from old to new  
#D : incompatible  
# : newly established

3. The original of this list was made based on the information available in March, 1996.

4. Parts are subject to change in design without prior notice.

# CONTENTS

PCB SILK-SCREEN PRINTING DRAWING .....	1
GENERAL DRAWING .....	2
POWER CORDS & PACKING DRAWING .....	3
1. FRAME / DRIVE .....	4
2. SCANNER .....	4
3. PAPER TRAY .....	5
4. FIXING UNIT .....	5
5. CABINET .....	6
6. MAIN PCB .....	7
7. PANEL / SENSOR PCB .....	7
8. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY UNIT .....	8
9. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY UNIT .....	8
10. POWER CORDS .....	9
11. PACKING .....	9-1
12. DOCUMENTS .....	10
13. ADJUSTING TOOL KIT .....	11

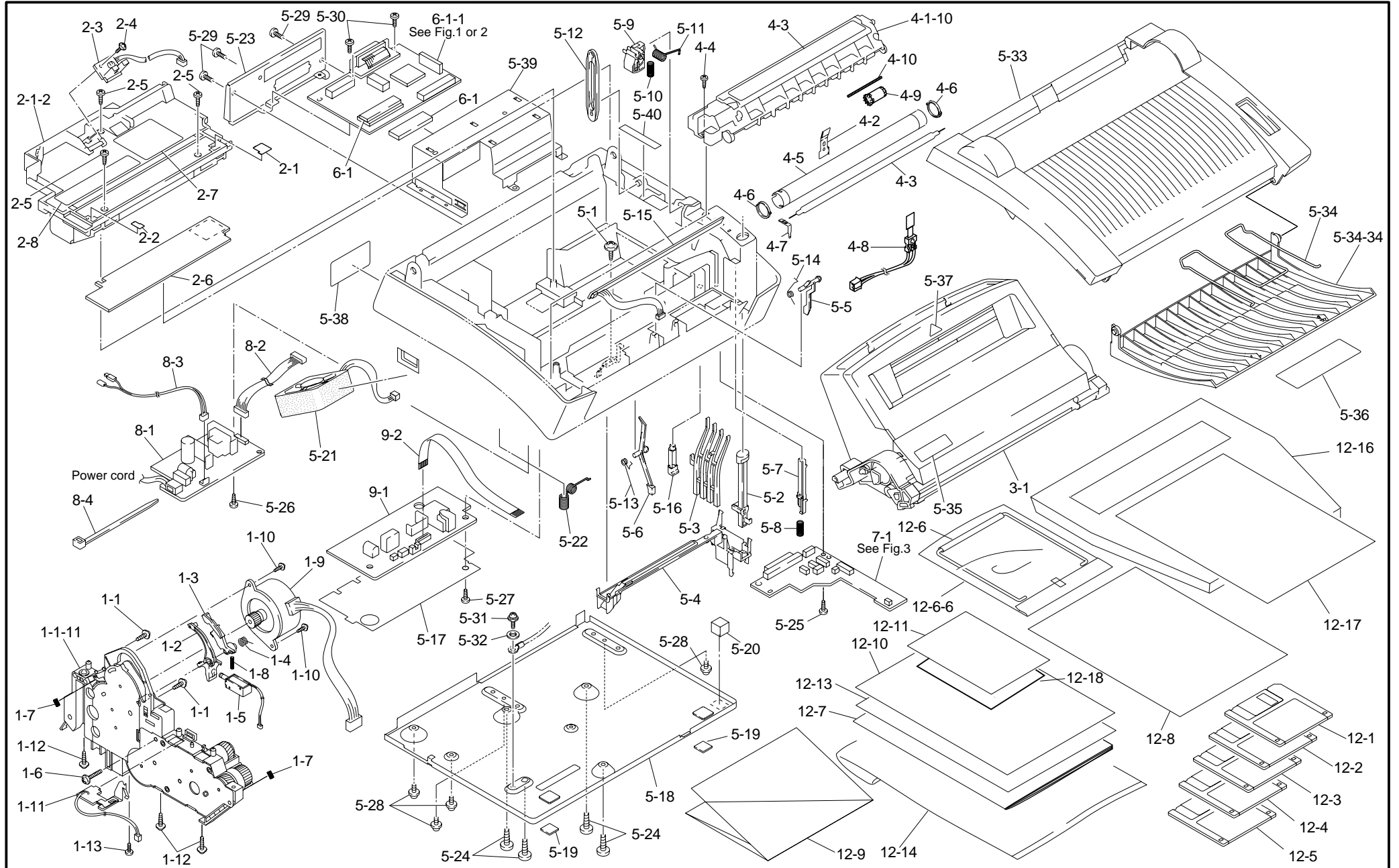
Fig.1 MAIN PCB (HL-720)

The diagram illustrates the layout of the B48K225-5 engine control unit. Key components and their connections are as follows:





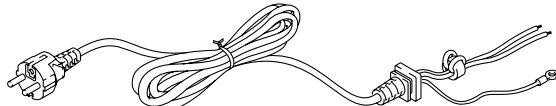





- High Voltage Section:** Includes the P7 VOLTAGE (12V) and P6 SOLENOID (12V) connected to the HIGH VOLTAGE line. The P6 SOLENOID is connected to the P7 VOLTAGE line via the JW6 connector.
- Low Voltage Section:** Includes the P2 LASER (5V) and P3 SCANNER MOTOR (5V) connected to the LOW VOLTAGE line. The P2 LASER is connected to the P3 SCANNER MOTOR via the JW2 connector.
- Other Components:**
  - P5 MOTOR:** Connected to the P5 MOTOR line.
  - P4:** Connected to the P4 line.
  - P1:** Connected to the P1 line.
  - P3:** Connected to the P3 line.
  - P2:** Connected to the P2 line.
  - P1:** Connected to the P1 line.
  - P9:** Connected to the P9 line.
  - P8 ENGINE:** Connected to the P8 ENGINE line.
  - P1:** Connected to the P1 line.
  - P2:** Connected to the P2 line.
  - P3:** Connected to the P3 line.
  - P4:** Connected to the P4 line.
  - P5:** Connected to the P5 line.
  - P6:** Connected to the P6 line.
  - P7:** Connected to the P7 line.
  - P8:** Connected to the P8 line.
  - P9:** Connected to the P9 line.
  - P10:** Connected to the P10 line.
  - P11:** Connected to the P11 line.
  - P12:** Connected to the P12 line.
  - P13:** Connected to the P13 line.
  - P14:** Connected to the P14 line.
  - P15:** Connected to the P15 line.
  - P16:** Connected to the P16 line.
  - P17:** Connected to the P17 line.
  - P18:** Connected to the P18 line.
  - P19:** Connected to the P19 line.
  - P20:** Connected to the P20 line.
  - P21:** Connected to the P21 line.
  - P22:** Connected to the P22 line.
  - P23:** Connected to the P23 line.
  - P24:** Connected to the P24 line.
  - P25:** Connected to the P25 line.
  - P26:** Connected to the P26 line.
  - P27:** Connected to the P27 line.
  - P28:** Connected to the P28 line.
  - P29:** Connected to the P29 line.
  - P30:** Connected to the P30 line.
  - P31:** Connected to the P31 line.
  - P32:** Connected to the P32 line.
  - P33:** Connected to the P33 line.
  - P34:** Connected to the P34 line.
  - P35:** Connected to the P35 line.
  - P36:** Connected to the P36 line.
  - P37:** Connected to the P37 line.
  - P38:** Connected to the P38 line.
  - P39:** Connected to the P39 line.
  - P40:** Connected to the P40 line.
  - P41:** Connected to the P41 line.
  - P42:** Connected to the P42 line.
  - P43:** Connected to the P43 line.
  - P44:** Connected to the P44 line.
  - P45:** Connected to the P45 line.
  - P46:** Connected to the P46 line.
  - P47:** Connected to the P47 line.
  - P48:** Connected to the P48 line.
  - P49:** Connected to the P49 line.
  - P50:** Connected to the P50 line.
  - P51:** Connected to the P51 line.
  - P52:** Connected to the P52 line.
  - P53:** Connected to the P53 line.
  - P54:** Connected to the P54 line.
  - P55:** Connected to the P55 line.
  - P56:** Connected to the P56 line.
  - P57:** Connected to the P57 line.
  - P58:** Connected to the P58 line.
  - P59:** Connected to the P59 line.
  - P60:** Connected to the P60 line.
  - P61:** Connected to the P61 line.
  - P62:** Connected to the P62 line.
  - P63:** Connected to the P63 line.
  - P64:** Connected to the P64 line.
  - P65:** Connected to the P65 line.
  - P66:** Connected to the P66 line.
  - P67:** Connected to the P67 line.
  - P68:** Connected to the P68 line.
  - P69:** Connected to the P69 line.
  - P70:** Connected to the P70 line.
  - P71:** Connected to the P71 line.
  - P72:** Connected to the P72 line.
  - P73:** Connected to the P73 line.
  - P74:** Connected to the P74 line.
  - P75:** Connected to the P75 line.
  - P76:** Connected to the P76 line.
  - P77:** Connected to the P77 line.
  - P78:** Connected to the P78 line.
  - P79:** Connected to the P79 line.
  - P80:** Connected to the P80 line.
  - P81:** Connected to the P81 line.
  - P82:** Connected to the P82 line.
  - P83:** Connected to the P83 line.
  - P84:** Connected to the P84 line.
  - P85:** Connected to the P85 line.
  - P86:** Connected to the P86 line.
  - P87:** Connected to the P87 line.
  - P88:** Connected to the P88 line.
  - P89:** Connected to the P89 line.
  - P90:** Connected to the P90 line.
  - P91:** Connected to the P91 line.
  - P92:** Connected to the P92 line.
  - P93:** Connected to the P93 line.
  - P94:** Connected to the P94 line.
  - P95:** Connected to the P95 line.
  - P96:** Connected to the P96 line.
  - P97:** Connected to the P97 line.
  - P98:** Connected to the P98 line.
  - P99:** Connected to the P99 line.
  - P100:** Connected to the P100 line.

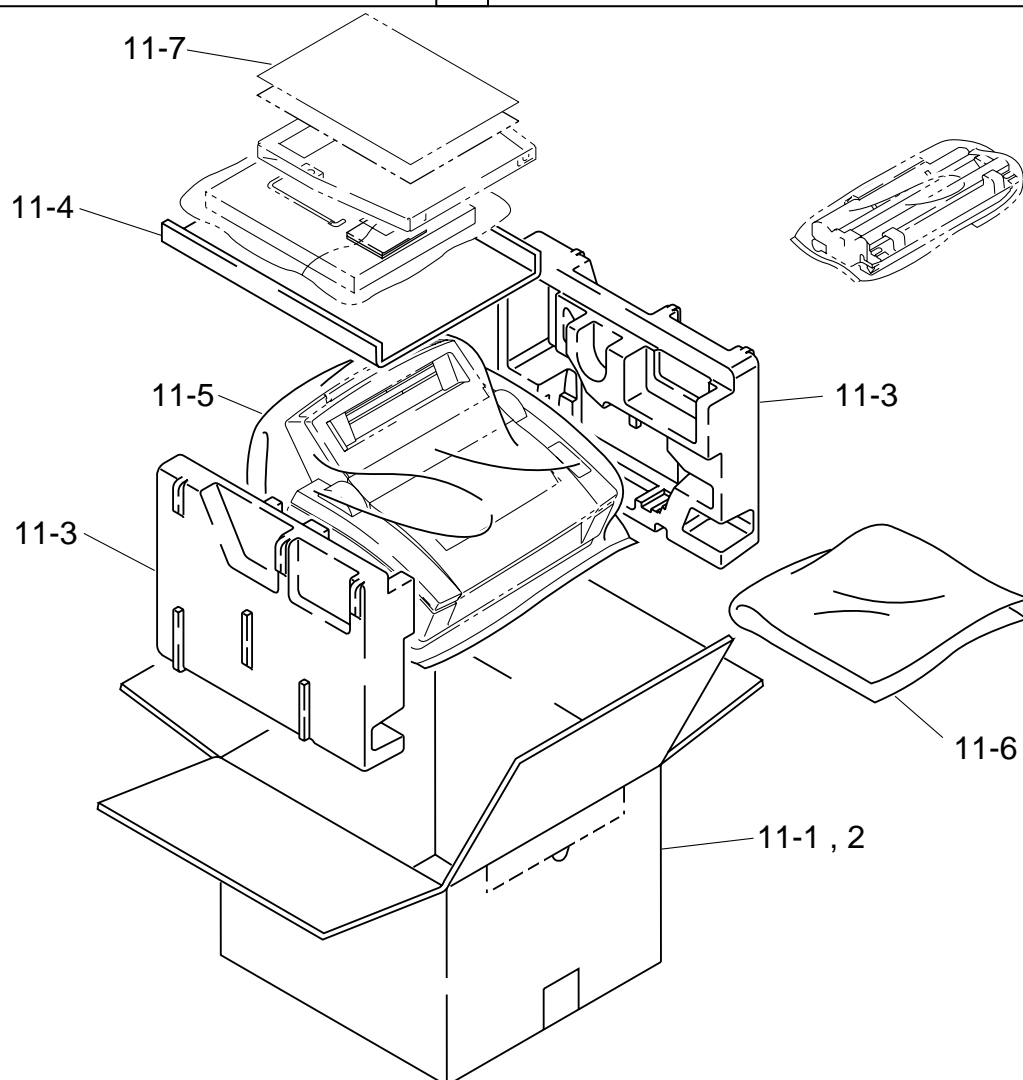
Fig.2 MAIN PCB (HL-730)

# GENERAL DRAWING



# POWER CORDS & PACKING DRAWING

10-			
1A		1F	
1B		1G	
1C		1H	
1D		1I	
1E		1J	





## 1. FRAME / DRIVE

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1-11	B48K230-3	UL6997001	1	DRIVE UNIT (SP)	
1		087411615	2	TAPTITE, CUP B M4X16	
2		UL6573000	1	PAPER PICK-UP SOLENOID LEVER	
3		UL6574000	1	CLUTCH RELEASE LEVER	
4		UL6575001	1	SOLENOID LEVER RETURN SPRING	
5		UL6576001	1	PAPER PICK-UP SOLENOID ASSY	
6		087322015	1	TAPTITE, CUP S M3X20	
7		UL6577001	2	CLUTCH GEAR SPRING	
8		UL6579001	1	CLUTCH HOLDER SPRING	
9		UL6578001	1	MAIN MOTOR ASSY	
10		087320616	2	TAPTITE, CUP S M3X6	
11		UK3125001	1	DRUM GROUND PCB ASSY	
12		087412016	3	TAPTITE, CUP B M4X20	
13		085411215	1	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-010

TI NO.96-P021 / 96-P024 / 96-P036

## 2. SCANNER

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1-2	B48K231-5	UL6875001	1	SCANNER UNIT (SP)	
1		UL6614001	1	S SHEET 1	
2		UL6615001	1	S SHEET 2	
3		UK3073001	1	TONER SENSOR PCB ASSY	
4		087310815	1	TAPTITE, CUP B M3X8	
5		085411215	3	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	
6		UL6611001	1	S SEAL SPONGE 1	
7		UL6740001	1	LASER CAUTION LABEL, EUR	
7		UL7931001	1	LASER CAUTION LABEL, LEGEND	
8		UL6741001	1	CAUTION LABEL, TONER	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-020

T/I No. 96-P019 / 96-P036 / 97-P014 / 97-P045 / 97-P072

### 3. PAPER TRAY

REF.NO.	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	UL6876001	1	MP TRAY ASSY (SP), GRAY1227	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-040

### 4. FIXING UNIT

REF.NO.	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1-10	UL6877001	1	FIXING UNIT, 120V (SP)	
1-10	UL6878001	1	FIXING UNIT, 240V (SP)	
1-10	UU7442001	1	FIXING UNIT, 240V PFA (SP)	
1-10	UL7934001	1	FIXING UNIT, 240V LEGEND (SP)	
1	UL6879001	1	FU LAMP, 120V (SP)	
1	UL6880001	1	FU LAMP, 240V (SP)	
2	UL6616001	1	CLEANER ASSY	
3	UL6688001	1	CAUTION LABEL	
3	UL7928001	1	CAUTION LABEL, LEGEND	
4	085411215	1	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	
5	UL0984001	1	HEAT ROLLER ASSY (SP)	
5	UL8495001	1	HEAT ROLLER ASSY, PFA (SP)	
6	UL6673001	1	H/R BEARING	
7	UL6677000	1	ELECTRODE PLATE	
8	UL6667001	1	THERMISTOR ASSY	
9	UL6681001	4	EJECT PINCH ROLLER ASSY	
10	UL6682001	4	PINCH SPRING	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-050/051/053

TI NO. 96-P056 / 97-P072 / PR97028 / PR97032 / PR98271 / PR98292 / PR99076

## 5. CABINET

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	B48K228-2	087310815	6	TAPTITE, CUP B M3X8	
2		UL6714001	1	SW KEY, GRAY1227	
3		UL6715001	1	PANEL LIGT GUIDE	
4		UL6716001	1	DUCT LID	
5		UL6936001	1	PAPER EJECT ACTUATOR ASSY, BLACK	
6		UL6935001	1	REGIST SENSOR ACTUATOR ASSY, BLACK	
7		UL6719000	1	INTERLOCK LEVER	
8		UL6720001	1	SPRING, COMPRESSION	
9		UL6721000	1	LOCK LEVER	
10		UL6722001	1	SPRING, COMPRESSION	
11		UL6723001	1	PR LOCK SPRING	
12		UL6729000	1	TOP COVER LINK	
13		UL6930001	1	SPRING, TORSION	
14		UL6931001	1	SPRING, TORSION EX	
15		UL6887001	1	EL PCB UNIT	
16		UL6853001	1	DENSITY DIAL, GRAY1252	
17		UL6725000	1	INSULATION SHEET	
18		UL6728000	1	BASE PLATE	
19		UL5600001	2	RUBBER FOOT	
20		UL6864001	1	PCB SUPPORT	
21		UL6934001	1	FAN MOTOR ASSY	
22		UL6973000	1	DRUM GROUND SPRING	
23		UL6731001	1	I/F SHIELD ASSY	
24		085411215	4	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	
25		085411215	1	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	
26		085411215	1	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	
27		085411215	1	TAPTITE, BIND B M4X12	
28		087320616	4	TAPTITE, CUP S M3X6	
29		002400616	3	SCREW, PAN M4X6	
30		087320616	2	TAPTITE, CUP S M3X6	
31		UL6915001	1	SCREW, PAN (WASHER) M4X6	
32		025040235	1	WASHER, PLAIN M 4	
33		UL6703001	1	TOP COVER, GRAY1227	
34-34		UL6735001	1	PAPER EJECT TRAY ASSY, GRAY1227	
34		UL6736001	1	PAPER EJECT TRAY EXTENSION	
35		UL6581001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-720 USA/CAN	
35		UL6944001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-720 EUR	
35		UL7935001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-720 LEGEND	
35		UL6737001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730 USA/CAN	
35		UL7530001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730DX USA/CAN	
35		UL6945001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730 EUR	
35		UL7549001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730 LEGEND	
35		UL7763001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730 KOR OEM SSANG YONG	
35		UL7814001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730+ USA/CAN	
35		UL7818001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730DX+ USA/CAN	
35		UL7815001	1	MODEL PLATE, HL-730+ EUR	
36		UL6580001	1	MYLAR LABEL, USA HL-720	
36		UL6953001	1	MYLAR LABEL, CAN HL-720	
36		UL6743001	1	MYLAR LABEL, USA HL-730	
36		UL7531001	1	MYLAR LABEL, USA HL-730DX	
36		UL6954001	1	MYLAR LABEL, CAN HL-730/730DX	
36		UL7819001	1	MYLAR LABEL, USA HL-730+	
36		UL7821001	1	MYLAR LABEL, USA HL-730DX+	
36		UL7820001	1	MYLAR LABEL, CAN HL-730+/730DX+	
37		UL5738001	1	PAPER SET LABEL, USA/CAN	
38		UH0905001	1	PATENT LABEL, USA/CSA HL-730/730DX	
39		UL6724000	1	MAIN SHIELD	
40		UL7940001	1	GUIDE FILM	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-060

TI NO. 96-P012 / 96-P014 / 96-P015 / 96-P026 / 96-P076 / 97-P016 / 97-P060 / 97-P068 / 97-P076 / PR97040

# 6. MAIN PCB

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1-1	B48K224-410	UK3593001	1	MAIN PCB ASSY W (SP), HL-720	
1-1	B48K224-420	UK3730001	1	MAIN PCB ASSY W (SP), LEGEND HL-720	
1-1	B48K233-410A	UK3594001	1	MAIN PCB ASSY P (SP), HL-730/730DX	
1-1	B48K233-411A	UK3597001	1	MAIN PCB ASSY P (SP), HEB HL-730	
1-1	B48K233-420	UK3703001	1	MAIN PCB ASSY 1M (SP), HL-730+/730DX+	
1-1	B48K233-421A	UK3704001	1	MAIN PCB ASSY 1M (SP) HEB, HL-730+	
1	#1	UK3671001	1	MASK ROM:KM23C4100C HL-730/730+	
1	#1	UK3551001	1	PROM:HL730HEB ASSY, HL-730/730+	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-102/101/104/105/106

TI NO.96-P012 / 96-P024 / 96-P036 / 96-P062 / 97-P015 / 97-P016 / 97-P076 / PR98042

# 7. PANEL / SENSOR PCB

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	B48K225-500C	UK3189001	1	PANEL/SENSOR PCB ASSY (SP)	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-151

T/I No. 96-P036

## 8. LOW-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY UNIT

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	REV.A	UK3190001	1	PS PCB ASSY, 115V (SP)	
1	REV.A	UK3191001	1	PS PCB ASSY, 230V (SP)	
2		UK3061001	1	LV HARNESS ASSY	
3		UK3062001	1	HEATER HARNESS ASSY	
4		J02101051	1	BINDER 2.3X79	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-200/201

TI NO.96-P072

## 9. HIGH-VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY UNIT

REF.NO.	SYMBOL	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1		UK3192001	1	HIGH-VOLTAGE PS PCB ASSY (SP)	
2		UK3059000	1	HV FLAT CABLE 12	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-220

## 10. POWER CORDS

REF.NO.	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1A	UK3135001	1	AC CORD ASSY, USA	
1B	UK3138001	1	AC CORD ASSY, UK	
1C	UK3141001	1	AC CORD ASSY, EUR	
1D	UK3144001	1	AC CORD ASSY, SAA	
1E	UK3147001	1	AC CORD ASSY, SEV	
1F	UK3971001	1	AC CORD ASSY, DEMKO	
1G	UK3151001	1	AC CORD ASSY, HEB	
1H	UK3152001	1	AC CORD ASSY, S.AF	
1I	UK3217001	1	AC CORD ASSY, CHLI	
1J	UK3831001	1	AC CORD ASSY, CHN	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-230

TI NO. 96-P012 / 96-P051 / 97-P044 / PR97146 / PR98037

## 11. PACKING

REF.NO.	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	UE2093001	1	CARTON, EUR HL-720	
1	UE2085001	1	CARTON, EUR HL-730	
1	UE2216001	1	CARTON, LEGEND HL-720	
1	UE2171001	1	CARTON, LEGEND HL-730 (LJ6P)	
1	UE2121001	1	CARTON ASSY, USA/CAN HL-720 (WITH 2, LABEL)	
1	UE2122001	1	CARTON ASSY, USA/CAN HL-730 (WITH 2, LABEL)	
1	UE2123001	1	CARTON ASSY, USA/CAN HL-730DX (WITH 2, LABEL)	
1	UE2151001	1	CARTON, GULF HL-730	
1	UE2186001	1	CARTON, KOR OEM SSANG YONG	
1	UE2204001	1	CARTON, NO BRAND +	
1	UE2200001	1	CARTON, EUR HL-730+	
1	UE2199001	1	CARTON, USA/CAN HL-730+	
1	UE2202001	1	CARTON, USA/CAN HL-730DX+	
1	UE2201001	1	CARTON, GULF HL-730+	
1	UE2203001	1	CARTON, LEGEND HL-730+	
1	UE2205001	1	CARTON, KOR OEM SSANG YONG+	
2	UE2124001	1	CARTON, USA/CAN	
3	UE2086000	1	STYROFORM PAD ASSY	
4	UE2107000	1	CARTON, SF ASSY	
5	UE2126001	1	BAG, 700X800H (BODY)	
6	UE2108001	1	SHEET, 200X300 (BODY)	
7	UH3373001	1	NO RETURN FORM, US	
7	UH3295001	1	RETURN FORM CANADA	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-930

TI NO. 96-P012/96-P014/96-P019/96-P026/96-P030/96-P051/96-P076/97-P016/97-P026/97-P060/97-P076  
/PR97158/PR98031/PR98036

## 12. DOCUMENTS

REF.NO.	CODE	Q'TY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
1	UK3181001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS HL-720	
1	UK3726001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS LEGEND HL-720	
1	UK3155001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS HL-730/730DX	
1	UK3243001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS LEGEND HL-730	
1	UK3566001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS ISR HL-730	
1	UK3571001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS KOR HL-730	
1	UK3636001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS KOR OEM SSANG YONG	
1	UK3672001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS HL-730+/730DX+	
1	UK3688001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 1, WINDOWS ISR HL-730+	
2	UK3183001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS HL-720	
2	UK3728001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS LEGEND HL-720	
2	UK3157001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS HL-730/730DX	
2	UK3245001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS LEGEND HL-730	
2	UK3568001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS ISR HL-730	
2	UK3573001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS KOR HL-730	
2	UK3638001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS KOR OEM SSANG YONG	
2	UK3674001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS HL-730+/730DX+	
2	UK3690001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 2, FONT&DOS ISR HL-730+	
3	UK3159001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 3, PCL5 USA/CAN HL-730/730DX	
4	UK3676001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 3, INTERNET HL-730+/730DX+	
4	UK3714001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 5, NT4.0 CANADA	
5	UK3686001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 4, PCL5E USA/CAN HL-730+/730DX+	
5	UK3732001	1	PR DRIVER DISK ASSY 6, ARABIC	
6-6	UE2188001	1	TRAY EXTENSION BAG ASSY	
6	UL7158001	1	TE TUBE	
7	UL6857001	1	USER'S MANUAL, USA HL-720/730/730DX	
7	UL7510001	1	USER'S MANUAL, FRA HL-720/730	
7	UL6862001	1	USER'S MANUAL, GER HL-720/730	
7	UL7511001	1	USER'S MANUAL, NOR HL-720/730	
7	UL7512001	1	USER'S MANUAL, NLD HL-720/730	
7	UL6951001	1	USER'S MANUAL, ITA HL-720/730	
7	UL7513001	1	USER'S MANUAL, SWE HL-720/730	
7	UL7495001	1	USER'S MANUAL, DEN HL-720/730	
7	UL7055001	1	USER'S MANUAL, KOR HL-720/730	
7	UL7765001	1	USER'S MANUAL, KOR OEM SSANG YONG	
8	UL6858001	1	SET GUIDE, USA HL-720/730/730DX	
8	UL7514001	1	SET GUIDE, FRA HL-720/730	
8	UL6863001	1	SET GUIDE, GER HL-720/730	
8	UL7515001	1	SET GUIDE, NOR HL-720/730	
8	UL7516001	1	SET GUIDE, NLD HL-720/730	
8	UL6952001	1	SET GUIDE, ITA HL-720/730	
8	UL7517001	1	SET GUIDE, SWE HL-720/730	
8	UL7496001	1	SET GUIDE, DEN HL-720/730	
8	UL7056001	1	SET GUIDE, KOR HL-720/730	
8	UL7775001	1	SET GUIDE, KOR OEM SSANG YONG	
9	UL6859001	1	WARRANTY CARD, USA	
9	UH2693001	1	WARRANTY CARD, CAN	
9	UL7484001	1	WARRANTY CARD 2, CAN HL-730DX	
9	UL7581001	1	WARRANTY CARD, FRA2	
9	237703001	1	WARRANTY CARD, DUTCH	
10	UL7426001	1	SC INSERTION SHEET, USA	
11	UL6868001	1	ACCESSORY ORDER F, USA HL-720	
11	UL6860001	1	ACCESSORY ORDER F, USA HL-730/730DX	
11	UL7865001	1	ACCESSORY ORDER F, USA HL-730+	
11	UH3294001	1	ACCESSORY ORDER F, CANADA	
13	UL7538001	1	PCL5E INSERTION, USA/CAN HL-730/730DX	
14	UE2014001	1	BAG, 215X350H	
16	UL6955001	1	DUST COVER	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-920

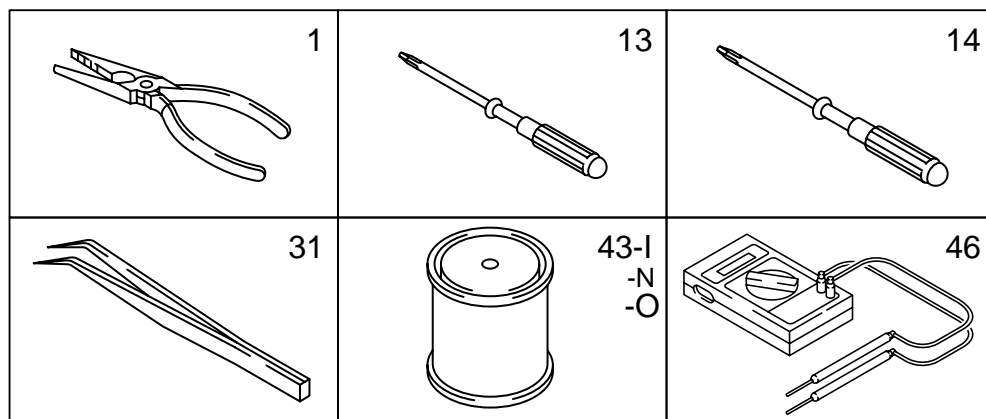


REF.NO.	CODE	QTY	DESCRIPTION	REMARK
17	UL6996001	1	INSERTION DC	
18	UL7916001	1	HL-730+ INSERTION SHEET CHN	

MODEL HL-720/730 84U-501/601-920

TI NO. 96-P014/96-P019/96-P020/96-P030/96-P037/96-P038/96-P040/96-P45/96-P052/96-P058/96-P065  
/96-P076/97-P006/97-P007/97-P016/97-P017/97-P018/97-P050/97-P061/97-P069/97-P070/97-P076  
/97-P077/97-P080/PR97036/PR98035

### 13 . ADJUSTING TOOL KIT



TOOL NO.	TOOL NAME
ZX-1	PLIERS (150MM)
ZX-13	SCREWDRIVER, PHILLIPS (NO-1)
ZX-14	SCREWDRIVER, PHILLIPS (NO-2)
ZX-31	TWEEZERS (150MM)
ZX-43I	LUBRICATING GREASE (FLOIL GE-676)
ZX-43N	LUBRICATING GREASE(MOLYKOTE EM-30L TKC-0)1KG
ZX-43O	LUBRICATING GREASE(MOLYKOTE EM-D110) 1KG
ZX-46	TESTER (MD-200C)